Regular Edition
COMPLETE MARKET REPORTS

Looking Backwards

TOTAL P.-D. WANT ADS IN JANUARY.

1899	19,960
1898	17,192
1897	13,081
1896	12,044
1895	9,386

A Growth Without a Parallel in Any Country!

THE ONLY ST. LOUIS EVENING PAPER WITH THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

SWORN AVERAGE CIRCULATION FOR THE ENTIRE YEAR OF 1898—SUNDAY, 107,200; DAILY, 93,537.

VOL. 50, NO. 169. WEDNESDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—FEBRUARY 1, 1899 PRICE { In St. Louis, One Cent. Outside St. Louis, Two Cents

Regular Edition
COMPLETE MARKET REPORTS

The January Crop

OF P.-D. WANT ADS AMOUNTED TO

19,960.

The Biggest January in the P.-D.'s History!

GUESTS FLED IN SCANT ATTIRE.

Oxford Hotel Ablaze From a Gasoline Explosion.

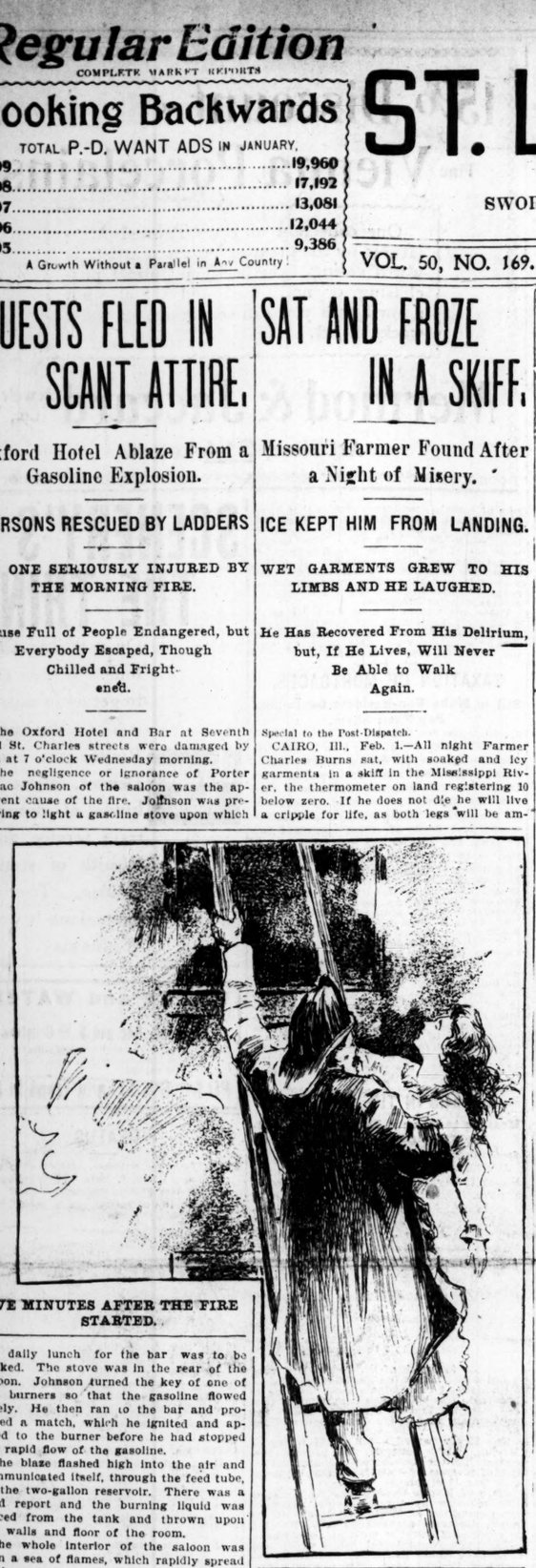
PERSONS RESCUED BY LADDERS

NO ONE SERIOUSLY INJURED BY THE MORNING FIRE.

House Full of People Endangered, but Everybody Escaped, Though Chilled and Frightened.

The Oxford Hotel and Bar at Seventh and St. Charles streets were damaged by fire at 7 o'clock Wednesday morning.

The negligence or ignorance of Porter Isaac Johnson of the saloon was the apparent cause of the fire. Johnson was preparing to light a gasoline stove upon which



FIVE MINUTES AFTER THE FIRE STARTED.

the daily lunch for the bar was to be cooked. The stove was in the rear of the saloon. Johnson turned the key of one of the burners so that the gasoline flowed freely. He then ran to the bar and procured a match, which he ignited and applied to the burner before he had stopped the rapid flow of the gasoline.

The blaze flashed high into the air and communicated itself, through the feed tube, to the two-gallon reservoir. There was a loud report and the burning liquid was forced from the tank and thrown upon the walls and floor of the room.

The whole interior of the saloon was soon a sea of flames, which rapidly spread to the second and third floors of the building, which were used for hotel purposes.

There were 30 guests in the hotel at the time and all were sleeping soundly.

C. H. Hollingsworth, manager of the hotel, was the first person to take any action to arouse the sleepers. He awakened all his porters and ordered them to arouse every sleeper in the house. He then turned in an alarm to the fire department.

By this time the building was filled with blinding smoke. Guests, nearly dead from suffocation and staggering from exhaustion, emerged rapidly from the doorways and were assisted to neighboring restaurants and places of shelter. None were in full attire and many of them carried their clothing on their arms. All were badly frightened.

When the first hook and ladder company arrived, only three persons were in the building. They were in the third story and the smoke and flames in the stairways prevented their escape.

They could be seen at windows making signs of distress. Ladders were placed and firemen went to their rescue. They were assisted to the ladders and descended to the street without aid, although they were weak from fright.

The building was small, but some trouble was experienced in controlling the blaze. An hour after the first stream of water was turned on, the "out" gong was sounded. The damage to the building is estimated at $1500. While Manager Hollingsworth says $1000 will cover the loss on his furniture. All losses are covered by insurance. The building is the property of Charles H. Bailey.

The bar was operated by Shuillery & King, but was owned by the Consumers' Brewing Co. The loss on it is not known.

Among the guests who had narrow escapes from death in the flames were Mr. and Mrs. Charles Leonard, Hilda Thomas, Frank Barry and Lew Wells, all of whom are "doing turns" at the Columbia Theater this week.

Lew Wells is a comedian and never takes anything seriously.

"Why," said he, "I was neither frightened nor excited. When the porter burst through my door and awakened me with an exclamation that the house was on fire, I grabbed him by the collar and kicked him out of my room for disturbing my slumbers. Then I performed my ablutions, carefully dressed myself, combed my hair, put on my overcoat, lighted a cigar and left the building. Yes, my room was full of smoke and everybody around me was screaming and praying, but such little incidents as those never trouble me."

Mrs. Leonard, whose stage name is Fulton, gives a graphic description of her experience:

"I was sleeping soundly when I heard the alarm of fire, given by a porter, who pulled me violently from my bed. I realized the truth almost instantly, and I thought I would faint from fright. I hope I may never be forced to confront such a horible condition again. Men and women in dishabille were rushing wildly past my door. Some were on their knees praying, and making no effort to escape. Everybody seemed mentally deranged. It was literally a panic, and if two or three cool-headed men had not appeared on the scene and forced the excited guests to leave the burning building I am sure many persons would have perished in the flames. I am sure I shall be nervous from my experience for a month, and I shall never forget it."

George Barry and Hilda Thomas sought shelter in a neighboring hotel. They were too prostrated by their experience that they refused to talk to reporters.

SAT AND FROZE IN A SKIFF.

Missouri Farmer Found After a Night of Misery.

ICE KEPT HIM FROM LANDING.

WET GARMENTS GREW TO HIS LIMBS AND HE LAUGHED.

He Has Recovered From His Delirium, but, If He Lives, Will Never Be Able to Walk Again.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CAIRO, Ill., Feb. 1.—All night Farmer Charles Burns sat, with soaked and icy garments in a skiff in the Mississippi River, the thermometer on land registering 10 below zero. If he does not die he will live a cripple for life, as both legs will be amputated in a hospital in this city to-day.

Burns was found in his skiff near the Missouri shore, opposite Cairo, yesterday morning by a farmer. He was unconscious and delirious. A thin film of ice between the position of the boat and the shore prevented his landing, and explained his pitable condition.

The man was covered by a sheet of ice. Every inch of his clothing was frozen solid and his limbs were powerless. He had sat in his skiff in this condition for hours.

Burns, who was brought to this city yesterday, has since recovered sufficiently to be able to tell something of his frightful suffering. He is a farmer residing near the river on the Missouri side. Late Monafternoon he came across the river in his skiff to Cairo to make some purchases.

It was dark when Burns had completed his transaction of business and much colder than when he had crossed the river. A blinding snow storm had set in during his stay in Cairo. He started on his return across the river in the face of the sleet.

He was suffering with cold and nearly exhausted before half the journey had been completed, and on nearing the Missouri bank of the river found that during his absence a sheet of ice had formed close to the shore extending apparently for miles up and down the river, and barring further progress of the skiff.

Burns abandoned his boat and sought to make his way to land over the ice fringe. His had progressed but a few steps when the floe broke, plunging him into the icy river. There was ground under his feet, however, and with his head barely above the water he attempted to force his way to the bank. The ice grew thicker near the shore, but was too light to bear his weight, while it made his progress in his exhausted condition impossible. Providentially his boat had become lodged in the crunching ice, and he managed to reach it and seat himself in it again.

He shouted for help, but only echoes answered. He beat his arms against his breast, and the ice formed on his wet clothing faster than it fell clinking from him. He could not stamp in the skiff. His limbs became powerless. A billion needles punctured his calves and thighs; a raging fever tortured his brain. Then he became delirious.

The farmers found him in the morning still beating his arms and laughing and talking to himself. When they walked across the ice that had become solid all about the boat, he did not know his neighbors. It was necessary to cut away his overalls to release him from his seat in the skiff. He could not stand on his frozen legs. But he was alive and happily talkative—to himself.

Post-Dispatch Thermometer.

7 a. m.	3	12 m.	16
8 a. m.	5	1 p. m.	20
9 a. m.	6	2 p. m.	21
10 a. m.	9	3 p. m.	22
11 a. m.	12		

In Other Cities at 7 a. m.

New York	14	Kansas City	6
Chicago	6	Little Rock	8
Cincinnati	9	New Orleans	30
Cleveland	*2	Pittsburg	2
Denver	24	St. Paul	6
Galveston	42	Vicksburg	32
Indianapolis	2	Washington	6

*Below zero.

HIS CHECK WAS NOT GOOD.

Warrant Issued for T. Francis Stecker.

GAVE A CHURCH AN ORGAN.

PAID FOR IT WITH A WORTHLESS CHECK FOR $3,000.

Member of the Holy Rosary Church Charged With Giving a Check That Was Worthless and He Will Be Arrested.

T. Francis Stecker is being searched for by Detectives Brady and Ziegler. A warrant has been issued charging him with having issued a fraudulent check for $3000.

The check was given in payment for a handsome organ that Stecker ordered built for the Holy Rosary Church, Newstead and Kossuth avenues, of which Rev. Father Daniel J. Lavery is pastor.

The issuance of the warrant will occasion no little surprise in the Holy Rosary Parish, where Fletcher was considered one of the pillars of the church.

Wednesday at noon Rev. Father Lavery, E. A. Pfeffer of the organ building firm of J. C. Pfeffer & Sons, and Detectives Brady and Ziegler applied for a warrant to Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Johnson. The warrant was issued and was placed in the hands of a deputy marshal for service. It charges Stecker with having obtained the organ under false pretenses.

According to the story told Col. Johnson, T. Francis Stecker came to St. Louis about six months ago. He was a man of fine appearance, dressed well, appeared prosperous and established himself in business on Olive street, east of Fourth, as the St. Louis agent of a Chicago lithographing establishment.

When Stecker came to St. Louis he began attending the Holy Rosary Church. He appeared to be of an unusually religious bent and intelligent, and he became on intimate terms with Father Lavery.

It is said that he took a high place in social circles, and married the widow of the late Dr. L. T. Cruetius.

Stecker tok such an interest in church work that when it was suggested that the church needed a new organ he told Father Lavery that he would buy the instrument himself and present it to the church as a memorial. The kind offer was gladly accepted.

Stecker opened negotiations with J. C. Pfeffer & Son for the building of the organ. He represented to the organ builders that he was wealthy and referred them to Fr. Lavery. His appearance was such that no questions were asked and the organ was built and placed in the church.

Last Saturday A. E. Pfeffer made an appointment with Stecker and they met at the Planters' Hotel. Stecker was well pleased with the organ that had been built for his order and he said it was perfectly satisfactory.

He filled out a check on the Third National Bank for $3000. During the conversation Stecker told Pfeffer that he had $30,000 lying idle and he guessed there would be no trouble about cashing it.

When the check was presented for payment the bank officials said that Fletcher not only had no deposit there, but he was unknown to them. Pfeffer saw Father Lavery and told him what had happened. The good priest could hardly credit the report, but when irrefutable evidence was laid before him he could doubt no longer.

The police were appealed to, and the transaction thoroughly canvassed. When Chief Desmond was convinced that the action was of a criminal nature he ordered his men to arrest Fletcher. Brady and Ziegler watched Fletcher's house at 3127 Newstead avenue all Tuesday night, but he did not come home.

Father Lavery was much distressed, and did not like to talk about the matter.

"He was a member of my church, but I had no knowledge of him prior to his coming here, six months ago," said the priest. "We take people into our church without requiring them to furnish references. I was completely taken in by this man. I know nothing of his social life."

COL. WETMORE MAY PURCHASE

Wall Street Says He Will Secure the Liggett & Myers' Stock.

A Wall street news agency sent a tip to Francis Bro. & Co. Wednesday that President Moses C. Wetmore of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. propose to buy out the rest of the stockholders in the concern.

Col. Wetmore makes a dozen trips to New York annually, and he departed Sunday night without announcing his mission to his associates, except to say that he had business to attend to.

Joseph, a well known New York stock forecaster, wires Broker Wm. A. Rooke and Max Judd that notwithstanding reports to the contrary he knows that the Liggett & Myers plant will soon pass into absolute control of the American Tobacco Co. He advises the purchasers of Tobacco stock in consequence.

MET DEATH BY GUILLOTINE.

Murderer Peugnez the Last to Die on the Famous Place de la Roquette.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—Albert Peugnez, a youth who murdered a woman and boy, was guillotined here to-day. The fact is notable as being the last execution which is to take place on the Place de la Roquette, the famous execution place of Paris. An immense crowd of people witnessed the beheading of the murderer and there was much ribald rowdyism during the night.

As Peugnez's head was being adjusted into the guillotine he shouted: "I will never confess. I will never con—," here the knife fell and the sentence was never completed.

THE WEATHER FORECAST.

SNOW; MUCH COLDER.

For St. Louis and vicinity—Snow flurries Wednesday night; Thursday generally fair and much colder.

For Missouri—Snow flurries Wednesday night, with colder extreme west portion; Thursday, generally fair and colder.

For Illinois—Snow flurries Wednesday night; Thursday, partly cloudy and continued cold, with colder extreme north portion.

Sun and Moon.

Sun rises at 7:06. Sun sets at 5:22. Moon rises at 11:31 a. m.

GROUND HOG SHADOW.

FRISKY ANIMAL WILL SEE HIS REFLECTION THURSDAY.

SIX WEEKS MORE OF WINTER.

Another Cold Wave Coming and the Mercury Will Crawl Down Below the Zero Mark.

The ground hog will see his shadow Thursday. That means there will be six more weeks of winter. At least Dr. Hyatt says Thursday will be fair and his predictions have been pretty accurate of late.

When the little animal who will fix the character of the weather for the next six weeks comes out to get a glimpse of his shadow he would better wear earmuffs, for the weather man says it is going to be colder than a frapped conscience Thursday.

The fourth cold wave of the current series will be pulled off within the next 24 hours.

"IT'S AN ILL WIND, ETC."

It is on its way and coming fast. It is due here Wednesday night or Thursday morning, probably the latter.

"The temperature will fall steadily all day," said Dr. Hyatt. "To-night there will probably be snow flurries and along toward morning the mercury will begin to crawl into winter quarters at the bottom of the tube.

"Yesterday's indications that it would

PIPES FROZEN AND HE IS DUE AT THE OFFICE.

be warmer to-day have been carried out. It was 5 degrees above zero at 7 o'clock this morning. Before to-morrow night it may be 5 or even 5 degrees below zero."

A glance at the weather map showed some anomalies Wednesday morning.

One of these was that it was growing warmer in the North and colder in the South. At St. Paul, where it was 26 below on Monday, Wednesday's temperature was 5 above, a rise of 31 degrees in 48 hours.

At Mobile, on the other hand, a remarkable drop was recorded. Tuesday the thermometer registered 64 above. Wednesday it was 34 above a drop of 30 degrees in 24 hours.

The coldest point in the United States Wednesday morning was Bismarck, S. D., with a temperature of 24 below, and the warmest, Tampa, at 62 above.

The weather in St. Louis Wednesday morning was delightful. The air was crisp and bracing and the sun shone brightly.

A GREAT MID-WEEK RECORD FOR THE POST-DISPATCH

IN COLUMNS OF PAID LOCAL (LESS CHEAP LEGAL) ADVERTISING.

22 Consecutive Thursdays
Ending January 26th, 1899.

Post-Dispatch 1100 Cols.
In the TWO OTHER Evening Papers Combined 952 Col's.
POST-DISPATCH EXCESS 148 Cols.
The POST-DISPATCH Leads the Two Other Evening Papers Combined 15 %

22 Consecutive Tuesdays
Ending January 31st, 1899.

Post-Dispatch 476 Cols.
In the TWO OTHER Evening Papers COMBINED 464 Cols.
POST-DISPATCH EXCESS 12 Cols.
The POST-DISPATCH Leads the Two Other Evening Papers Combined 2½ %

What Further Proof Would You Now Have Of the P.-D.'s Just Claim That It Is the BEST SHOPPERS' GUIDE? (And Will Remain the Same.)

"WHEN YOU SEE IT IN THE P.-D. IT'S A BARGAIN."

ONE DEAD AND ONE INJURED.

Shooting Affray on the Levee Wednesday Morning and Conflicting Stories Thereon.

James Taylor, colored, a teamster employed by the Metropolitan Improvement Co., is dead, and another negro, Alphonse Berger, is painfully injured, as the result of a protracted quarrel at Levee and Pine streets Wednesday morning.

Accounts of the tragedy are conflicting.

Whether Taylor fell from his wagon and broke his neck while firing at his antagonist or was shot to death has not been determined. There were no traces of bullet holes on his body when he was picked up, but there was an ugly gash below his nose. It was not that of a pistol ball, and is believed to have been sustained in the fall.

The revolver found on Berger after his arrest was still loaded and no other weapon was seen in his possession. Berger is a driver for Chris Schawacker. Both were hauling snow to the barge at the foot of Olive street, where it was dumped into the river.

Berger, it appears, objected to Taylor driving in front of him and blocking his passage. A fight started at 8 o'clock in the morning.

Taylor showed his pistol, it is said, and threatened to shoot Berger if he persisted in bothering him. Thereupon Berger got his "gang" and Taylor was also reinforced. A pitched battle ensued and Jim Taylor was chased onto the barge near Pine street. The watchman ordered him out.

About 10 o'clock the quarrel was renewed. This time Berger, it seemed was the aggressor.

"I don't want to have any more trouble with you," Taylor was heard to say. After a while the men met again.

Taylor was on his wagon, within fifty feet of the barge. A short distance away was Berger and his two brothers, Henry and Bernard. There were a score of other men around.

They say Berger asked Taylor if he still had his "gun" with him. The latter replied that he had and would use it if necessary.

Berger then drew a thirty-two caliber pistol from his pocket, and as he did Taylor fired twice. The first bullet went wide and the second struck Berger in the arm. It was noticed that the latter snapped his pistol and a moment later Taylor toppled from the wagon and fell dead on the ground.

CRIPPLE CREEK GOES CRAZY.

Sales on Colorado Springs Mining Exchange Have Snowed Under the Clearing House.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Feb. 1.—No call was held on the Colorado Springs Mining Exchange to-day, business being suspended for a day to allow the Clearing House to catch up with its work. Notwithstanding the splendid organization of the Clearing House, the employment of all the extra men obtainable for this kind of work, and all night work, the enormous sales on the Exchange have thrown the Clearing House two days behind.

The volume of business now being transacted here is unprecedented. Excitement runs high, and the present year gives promise of being the most notable in the history of the Cripple Creek gold camp.

The sales each day this week have amounted to about 2,000,000 shares.

Late advices from the Isabella property fully confirm all of the reports sent out concerning the marvelous richness of the ore.

WILLIAMS ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Man Who Eloped From Tennessee With His Sister-in-Law Wants to Die.

Dempsey F. Williams, who eloped to St. Louis with his sister-in-law, Mary E. Morris, from Tennessee, attempted suicide by eating the phosphorous of a number of matches in a Four Courts holdover cell Wednesday morning.

As soon as his condition was discovered he was hurriedly conveyed to the City Dispensary, where Dr. Marc R. Hughes administered remedies.

Williams was taken into custody while in a drug store at Fourteenth street and Clark avenue, Tuesday morning, by Detectives Howard, Lally and Harrington.

With Williams, who was superintendent of an electric plant at Morristown, Tenn., was Mary Morris, his wife's sister and she too was taken to the Four Courts.

OFFICE HOLDERS IN THE LIQUOR BUSINESS.

Mr. Rosenthal Tells How the Missouri Valley Company Happened to Include Big Politicians.

HUGH BRADY LET IN BECAUSE "HE WAS A GOOD FELLOW."

Louis C. Nelson Told Rosenthal That he Would "See the Business Was Run Right"—Excise Commissioner's Income $25,000 a Year.

Excise Commissioner Charles P. Higgins, protege of Louis C. Nelson, the brother-in-law of Governor Stephens, was placed on the Major Committee rack by proxy Wednesday morning. Attorney McDonald and the Senators began their assault on the office as soon as the committee convened, and kept it up throughout the morning session.

The Valley Liquor Co. was dragged from its sub-political lair and made to speak in public of some of its inner workings. Adolph Rosenthal, official incorporator of the company, entangled himself in the tentacles of the beast and fell back behind a poor memory for protection against Mr. McDonald's searching questions.

The boiler inspector's office was not further lighted up by the Major calcium. Accountant Kaths having failed to complete his examination of "Damn-the-State-of-Missouri" Price's books. As stated in the noon edition of the Post-Dispatch, Mr. Kaths did discern that great liberties had been taken with the office records in favor of applicants for licenses whom Price desired to be successful.

With the information gleaned from the Excise Commissioner's books, furnished Tuesday, and the books in front of him to guide the why, Mr. McDonald led George L. Moppes, Higgins' chief deputy, into a detailed explanation of the business of the Excise Commissioner's office.

The testimony was startling to some of the Senators who have been supporting families for years on the revenue of a country lawyer's office or the profits of a small town general store.

Taking the year 1898 for a sample, Moppes testified that the income of the office was approximately $30,885. The expenses were approximately $4735, leaving Mr. Higgins the princely income of $25,150 for existence during a twelvemonth.

The banking records of the office, deposit book, check stubs and canceled checks asked for Tuesday, were not sent through Moppes, consequently the interesting fact as to what becomes of the Excise Commissioner's annual thousands was not inquired into.

But Mappes did testify that the transfer of saloon licenses is permitted, and sanctioned by the Excise Commissioner, contrary to his—Mappes'—construction of the liquor laws; also that brewers go verbal bond for the payment o fthe licenses of dilatory saloon keepers, "particularly at this season of the year."

If a saloon keeper, creature of a brewery or otherwise, cannot pay his saloon license on time the brewery from which he buys beer can have leniency shown him by the Excise Commissioner until "times get better" and more money goes in over the bar.

A juicy persimmon which ripens to the extent of about $6000 annually in the Excise Commissioner's office and falls into the waiting mouth of the incumbent, is the item of notarial fees.

One of Higgins' employes is a notary public. Every time a license is issued or a transfer of one permitted, the saloon-keeper must make affidavit to something. He does it before the notary employe of Higgins, and Higgins gets the fee. The salary of the employe is $1200 a year.

Witness Rosenthal—shrewd, quick-witted, but short on memory—testified that the Valley Liquor Co. was incorporated in January by himself, with several "straw men," his employes, to fill out the number of stockholders required by law, and that the company did not begin active business operations until the following June, after Brady and Higgins had secured their appointments, and Brady, Nelson, et al., had bought stock in the concern.

W. E. Marshall, proprietor of the saloon at 1201 Chestnut street, made the first apparent connection between the Valley Liquor Co. and the Excise Commissioner's office.

He testified that John Dennerlein, stock breeder and salesman of the Valley Liquor Co., in trying to sell him whiskey, said: "If you have trouble procuring your license, we will help you."

The committee convened at 10:30 a. m., and at 1 o'clock adjourned until 3.

INVESTIGATING MR. HIGGINS.

Usual Morning Conference Held in the Mayor's Office.

The daily conference in the Mayor's office was of the usual duration. There were present, besides the Mayor, City Register

BOILER INSPECTOR PRICE.

Besch (under grand jury indictment for padding payrolls), John Owen, District Street Superintendent; Boiler Inspector Price (the man of "Damn-the-State-of-Missouri fame), Sprinkling Superintendent Reichman (also under indictment on a charge of padding payrolls), and Chief Deputy Blair of Supply Commissioner Richards' office. Senator Matthews arrived at the conference late.

Price walked into the Major Committee chamber after the conference ended and spoke pleasantly to Sergeant-at-Arms Rixey. Price was told that he would not be heard by the committee until the testimony of Accountant Kaths had been heard relative to Price's books.

Chief Clerk Nappes of Excise Commissioner Higgins' office was the first witness present; he was armed with a book.

Some of the other witnesses subpenaed to testify in the Excise Commissioner's case were Adolph Rosenthal of the Valley Liquor Co., J. H. Conrad, grocer; Ell Marshall, proprietor of the saloon at Fifteenth and Chestnut streets, under the notorious Hotel Victor.

R. K. Barkley, a Laclede avenue grocer, was the first witness heard. He was subpenaed to testify in that phase of the Excise Commissioner investigation which deals with grocers violating the excise law by selling liquor in quantities greater or smaller than their merchants' liquor license permits.

Witness said he had not sold liquor during the past two years because the trade did not pay. He knew of no grocer who was violating the State law under which they all sell liquors.

STARTING A WHISKY COMPANY.

Witness Rosenthal Greatly Confused in His Testimony.

Adolph Rosenthal of the L. B. Rosenthal Millinery Co. testified that he was the originator of the Valley Liquor Co. The company was organized about a year ago. Prior to this time he had no knowledge of the whisky business.

Rosenthal said he first discussed the prospect of going into the liquor business with the boys in the store.

Attorney McDonald mentioned the names

Aided by the Post-Dispatch

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—Senator Walker of the Major Committee passed yesterday here looking after his bills and returned last evening to St. Louis. He is delighted with the progress made by the Major Committee. He declined to discuss the evidence brought before the committee, but said the Post-Dispatch had shown great enterprise in exposing and gathering evidence against the Boiler Inspector's office.

of the Rosenthal employes which appeared in the original articles of incorporation and asked if they were the men. Rosenthal said there were.

Q. Were they men of means? A. No, sir.

Q. Just straw men? A. They were for the purpose of incorporating the company. I put up the money.

Q. Was the $10,000 capital mentioned in the articles of incorporation paid up when the papers were filed? A. I think so.

Q. Who had the money? A. I don't know.

Q. Had you spoken to Brady, Pattison or Nelson about the company prior to the time of incorporation? A. I don't know. I think I spoke to Pattison.

Q. Don't you know that the company was incorporated in January, 1897, and that Pattison was not spoken to until June, or is that true? A. I don't know unless I look it up.

Q. After you formulated the plan for the Valley Liquor Co., to whom did you speak about it? A. I think I spoke to Brady.

Q. Then your employes were simply straw men? A. Well, yes.

Q. How long did their names remain on the books after the incorporation? A. Several months.

Q. Did you mention the company to Brady before the company was incorporated? A. I think so—I'm not sure. I knew I could raise the $10,000 at any time and I don't know whether I spoke to him about it or not.

Q. Did you speak to Nelson about it before the incorporation? A. I don't think so.

Q. Did you intend to manage the business yourself? A. No.

Q. Then you had not spoken to Brady, Nelson or Pattison prior to organizing the company, and you did not intend to manage it yourself? A. (After a long pause) Well, I spoke to other friends about it.

Q. Whom did you intend to associate with yourself in the management of the business? A. Well, some Louisville man.

Q. What was his name? A. (Witness paused, scratched his head and said he was just trying to think).

Q. Take a moment's time and recollect the man's name. A. (Witness took a full minute, during which he screwed his face up into lines of perplexity, and then said): I know his name just as well as my own, but I can't think of it.

(Witness thought some more, without avail, and Attorney McDonald proceeded.)

Q. The man in Louisville was the only man you had talked to about the liquor business? A. Well, no. I had spoken to Mr. Nelson.

Q. Did he agree to put money in the company? A. I induced him to take stock.

Q. By what representations? A. I told him I thought the whisky business was all right and we could make money at it.

Q. You had no particular reason for going to him at that particular time? A. No.

Q. You knew nothing about the business? A. I had a brother in the business in Scranton, Pa.

Q. How did you come to go to Mr. Nelson? A. We were intimate friends. We had been associated in other business enterprises.

Q. How did he receive your proposition? A. He wasn't much struck with it.

Q. Did he tell you how to run the business to make it successful? A. He said he would see that it was all right.

Q. He said he would see that it was run right? A. No, no, I didn't say that. I said he said I would see that it was run right, me, Mr. Adolph Rosenthal.

Mr. McDonald: Mr. Stenographer, read that answer.

Stenographer Labourin (reading): "He said he would see that I would run the business right."

Mr. Rosenthal: No, no, I didn't say that.

Mr. McDonald (to the stenographer): Let his answer stand as you read it.

Mr. Rosenthal: I didn't say that. If I said that, I didn't mean it.

Q. Did you know Mr. Nelson had relations which would make him a valuable man in the liquor business? A. No.

Q. Did you know who was the Excise Commissioner? A. I might have read it in the newspapers. I didn't know him.

Q. Did you ever work for the appointment of Higgins? A. No. Maybe I signed a petition for him.

Q. Didn't you write a letter to the Governor in his behalf? A. I don't think so. I don't remember. I can't state positively.

Q. Do you sell liquor? A. I have only sold one or two boxes.

Q. On commission? A. I didn't receive any commission. Maybe I was credited on the books.

Q. How much did Nelson say he would put in? A. Five thousand dollars.

Q. Has he done so? A. I think he has.

Q. How much was Brady to put in? I think it was $1000.

Q. How much did you take? A. Two thousand dollars at first.

Q. Who took the other $2000? A. Pattison.

Q. Where was it from the date of the incorporation in January to June, when Mr. Pattison became connected with the company? A. I guess it wasn't issued.

Q. How came you to go to Brady? A. He wanted to get out of the feed business. He wasn't making a living at it.

Q. Did he intend to engage in the business personally? A. Yes, as soon as he sold out the feed business.

Q. Has he ever been employed by the company? A. He is selling goods right along.

Q. He is active? A. Yes, he sells the goods.

Q. On commission? A. Yes.

Q. He has always gone out actively as a salesman? A. I always presumed he did.

Q. When did he become a salesman? A. Right away when it was organized.

Q. He has been selling ever since and does today? A. Yes.

Q. As a drummer? A. Yes.

Q. He gets a commission on the cases he sells? A. Yes, and on the barrels, too.

Q. What commission does he get? A. I don't know exactly. The company pays 7½ to 12 per cent.

Q. What other reason did you have for going to Mr. Brady? A. I thought he was a good business man.

Q. I thought you said he had not been successful in business? A. He tried to make a success of it. He didn't fail. He wound up the business.

Q. What other reason? A. He was acquainted with the saloonkeepers.

Q. Does he drink? A. I have seen him drink.

Q. Isn't it a fact that Mr. Brady does not drink? A. He takes seltzer.

Q. Do you think a man who drinks seltzer would have as much influence with saloonkeepers as to be useful to a liquor company? A. Saloonkeepers don't care what you buy. He had been in politics for years and was well acquainted with the saloonkeepers.

Q. It was politics, then, and not seltzer which made him valuable to the company? A. I did not say that.

Q. Was there any other reason? A. He was a good fellow. He was all right.

Q. In what way? A. Any way. He was a pretty nice fellow. I wanted to help him along. He was a good fellow.

Q. Are you a politician? A. I am a Republican.

Q. But you are associated in business with Democrats? A. I can't help that. Maybe I believe Democrats are better for the liquor business—better drinkers.

Q. Have you been disappointed? A. I don't know. I haven't seen any dividends.

Q. How much has the business yielded you? A. I never drew $1 from it.

Q. How much have you in it? A. I think about $4000 now.

Q. And you never had any return from this investment? A. Nothing to speak of.

Q. What do you mean by that? A. I may have drawn a little something like $100. The books will show the exact amount.

Q. Did Mr. Nelson say anything to you about being instrumental in getting the Excise Commissioner appointed? A. Nothing.

Q. You are quite sure Mr. Nelson never spoke to you on this bill—about the Excise Commissioner's office? A. He never said a word.

Q. Did Mr. Brady? A. Nor Mr. Brady, either.

Q. Did you ever consult Messrs. Nelson and Brady? A. About the business, yes; and then we only talked business. I never got anything from the Excise Commissioner's office; was only there once; never asked a favor for myself or anybody else.

Q. Did you ever hear of favors being extended to saloon men? A. I never talk to saloon men about anything. I buy my drink and go out.

Q. How did you convince Mr. Nelson that the liquor business could be made profitable? A. I don't remember just what argument I did make.

Q. Who was to be your business manager? A. I first thought of a man in Louisville, then of Brady, then Pattison.

Q. Who was to be the business manager when you formed your company and had it incorporated? A. I didn't think much about it until after we had a charter.

Q. Did you have anybody in mind then? A. I may have thought of the man in Louisville. That deal was on some time after the company was incorporated.

Q. Did you talk to Messrs. Nelson and Brady about him? A. No.

Q. When was your last communication with the Louisville man? A. It was along in February, March and April of that year.

Q. And you never spoke to your partners about him? A. I didn't say anything to anybody.

Q. These men put in more money than you, yet there was never anything settled, prior to starting up, as to who was to be the business manager to make the venture successful? A. I didn't speak to anybody.

Q. Such is their trust and confidence in you? A. I may have spoken to Mr. Nelson.

Q. Might not you have spoken to Brady, also? A. No. Brady didn't ask who was to be manager.

Q. Not when he went into the company? A. Then Pattison was manager.

Q. Then you managed to persuade Nelson and Brady to take stock in the company without telling them who was to be manager? A. I didn't have to persuade Brady. He was anxious to go in.

Q. Who was to be the manager when it started? Pattison wasn't appointed then? A. Well, I was going to start it right.

Q. Had you any experience? A. I have always made a success of business and I was going to try some common sense in this.

In answer to questions put by members of the committee Mr. Rosenthal stated there are no straw men in the company now to his knowledge; that the Valley Liquor Co. had paid dividends; the capital stock was increased from $10,000 to $20,000 to save what was already in.

He also reiterated his statement that Brady was taken into the company because he was a good fellow, had a wide acquaintance among saloon men and was his friend. He could not remember whether Brady paid cash or paper for his stock, and his memory was equally defective relative to how Nelson paid for his stock.

MR. HIGGINS' LARGE INCOME.

Chief Clerk Mappes Testified That It Amounts to $25,000 a Year.

George L. Mappes, Chief Deputy in Excise Commissioner Higgins' office, followed Mr. Rosenthal on the stand. Mr. Mappes told of the income and expenses of the office and the regulations prescribed by law for the transaction of its business. He testified that he had held his position since May, 1897.

Q. If I open a saloon on the 1st of January, and at the end of three months sell the saloon to John Jones, what record is made in your office about my license? A. Unused revenue.

Q. Can Jones use my old license? A. Yes, providing he presents a petition with the usual number of signatures to our office.

Q. Is it not the invariable custom for the new proprietor to present the same petition used by his predecessor, that is, the same class of people sign both petitions? A. Yes, sir.

Q. When a saloonkeeper sells out is it the practice for him to leave his license on the wall and for the Excise Commissioner to permit the purchaser to continue the business under the license? A. Not if it has changed hands.

Q. What means have you for ascertaining such changes? A. The police report them.

In answer to questions of Mr. McDonald the witness testified as follows:

The employes of the office, besides myself, are R. P. Thompson, the clerk, and William M. Tompkins, the notary. I receive $1500. They receive $1200 each. The notarial fees go to the account of the Commissioner, the same as other receipts. The fee for acknowledging petitions is $2 each. The petitions are renewed every June or July. The bond must be renewed in January. The notary's fee for this is $1. The Commissioner's fee is $6 a year on city licenses, $6 on State licenses and the $3 notarial fees. That makes his fees $15 a year for each saloonkeeper. The number of licenses issued last year was 2020, which brought in $30,300. The number of exclusive State licenses was about 65, the income from which was $585, or a total of $30,885. The expenses of the office are $300 for rent, $3900 for salaries, $25 a year for making cases of violations by buying goods; extra help, $200; heat, light, water, janitor, etc., $250; police, making cases by buying drinks, $90; a total of $4,735.

The net income of the Commissioner is about $26,150.

Q. When the police report a change of ownership of a saloon, what do you do? A. Notify the new owner to come in, file a petition and take out a license.

Q. The purchaser cannot continue under the old license? A. Well, if it is to be in the same building we issue a permit for him to use the old license.

Q. Have you any right under the law to do this? A. I believe the law says that a license cannot be transferred, but I suppose the Legislature before taking the office went to the Prosecuting Attorney and other officials and made arrangements to give these permits.

Q. How many permits are issued in a year? A. Seventy-five or 80; it amounts to about $150.

Q. Is the practice concerning the notary fees in the Excise Commissioner's office now the same as it was under Mr. Bell? A. I don't know.

Q. There is one employe who is a notary and takes acknowledgments, isn't there? A. Yes.

Q. And this 50-cent fee he bets is given to the Excise Commissioner, is it not? A. Yes.

Chairman Major: Q. How much does the State receive from a license for six months? A. The State $50 and the city $250.

Q. If a license is taken out after the year begins is the cost less than for a whole year? A. Fifty dollars a month, a short license.

Q. Now, if I understand you, the office gives a certificate to the applicant who is reported on favorably; he takes it to the revenue collector, pays his license, gets a receipt, takes it back to your office, where it is recorded, gets his license and your police records will show when the saloon opens and when it closes? Now, is that right? A. Yes, sir.

Senator Childers: Q. Has it been the practice to delay the collection of license money? A. No, sir.

Q. Are saloons opened where the fees are merely guaranteed by good, responsible parties? A. Yes, in a few instances.

Mr. McDonald: Q. Who collects the fees? A. Deputies.

Q. Who is cashier? A. I handle the money and make the deposits.

Q. Where? A. At the Merchants-Laclede bank. They are made every day.

Senator Hohenschild: Q. Out of the 2000 saloon keepers in the city, how many of them are guaranteed by breweries? A. I don't know.

Q. Can you estimate it? A. I should say somewhere between 100 and 125. It only happens at this season, when the saloon men are behind.

Mr. McDonald: Q. Was this a practice under Mr. Bell? A. It was.

Senator Hohenschild: Q. How many breweries own saloons? A. I don't know.

Q. Do breweries ever get licenses for saloons? A. Most all of them get them for different saloons.

Q. About what per cent? A. I should guess at 60 per cent. The breweries pay the licenses of their customers, but in the customer's names.

Senator Burkhead: This $26,000 you spoke of, in whose name is it deposited? A. Mr. Higgins'.

Q. Does he get it all? A. I think so.

Q. Did you ever hear of hundreds of loose selling liquors without a license? A. Yes, but we can't issue them one. It is against the law.

Mr. McDonald: Q. How long has Mr. Higgins been depositing with the Merchants-Laclede Bank? A. Since the St. Louis National was absorbed by the Bank of Commerce.

Q. Was L. C. Nelson in any way connected with the St. Louis National? A. I don't know.

Senator Burkhead: Q. Do you know a saloon keeper at Taylor and Delmar avenues, John Cella? A. Yes.

Q. Was there not some complaint against him? A. Yes. He was turned down two or three times because he could not get a majority of the property owners on the block to sign his petition, but he finally succeeded.

ONLY PAID ONE LICENSE.

Grocer Conrad Not Asked to Pay for One of His Stores.

John F. Conrad, groceryman, with stores at 618 Locust street and 2714 Franklin avenue, testified as follows:

I sell wines at my Locust street and Franklin avenue stores. I always paid just a State license until Higgins took charge. He notified me that I would have to pay city and State licenses. I paid the city license for the Franklin avenue store in February, 1898. When the time came to pay the license for the Locust street store my son went to the Excise Commissioner's office. They issued a State license to him and said nothing about the city license. We construed that to mean that we did not have to take out the city license. I have never paid a city license for the Locust street store. I paid a city license for the Franklin avenue store for only six months. I sell wine and beer in bottles at both places.

INFLUENCE WENT WITH IT.

Saloonkeeper Marshall Procured a License by Official Help.

W. E. Marshall, saloonkeeper, 1524 Chestnut street, testified:

I have conducted the saloon a year. Before that I was a barkeeper a year. My first application for a license was turned down. Before I took charge grafters had been permitted to operate in the saloon—that is, "con" and dice men. I buy beer from the Home Brewery. I went to see Mr. Steuver and Capt. O'Malley and explained that I wasn't to blame. I bought whisky from the Valley Liquor Co. The salesman was Demerlein. He told me if I had any trouble about my license to let them know and they would help me. I understood by that that they would use their influence for me. Shortly after I made another application and the license was issued to me.

QUEER THINGS IN THE BOOKS.

Discoveries in the Records of the Boiler Inspector's Office.

The records in the office of "Damn-the-State-of-Missouri" Price are not what they should be.

The examination being made by F. W. Kaths, the Major Committee's accountant, has unearthed evidence corroborative of H. C. Tulley's testimony, given last week.

There are records of licenses issued marked "renewal" and no original license in the office, as required to make a legal "renewal" possible.

Another discovery is that indorsements on the backs of many applications have apparently been changed. Every application is required to be filed for reference, when the applicant passes the examination and receives a license or not. The board indorses its action in the back of the application.

The apparent changes in indorsements indicate that several which originally read "not passed" were changed later to read "passed," and licenses issued.

Tulley testified that Price and Philper had given men licenses who had been rejected by the board when he was present.

PROBATE CLERKS UNPAID.

Their Lack of Compensation a Disgrace to the City.

The deputies and assistants in the Probate Clerk's office were the only persons at the Courthouse who had no pay-day this month.

The City Council still refuses to make an appropriation for their compensation, and some of them are thinking seriously of resigning their positions. They say the prospect of an appropriation bill being passed soon for their relief is discouraging and that they cannot afford to work for nothing.

SIX BUSINESS HOUSES BURN.

Fire Wipes Out a Whole Block at Marion.

MANY PERSONS INJURED.

WOMEN AND CHILDREN RESCUED FROM UPPER STORIES.

The Little Illinois City Has No Fire Department and the Flames Were Fought by Bucket Brigades of Citizens.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MARION, Ill., Feb. 1.—The most disastrous fire ever seen in this place occurred between 1 and 4 o'clock this morning. The entire block of recently built brick business buildings fronting on the Courthouse square and South Market street, was consumed in less than two hours. The city has no fire department and fires are usually subdued by volunteers armed only with buckets and ladders.

Owing to the deep snow and the intense cold the bucket brigade could not make much headway fighting the fire and the flames were only checked after burning the entire block.

While there are no fatal accidents, many people were hurt, and several women and children were rescued from the upper stories with ropes and ladders. They were protected from the cold with only their night clothes, and were compelled to run in the deep snow barefoot to a place of safety, while the mercury was 5 degrees below zero.

The origin of the fire is unknown, though there are many loud surmises, and much strong talk about it among good, responsible men. The flames were first discovered breaking from under the stairway of the Cosey & Westbrook Building. Under the stairway the retail supply of coal oil for two stores was kept. The six large business buildings burned owned by G. W. Young, E. T. Gallagher, Westbrook & Son, Dr. T. B. Casey, Aikman & Gallagher and H. M. Parks, and were worth $30,000. They were only partially insured. A large amount of merchandise, household goods yesterday; the office furniture was from the fire, though in a badly damaged condition.

Following are most of the losses and insurance: G. W. Young, loss $2000, insurance $1400; Odd Fellows, loss $1800, insurance $1300; Gallagher & Co., loss $7000, insurance $4500; Westbrook & Son, loss $20,000, insurance $1500; A. G. Shepard, loss $2000, insurance $1500; Parks & Co., loss $8000, insurance $6000; B. Casey, loss $2500, insurance $3100; Emma Stocks, loss $3000, insurance $2000; Egyptian Press, loss $1500, insurance $1000; E. T. Gallagher, loss $4000, insurance $2000.

Following are the heavy losses without any insurance: Dr. J. L. McIntosh, Masonic Lodge, K. of P. Lodge and C. A. Gent. This same block was consumed by fire on May 30, 1875, at which time the Egyptian Press had its first burn out.

CLEW IN POISON MYSTERY.

New York Police Watching Movements of a Member of the Athletic Club.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—It is believed that the police have a fair clew in the Adams-Barnet poisoning mystery. To-day detectives are watching the movements of one member of the New York Athletic Club and an employe of the same club.

From Hartford, Conn. comes a clew which may show that the detectives have been following a blind lead for many days. George G. Churchill, a second-hand dealer of Hartford, says shortly before Christmas he sold such a silver bottle holder as was sent to Harry S. Cornish with poison.

Churchill's clerks and the purchaser of the holder were members of the Knickerbocker Athletic Club. Although the latter was once the home of Mrs. Kate J. Adams and of Harry Cornish as well, the discovery of the sale of a holder in Newark, N. J., evidently diverted attention from Hartford, for Coroner McGrath says he had heard nothing of this sale, adding that he considered the information most important.

Coroner Hart expects to hold the inquest in the Adams case on Feb. 9. The District Attorney's office will be represented by Assistant District Attorney McIntyre. It is probable that Roland B. Molineaux, Mrs. Molineaux, Harry S. Cornish, Felix de Gaslagher, Alvin A. Harpster, Nicholas J. Heckman and Morris E. Koch will be called as witnesses.

VICTIMS OF THE BLIZZARD.

Patients at the Hospital Suffering From Frostbite.

There are several cold weather victims in the City Hospital.

Among those suffering from frost bites received Tuesday was Thomas Doherty, a laborer, living at 1410 Blair avenue. He was picked up unconscious in the alley in the rear of 1017 Franklin avenue. His hands and feet were frozen stiff. He was revived with difficulty.

Erwin Wallace, aged 17 years, tackled Dr. Hyatt's cold wave without gloves or ear muffs and had cause to repent his rash action. His hands and ears were frostbitten. Soothing lotions were administered by Dr. Scharff at the City Hospital.

Abe Harver is suffering severe pain as a result of venturing forth in our full-fledged blizzard without sufficient wearing apparel. "I work as a section hand on the Burlington Railroad in North St. Louis," he said, "and went out yesterday morning without my fur coat and overshoes. Why I did so I don't know. But I suppose it was because I didn't size up the weather right from my window.

"I couldn't borrow any gloves, and when night came I was well nigh an iceburg."

Sam Wilson of 21 South Sixteenth street also endured similar hardships, and applied at the hospital for relief.

THE TRAINS WERE DELAYED.

Cold Weather Delayed Travelers Who Came to St. Louis.

Trains arriving at Union Station Wednesday morning were from 10 minutes to two hours and 30 minutes late. The chart showing the trains behind time as finally corrected, read as follows:

	Due.	Arrived.
Chicago & Alton	8:05 a.m.	10:35 a.m.
Big Four	7:30 a.m.	8:15 a.m.
Illinois Central	7:15 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
Air Line	7:05 a.m.	8:05 a.m.
Mobile & Ohio	8:40 a.m.	10:40 a.m.
Baltimore & Ohio	7:35 a.m.	8:10 a.m.
Wabash	7:15 a.m.	7:35 a.m.
Missouri Pacific	8:15 a.m.	8:25 a.m.
St. Louis Iron Mountain & Southern	7:25 a.m.	7:40 a.m.
St. Louis, San Francisco	7:25 a.m.	7:40 a.m.

The Burlington and all the Southern roads, together with the Vandalia, had better luck.

The Shoppers' Guide—the Post-Dispatch.

Fell on the Pavement.

Mrs. Mary Troillicht, 66 years old, living at 917 Geyer avenue, slipped on the pavement in front of her home Tuesday and dislocated her hip. She was taken to St. Mary's Infirmary.

Found in every buyer's home—the P.-D.

ALL ENDS IN CHEESE PARING.

The Wave of Economy in the Missouri House.

CHECKED BY THE CAUCUS.

THE CLERICAL FORCE IN LITTLE DANGER OF REDUCTION.

Some Figures Which Show How Patronage Has Been Dispensed With Little Regard for the Burdens of Taxpayers.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—The wave of economy which started in the House with the successful effort of the Filipinos and Republicans to prevent the Auditing Committee, of which the Speaker was a member, from collecting double pay, and was taken up by Bohart of Clinton in the form of a resolution to drop 82 employes from the clerical force, has so far not resulted in much saving to the people of the State.

Bohart's resolution was thrown into the Democratic caucus yesterday in an attempt to bring about a harmonious settlement of the question. There was much talk in the caucus, and finally a decision to send the whole question back to the Committee on Clerical Force for investigation, and in order that the committee might have plenty of assistance in its work it was increased by three members, Kniesley of Carroll, Lee of Carter and Boydston of Platte, all Filipinos, loyal and true. The upshot of the whole business will be that if there is any reduction at all it will be very small, just enough to satisfy the tender consciences of some members, and quite sufficient to make a showing on the journal with which to make campaign claims of retrenchment and reform.

It is rather amusing to hear the members of the present Assembly talk about economy in the matter of clerical force when one has read the record of the revising Assemblies of 1879 and 1889. These records show that the clerical force of the House has been increasing by leaps and bounds during the two decennial periods between those two sessions and the present one. At the same rate of increase the next revising House will be assisted by nearly a thousand employes and 20 years from now the force will make two regiments.

It is hard to account for this rapid increase in the clerical force except on the ground that new places have been added to give the members more patronage. There was not much more work to be done in the revising session of 1889 than in that of 1879 and there is not much more work to be done this session than there was 10 years ago.

Yet this year the force has been enormously increased, positions being added which would be amusing if they did not mean such an additional burden to the taxpayers. One cannot help being amused any how, at the titles which have been given to some of these sinecures. The amount of work performed by those holding them is not in keeping with the importance implied by high-sounding titles.

For purposes of comparison between the forces of the Houses of 1879, 1889 and 1899, a table has been prepared which illustrates the point strikingly. It was found that the size of the engrossing and enrolling forces of 1879 was not obtainable, and it is probable that they were not formed until there was work for them to do and were then selected by the committee. In all other respects the table shows a fair and complete comparison. It follows:

CHIEF CLERK'S FORCE.

	1879.	1889.	1899.
Resolution clerks	1	2	10
Docket clerks	1	4	8
Smooth Journal clerks	5	14	23
Rough Journal clerks	5	12	23
Bill clerks	0	1	3
Minute clerks	1	3	8
Stationery clerks	0	1	2
Postal clerks	1	2	2
Mail messenger clerks	0	0	1
Printing clerks	0	2	3
Messenger clerks	2	3	3
Reading clerks	0	2	3
Typewriters	0	0	5
Folders	2	2	2
Pages	6	15	13
Indorsing clerks	0	0	3
Calendar clerks	0	0	2
Accounting clerks	0	0	1
Janitors	0	1	1
Night watch	0	1	0
Total	19	63	116

ENGROSSING FORCE.

	1889.	1899.
Clerks	26	38
Janitor	1	1
Total	27	39

ENROLLING FORCE.

	1889.	1899.
Clerks	13	20
Janitor	1	1
Total	14	21

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS' FORCE.

	1879.	1889.	1899.
Assistant	0	1	2
Messenger	0	0	1
Messenger clerk	0	0	1
Total	0	1	4

DOORKEEPER'S FORCE.

	1879.	1889.	1899
Assistant	0	2	2
Library clerks	0	0	2
Supt. of Heat and Ventilation	0	1	1
Assistant Supt. of Heat and Ventilation	0	0	1
Custodians of cloakroom	0	0	1
Asst. custodians of cloakroom	0	0	1
Day watch	0	1	1
Night watch	1	1	1
Janitor	6	*2	13
Softtoon cleaners	0	4	3
Water carriers	0	1	2
Supt. of Committee rooms	0	1	1
Messengers	0	1	1
Messenger clerks	0	0	1
Superintendent of desks	0	1	0
Pages	0	2	1
Men to build fires	2	0	0
Total	8	20	32

SPEAKER'S FORCE.

	1879.	1889.	1899.
Pages	0	1	2
Stenographers	0	0	1
Total	0	1	3
Total House forces	27	126	224

Thus is will be seen that the increase is nearly 100 employes each session, or to be accurate, 99 from 1879 to 1889, and 98 from 1889 to 1899.

The difference in the costs of these sessions is correspondingly enormous. The cost of the House clerical force of 1879, exclusive of the engrossing and enrolling forces, was $124 per day. The cost of the force of 1889 including those forces, was $348 per day, and the cost of the force of the present session, if it is retained, will be $703.50 a day, or $84,420 for the session of 120 days.

It is believed that if the force were reduced to the basis upon which a business man would employ help, that is, with the expectation that every employe would do a full day's work every day during his term of service, the force emloyed during the session of 1879 would be amply sufficient to do the work of the session.

The man who is accustomed to work hard for a living is astonished at the small amount of work that is considered commensurate with a salary of $25 or $37 a week in the Legislature. Many a man would be glad of the chance of doing the work done by the two stationery clerks, or the two postal clerks. The large engrossing and enrolling forces have been on the payroll for nearly a month, and the work of engrossing bills has just been commenced, while not a single bill has been enrolled. On the Doorkeeper's staff there are two employes who labor under the titles of superintendent of heat and ventilation and assistant superintendant of heat and ventilation. Their sole duty is to see that the House chamber is kept at the proper temperature, and from the number of protests entered by members against the way the chamber was heated and not ventilated during the first three week of the session, the incumbents found their titles as much as they could carry, without burdening themselves further with the duties of their positions.

The custodian of the cloakroom—how like a court calendar all this reads—is another much-titled officer for whom it has been necessary to provide an assistant. Two water carriers are provided to fill the two water tanks of the House. Each holds about ten gallons and it has never been necessary to refill them more than one day. The Doorkeeper has also the assistance of a messenger and a messenger clerk, yet his sole duty is to attend the door and announce the coming of the secretary of the Senate or the Governor's private secretary.

There has been a good deal of grumbling among some members about the number of women who hold positions on the clerical forces of the House and Senate. Exclusive of those holding committee clerkships, there are 25 women holding positions in the House. Some of the members who secured places for women have been severely criticised for so doing by the men among their constituents who voted and worked for them, and who either wanted places themselves, or had friends who wanted positions. John Smith of St. Louis is threatening to introduce a resolution to bar women from the force.

Another source of much complaint is the tendency of many members to gobble all the places they can lay their hands on for their relatives. Twenty-four members have relatives holding positions on the various forces of the House, exclusive of the committee clerks. In one case a member has a 14-year-old daughter on the smooth paged force, where the work requires the best penmanship and the greatest care and attention. If she fulfills her duties the work cannot but injure her health, as it is confining. She was taken from school to be put in this position. Another member has a son and daughter on the force. A third has his daughter and her fiance on the force. Two have taken their boys from school to serve as pages. Both of these latter are well-to-do men.

It must not be forgotten that Col. Bill Phelps is represented on the force. Two men who are closely identified with him and his work in the Legislature, hold positions. One is charged with the distribution of passes for the Colonel and the other looks after the bills for him. Both hold responsible positions.

House-"Diamond" John Smith of St. Louis started a buzz saw in operation this morning by introducing a resolution in the House declaring that only party workers and voters should be recognized in the distribution of the patronage of the House. The resolution recited that many females and minors are employed on the clerical force and called for their immediate dismissal.

Speaker Ward ruled that the resolution go over under the rules until to-morrow. Smith appealed from the decision of the chair and demanded a roll call. The House sustained the Speaker and the resolution went to the committee on clerical force.

Jones of Howell, Republican, brought to the attention of the House the recent activity displayed by Col. William H. Phelps and Col. John H. Carroll about the Capitol by offering a resolution providing for a committee of five to investigate lobbying. Smith, Grover Stephens and Col. Phelps are running a "joint lobby." Speaker Ward ruled the resolution out of order.

To-day Wight of Randolph, chairman of the House Committee on Banks, introduced a bill providing that no bank, State or private, may lend money to any one person, firm or corporation more than the equivalent of the bank's paid-up capital.

Burleigh of St. Louis introduced a bill providing that no person can be a director of a State bank who is not a resident of Missouri.

FILIPINOS HOLD OUT.

They Have Not Given In to the House Regulars.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—It must not be supposed that because the Filipinos went into the Democratic caucus yesterday afternoon, they have surrendered their position against bills that seek further to encroach upon the rights of cities to govern themselves, or that add anything to the influence or patronage of the Governor in the cities. The Filipinos are much incensed at the report in the St. Louis "organ" that they have surrendered. "We stand now," said Mr. Whitecotton, "just where we have stood during the entire session, unalterably opposed to all legislation that seeks further to take away from the cities the democratic right to local self-government. We positively decline to be bound by caucus action on said bills. They are not fit subjects for caucus action. We went into the caucus yesterday because we are Democrats. No attempt has been made to force us away from our position, and we will decline to submit to any attempt in that line which may be made. Our position is Democratic, and no Democratic caucus can make us abandon Democratic doctrine."

IF YOU FAIL TO PAY TAXES

The Penalty Will Be One Per Cent a Month.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—The House passed a bill introduced by Mueller of St. Charles which provides that if any taxpayer fails to pay his taxes the collector shall collect a penalty of 1 per cent a month. This is the first bill passed by the House. Its author is a Republican.

HINT OF SCANDAL.

Persons Not Members to Be Barred Out of Committee Rooms.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—Before the Senate opened its session this morning the Sergeant-at-Arms announced that many complaints had been made about the use to which committee rooms had been put by persons not connected with the Senate. He said no person, not connected with the Senate, should be allowed in these rooms. This is the only official recognition of certain scandalous stories that have been floating about the Capitol about immoral uses to which committee rooms of the Senate have been put. The stories were not of the kind that the Senate could investigate with any certainty of arriving at the truth, and it was thought best merely to bar all persons from committee rooms in order to reach the undesirable individuals under suspicion.

These scandalous stories were discussed in gingerly fashion by the Senators in executive session yesterday and the action of the Sergeant-at-Arms this morning was the result of that discussion.

TAXATION OF MORTGAGES.

Bill to Make Non-Resident Capitalists Pay Their Share.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—Senator Francis Wilson of Platte County introduced a joint and concurrent resolution in the Senate this morning, which is of far-reaching importance. In brief, it provides for the assessment and taxation of all mortgages, and deeds of trust provided for by law. The idea of the Senator's resolution is to bring under taxation hundreds of millions of dollars' worth of mortgages held by persons in other States, which now escape taxation, or the taxes upon which are now paid by the persons who are in possession of the property mortgaged. If "A" owns a farm worth $10,000 and "B" holds a mortgage of $5000 on it, under Senator Wilson's resolution "A" would pay the tax upon the $5000 interest which he actually possesses in the farm, and "B" would pay the taxes on the $5000 mortgage he holds. If "A" pays the taxes on both, the amount of the tax on the mortgage is credited to him against the mortgage, and if "B" pays the tax on both, the amount of the tax on the farm is added to the amount of the mortgage. If "B" declines to pay taxes on the mortgage and "A" does not pay it, the amount of the tax is a lien on the mortgage, which may be sold to satisfy the lien.

BILLS IN THE HOUSE.

Measure to Prevent Doctors From Filling Their Own Prescriptions.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—In the House to-day Wilson of St. Louis, who is a physician, introduced a bill prohibiting doctors from filling their own prescriptions.

Dohn introduced a bill which is an echo of the Filipinos' fight on double pay. It provides that committees composed of members of the Legislature shall not draw double pay for their services.

Critz introduced a bill making it a felony to conduct a gambling device of any kind or description. It includes A, B, C, faro bank, E. O., Roulette, equality, keno slot machines, stands or devices of any kind. The penalty for violation is imprisonment from two to five years in the penitentiary.

Charles A. Smith of St. Louis introduced a bill which gives the Bertillon system of measurement of criminals legal standing in Missouri. The bill makes it mandatory that the Bertillon system be put in use in the penitentiary and police departments of the State.

The House passed a bill by Hawkins of Marion, which amends the present law concerning the assessment and collection of revenue by classifying taxable property into 12 divisions.

Slate of Maries County was made happy this morning by the favorable report of the Committee on Ways and Means on his much discussed assessment bill. The bill is reported favorably without amendment.

The fight over interest rates, which employed the House half a day last week, was renewed to-day over Whitecotton's bill, making the legal rate of interest 6 per cent. It was called up for passage.

Pareira of St. Louis, in opposing the bill, said it was unnecessary, because bankers of St. Louis had told him that the banks were overflowing with money which could be had on easy terms.

BSORBED BY A SYNDICATE.

Granite City Steel and St. Louis Stamping Companies Will Be at Once Transferred.

The Granite City Steel Works and the St. Louis Stamping Co.'s plant at Granite City, Ill., are now in the hands of the National Enamel and Stamping Co.

This is the new syndicate formed in the East with a capitalization of $30,000,000 and embracing all of the big stamping companies in the United States. It was announced Wednesday that the formal transfer of the plants would take place during the afternoon.

Work at both plants will be discontinued while an inventory of the stock is being made. It is stated that the plant at Granite City will be greatly enlarged and that contracts for several new buildings have already been let.

STRICKEN WITH APOPLEXY

Thomas F. Morris of the Delicatessen Company Died Suddenly While at His Desk.

Thomas F. Morris of 4330 College avenue, the manager of the Delicatessen at 124 Olive street, was seized with an attack of apoplexy at 10:30 o'clock Wednesday morning while sitting at his desk.

A nearby physician was called in, who worked with Mr. Morris more than an hour without result. The patient was then removed to St. Jo e's Hospital, where he died a few minutes later.

Mr. Morris was 38 years of age. He leaves a widow and six small children.

MR. BAUMHOFF HAS THE GRIP.

The Postmaster Will Try Mobile's Balmy Climate.

Postmaster F. W Baumhoff, having inaugurated the mail car extension and postal sub-station improvements announced for Feb. 1, has determined to take a two weeks' rest at Mobile, Ala.

The Postmaster's physician says he has the grip and needs a change of scene.

15% Discount on Fine Vienna Porcelains.

Our collection of Hand-Painted Miniatures by the greatest Venetian artists is worth seeing, whether you intend purchasing or not. Call and see at what a low figure you can secure one of these works of art.

Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.,

Art Store, 514 Locust.

SCENERY'S THE THING

On a Pacific Coast tour. It's as easy to get as to miss.

The Burlington Route, via scenic Denver, offers all kin

VOTING AWAY PUBLIC FUNDS.

Projects Before Congress Calling for Many Millions.

SHIPPING SUBSIDY BILL.

THIS MEASURE ALONE DEMANDS NEARLY $170,000,000.

Then There Is Secretary Alger's Junketing Trip to Cuba and Porto Rico Which Will Cost Uncle Sam Over $40,000.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Projects before Congress for the expenditure of vast sums are constantly increasing. All are not connected with the war, but they include such measures as the shipping subsidy bill and the Nicaragua Canal bill.

Following is a partial list of pending propositions:

Subsidies under the Hanna-Payne Shipping bill, for twenty years covered by the act	$167,000,000
Nicaragua Canal bill	100,000,000
Cost of Army under Hull bill passed yesterday	85,000,000
Cost of Navy under estimates submitted by the Secretary of the Treasury	40,000,000
River and Harbor bill	20,000,000
Spain, for cession of Philippines	20,000,000
New battleships and cruisers, recommended, but not included in estimates	13,000,000
New Public Buildings	20,000,000

These do not include regular expenditures provided for in the appropriation bills.

Secretary Alger's imperialistic junket to Cuba and Porto Rico, on which he will be accompanied by the members of the House and Senate Military Committees and their families, will be expensive to the Government. The Secretary of War is well known as a lavish entertainer in private life, and with the almost inexhaustible funds of the Government behind him he will use his utmost endeavors to see the party enjoy themselves. The Senate Committee in Military Affairs consists of 11 members and the House Committee of 16 members, making a total of 27. To this number should be added the invited guests of the Secretary of War and the families of the Committee members. At a low estimate the following expenses will be paid by the United States for this junket:

Transport Berlin, including officers, crew and coal	$400
Provisions for the party, consisting of not less than forty persons, at $5 a day	200
Loss to the Army of the service of the transport, for which the Government is compelled to pay shipowners	600
Estimated salaries of military officers who will accompany the party and who could be used for active service	40
Total per day	$1,240
Absent from March to April 1, twenty-five days	$31,000

This estimate does not include any of the incidentals which will be a necessity for the trip. It is supposed Secretary Alger will provide the cigars and wines used by his guests. The allowance of $5 a day for food supplies will not, it is believed, cover the cost. If the salaries of Secretary Alger and the Congressmen are included the grand total would be $40,705.25.

A CLEW IN A MURDER CASE.

Sheriff Downey Believed to Be on the Trail of the Slayer of Mrs. McIntyre.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PANA, Ill., Feb. 1.—After three days' session the Coroner's jury in the Mary McIntyre murder case adjourned to-day until Saturday night to give the authorities opportunity to run down a clew which, it is claimed, has been found.

The funeral of the murdered woman was held at St. Patrick's Church this morning and was probably the largest ever held in Pana. Sheriff Downey has charge of the McIntyre home, pending the action of County Judge Potts in appointing an administrator. A guard is kept on duty day and night to prevent any disturbance of the house and effects, which will be kept in the position found when the discovery of the murder was made. The police refuse to disclose any information in regard to the clew on which they are working, and Coroner Bradley declines to make a statement regarding the evidence taken by the jury, both acting under the advice of State's Attorney Humphreys.

Mike Sheehan, the young married man who was held by the officers on the instructions of the Coroner's jury, was released, as there was no evidence to justify his being held.

MISSOURIANS WILL BENEFIT.

Rich Gold Strike in Colorado Triples Value of Their Property.

SEDALIA, Mo., Feb. 1.—Assistant Master Mechanic S. P. Weller of the Missouri Pacific Railway, L. M. Barnard and other Sedalians, comprising the Barwell Mining Co. of this city, own several mining claims adjacent to the Isabella mine at Cripple Creek, Colo., where the greatest discovery of gold in the history of mining has just been made. The Sedalians have a superintendent in charge of their Colorado property, and he wires that every claim in the vicinity of the Isabella mine has trebled in value in the past few days. Work will be vigorously prosecuted as soon as the weather permits.

TWO COSTLY TEMPLES.

Soon to Be Dedicated by Chicago Christian Scientists.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Chicago Christian Scientists have subscribed $30,000 within the last ten days towards the erection of two costly new temples, one for the North Side and the other for the West Side congregations, to be dedicated some time before the close of the present year, which will be equal architecturally to the First Church, in Drexel boulevard, on the South Side, dedicated one year ago. The main idea of the Christian Scientists is to possess three temples in Chicago, one for each division of the city, which will be the nucleus for the spread of the belief in those divisions of the city.

ESTERHAZY QUITS FRANCE.

Had Been Informed That He Would Be Arrested.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—Count Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy was officially informed yesterday that his testimony before the Court of Cassation in the Dreyfus inquiry being concluded, proceedings against him on criminal charges would be resumed in 24 hours. He left at once for an unknown destination by the Northern Railway.

The Shoppers' Guide—the Post-Dispatch.

Dr. Morrison's Consecration.

OTTUMWA, Io., Feb. 1.—The consecration of Dr. Morris, Bishop-elect of Iowa, will take place in the Church of the Epiphany, Chicago, on the morning of Feb. 22. Bishop McClaren of Chicago, Bishop Seymour of Springfield and Bishop Gillespie of Michigan will be asked to be consecrators. Bishop Gilbert of Minnesota will preach the sermon and Bishop Millspaugh of Kansas and Bishop Edsall of North Dakota will be the presenters.

WICKED OMAHA TELLS HER WOES.

Prisons Yawn for City and Federal Officials.

TANGLED WEB OF LITIGATION.

STATE LEGISLATURE CALLED UPON TO STRAIGHTEN IT.

Pending Contempt and Impeachment Proceedings Linked With Charges of Corruption Against Men in High Positions.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 1.—Omaha city business may soon have to be transacted from the jail unless a solution is found for the tangled web of litigation and charges of crookedness now being investigated.

Some time ago Police Judge Gordon sentenced Capt. Iler of the police force to jail for contempt, and the case is now pending on appeal. He threatens to order the arrest of City Attorney Connell unless papers in the hands of the City Attorney, which the judge asserts belong to the Police Court records, are returned.

The City Council is debating the question of bringing impeachment charges against Police Judge Gordon and in all probability will do so unless the Legislature can be induced to legislate him out of office.

The Board of Education is investigating charges of corruption made in connection with the American Book Co.'s contract for furnishing geographies to the public schools and the City Council is also laboring with charges made by the City Engineer that a ring within that body is running the city affairs for its own political and pecuniary benefit.

The clash between Judge Scott and the Excise Board is likely to land that body in jail for contempt of court for refusing to comply with the court's order.

Impeachment charges against Judge Scott have been filed with the Legislature, and finally the quo warranto proceedings instituted by ex-Mayor Broatch to oust Mayor Moore are still pending in the Supreme Court.

Formal charges against the Omaha School Board and officials for corruption in connection with the American Book Trust have been filed. They were sworn to by James Van Gildern, member of the board. In substance, the charges set forth that the board entered into a contract to pay the trust 25 cents per book more for 40,000 geographies than other companies offered to supply the same for. The charges further set forth that Supt. Carroll G. Pearse of the Omaha schools was in the employ of the trust at the time the books were contracted for, he having been employed to write a supplement to the geographies.

Van Gildern swears that the expenses of Member J. C. Moore were paid by the trust through D. F. Thomas when he was a candidate for election. Thomas admits having furnished Moore the money to pay his expenses, but says he was not given him by the trust. A formal trial of the case will come up later. Supt Pearse admits the trust hired him to write part of the geographies in question. He says the trust always hires its work of this class in this manner.

SAVED HIS KISSES TOO LONG.

Now This Ohio Man of 50 Must Make His Promise Good in Cold Cash.

ZANESVILLE, O., Feb. 1.—In the case of Samantha Osbon vs. Jacob Hoffman, on trial here to-day for breach of promise, the defendant failed to put in an appearance. The action is for $3000. One of Hoffman's letters, read to the jury, contained many sentiments of the boiling temperature variety, and closed thus: "I will not send you any kisses by mail, but will save them all until I see you." Jacob is about 50 years of age. Jacob married another woman. The jury retired and brought in a verdict of $1500 for the plaintiff.

FOUND HIS THROAT CUT.

Wife's Awful Discovery When She Went to Arouse Her Husband.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 1.—When Mrs. Michael Malone, 146 Glady avenue, went into her husband's room to arouse him, she found him dead, with his head almost severed from the body. For two hours she had been in the house under the impression that he was sleeping.

The police believe the man was murdered. They are searching for Thomas Malone, a brother of the man who was killed. No motive is advanced by the police why any one should kill Malone, who did not commit suicide, as no weapon which could have inflicted the gash in his throat was found in his room.

TRUST LIST IS GROWING.

Weighing Machine Combine Now Being Organized in New York.

WAUKEGAN, Ill., Feb. 1.—A weighing machine trust is being perfected by the National Weighing Machine Co. of New York, buying up the patents controlled by smaller concerns throughout the country. They have purchased those owned by the Chicago Recording Scale Co., whose factory is here, for $9000. The company will still run its factory and will receive a per cent on each machine made.

SHE IS STARVING HERSELF.

Mary Carlson Refuses Food and Wants to Die.

GALESBURG, Ill., Feb. 1.—Miss Mary Carlson of this city is abstaining from food and insists that she is going to die. For some days she has refused food.

The city authorities have interested themselves in her case, and will have her tried for insanity with the hope of procuring special treatment. The woman is alone, and discouraged.

TOOK HER LIFE AND HIS OWN.

Farmer Driven Desperate by Refusal of His Wife to Live With Him.

DENVER, Mo., Feb. 1.—Because his wife would no longer live with him Jethro Kemper Monday night shot and killed her and then put a bullet in his own brain. He also fired twice at his stepdaughter before suicide, but missed her. The tragedy occurred on a farm on the county line of Worth and Gentry Counties, where the murdered woman had been living after separation from her husband.

Check that Cough with BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. Fac-Simile Signature of [signature] on every box.

NEBRASKA'S ECCENTRIC JUDGE, WHO MAY BE IMPEACHED.

ORDERED TO MANILA.

TWELFTH REGIMENT INSTRUCTED TO SAIL FEB. 9.

EXCITEMENT AT BARRACKS.

Col. Smith Directed to Transfer His Men at Once to New York City for Transport.

Everything was bustle and excitement at Jefferson Barracks Wednesday. Lieutenant Colonel J. H. Smith, the commanding officers of the Twelfth Infantry, United States Army, had received a telegram from Washington, Wednesday morning, ordering Companies A, B, C, D, F, H and M to New York City.

The companies are of the First and Second battalion of the Twelfth United States Infantry. They will leave St. Louis next Monday, arriving at New York City in time to board the transport Sheridan on Feb. 9. They will go to Manila by way of the Suez Canal and will have a six weeks' voyage.

Squads are busily engaged loading the freight cars and packing up all baggage that goes. The order has been expected since last November and the men who are anxious to go had almost given up hope, when they were ordered to pack. When they arrive in New York they will be joined by the Third Battalion of the Twelfth, which at present is at Fort Riley, Kan. From St. Louis there are 852 enlisted men and 20 officers, who go to Manila; from Ft. Riley, 425 men and 10 officers. The Third Battalion consists of Companies E, G, I and K. Twenty-five wives of officers are going with their husbands from the Barracks.

The freight will be packed and sent to New York Saturday evening.

SUSPECTED OF A GRAVE CRIME.

Coroner Will Investigate the Sudden Death of Mrs. Ryan.

In the Fourth District Police station are locked James Ryan and Charles Woods, his son-in-law. The police believe these men are responsible for the death of Mrs. Mary Ryan Tuesday morning. It is believed by the police officials that murder has been done, and that sufficient evidence will be laid before the Coroner's jury Thursday to warrant their being held.

Mrs. Susie Smith of 1406 North Twelfth street, is a witness against the accused. She and other witnesses, the police assert, will testify that they saw Ryan throw his wife out of her home, after a quarrel. The woman fell and her head struck on the brick pavement in the rear yard. It is also said Woods picked up the body of his mother-in-law and carried her into a neighbor's house where she died without regaining consciousness.

Woods and Ryan both deny the story. Ryan says that his wife was drunk and that she fell. Ryan is 50 years old and his wife was 42.

LOST WATCH AND OVERCOAT.

Thomas Walsh Caused the Arrest of Two Suspects.

Thomas McHugh and Thomas Dolan are prisoners at the Fourth District Police Station under charge of highway robbery.

Thomas Walsh of 2204 Dickson street was in George McGinty's saloon, 2201 Dickson street, at 11 o'clock Tuesday night, so the police report, and he was knocked down and a lady's watch taken from him. He was called outside and two men pounced upon him and robbed him of $5 and his overcoat.

Early Wednesday morning Patrolmen Fanning and McCarthy arrested McHugh and Dolan. They were identified by Walsh.

$8.50 to Nashville.

To holders of Illinois Central or N. C. & St. L. 1000 mile books: Get aboard of either of the Illinois Central's through trains for Nashville and the conductor will do the rest.

ONE HUNDRED MEN LAID OFF.

Some Employes of the American Steel and Foundry Company Out of Work.

Nearly one hundred employes of the American Steel and Foundry Co., at Granite City have quit work.

A rumor was current Wednesday that the men had gone out on a strike, but this was emphatically denied by Vice-President and General Manager E. T. Goltra, who said:

"There is no strike and the men did not walk out. We laid a portion of them off. We are preparing to close down our plant entirely temporarily to make repairs and build an addition. The men in our employ do nont belong to a union. They will go back to work as soon as the repairs are completed."

We'll Do the Rest.

Register at the Grand Pacific Hotel next time you visit Chicago. Finest in the West.

Gen. Noble Sons of Veterans.

A masquerade ball will be given Feb. 25 by Gen. Noble Camp, Sons of Veterans, at Lemp's Park Hall.

The Dixie Flyer.

All the year round Pullman service St. Louis to Jacksonville via Illinois Central, Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta. The "Lookout Mountain route."

STRIKE FORESTALLED.

MOLDERS DELIVERED AN ULTIMATUM AND WERE LET GO.

OBJECTED TO APPRENTICES.

Employes of the American Steel Foundry at Granite City Dismissed Because They Threatened to Quit.

One hundred and twenty-five molders who had been employed at the plant of the American Steel Foundry Co., in Granite City, were out of work Wednesday morning, as a result of the summary steps taken by a big corporation to forestall a strike.

At a time when the men supposed that a complaint made by them was being considered they were notified that their services were no longer needed. The trouble arose from the company's system of employing apprentices to operate molding machines.

These men, who are called "rammers," are not union men. They work the product up to a certain point, when it is finished by regular molders.

The molders desired that only one "rammer" be employed for every eight machines, instead of one to each machine, as at present. They submitted this request through a committee, consisting of Patrick Furlong, Joseph Nuh, William Perrington and John Herman.

Supt. James G. McRoberts received the committee. He refused to have anything to do with Vice-President Valentine of the International Molders' Union. The men's ultimatum was that they would give the company until Monday to consider the proposition. If it was not complied with at that time they would strike.

Superintendent McRoberts made a hurried trip to St. Louis. During his absence Assistant Superintendent William Miller summoned the men to his office and paid them off.

The main offices of the American Steel Foundry Co. are in St. Louis, in the Wells building, 509 Olive street. The Vice-President and General Manager is E. T. Goltra. Mr. Goltra impressively denied Wednesday morning that the company had any kind of trouble with its men; that any strike was on or had been contemplated. He even stated that the company's men did not belong to any union. He said the men had been discharged to facilitate repairs and additions to the building.

The plant at Granite City was in operation Wednesday morning. No repairs were being made. The rammers and a few experienced molders were running the machines.

Superintendent James G. McRoberts said: "We discharged our men because they made demands we thought were unjust and threatened to strike. A lot of men tried to dictate to us how we should run our foundry. The men themselves are responsible for the employment of the rammers. About a year ago the molders refused to run the machines, saying that was no part of a molder's work. Now they want to run the machines, or to have the machines discarded. One-half of the men admitted that they had no cause to strike, but had to obey the mandates of their union.

"About a year ago I raised the molders' wages from $2.25 to $2.50 a day, without their solicitation. I am willing to take back any of the men who come to me as individuals."

California Excursions in tourist cars, personally conducted, leave every Friday via Frisco Line. Southernmost route.

WANTED MAJOR COMMITTEE.

Four Courts Lawyer Asks That It Be Summoned to Testify.

Percival Adams, a Four Courts lawyer, astonished Judge Peabody and the Police Court habitues when he asked that the Major Committee be subpenaed to testify in behalf of his client, Thomas Quigley, charged with killing.

The case was continued until Feb. 3, when a trial by jury will be had.

VALUE OF CREAM

As Compared With Meat.

One of the most valuable items in one's dietary is good, rich cream. The remark is frequently made that "cream is too expensive to use freely." Such people think they must have meat every day at 10 and 25 cents per pound, and do not realize that 5 cents' worth of pure cream for breakfast will do more to put on flesh than 25 or 30 cents' worth of meat.

An ideal portion of breakfast is that obtained from say, four teaspoons of Grape Nuts and a little pure, thick cream.

Made by the Postum Co., at Battle Creek, Mich.

This is one of the most delicious dishes imaginable and is served without cooking or trouble of any kind, and cannot be equaled in point of food value for the human body.

The Grape-Nuts, consisting largely of grape-sugar, have passed through processes similar to the first act of digestion, and are therefore most easily digested, and in combination with cream, they render the cream itself easy of digestion.

Grocers sell Grape-Nuts.

TEST VOTE ON IMPERIALISM.

It May Come Before Roll Call on the Treaty.

SHALL WE HOLD PHILIPPINES?

RESOLUTION DEFINING THE NATION'S POLICY.

Proposition to Settle This Question by a Vote in the Senate Prior to the Ratification or Rejection of the Paris Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—According to present indications the opponents of the Paris treaty will be given an opportunity to vote for a resolution declaring it to be the policy of the United States not to acquire permanent control of the Philippines.

Several resolutions to this end are now before the Senate in some form. The resolution that finds most favor is the following, and it is probable that the test vote will be taken on it:

"That the ratification of the pending treaty with Spain shall in no wise determine the policy to be pursued by the United States in regard to the Philippines; nor shall it commit this Government to a colonial policy; nor is it intended to embarrass the establishment of a stable, independent government by the people of these islands whenever conditions make such a proceeding hopeful of successful and desirable results."

The Senate is deadlocked on the treaty as it stands, both sides being afraid to force an issue, and the agreement to take a vote on the proposition for the independence of the Philippines is the result.

By permitting a vote on the resolution the advocates of the treaty believe they will strengthen their forces. Accordingly, Senators Davis, Aldrich, Lodge, Foraker and other Republican leaders, after a conference, decided to favor a vote on the independence resolutions, and made an announcement to that effect to their colleagues.

The programme will be to move reference to the Foreign Relations Committee of all resolutions as fast as they are brought up, until the one most to the liking of the Republican members is reached, when a number of Republicans will join with the Democrats in voting for its immediate adoption.

BUSINESS MEN FOR IT.

Strong Plea Made for the Ratification of the Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—To-morrow a strong appeal for the ratification of the treaty will be presented to Congress by the Business Men's League. The memorial indorses the course of the President, and says:

"This nation seeks not the conquest of territory to control subject peoples, nor desires to make vassals of communities but it does possess the wisdom to avail itself of opportunities to benefit mankind through the fortunes of war thrust upon us, by rescuing oppressed peoples from tyranny and cruel dominion, and providing for them a strong, honest and humane government when they are yet unable to govern themselves, and educate and elevate them to a higher plane until they are capable of self-government, and improve the material conditions by utilizing their industrial capacity in developing and adding wealth to the territory they inhabit, thus benefiting them and adding to our national wealth and prosperity, and proceeding on our course regardless of any obstacles in our pathway as a strong nation, wise in opportunity, humane in our dealings with mankind and broad in our comprehension of the problems which we may encounter in our solution of self-government."

Among the St. Louis signers are the following:

A. F. Shapleigh Hardware Co., by A. F. Shapleigh, President; wholesale hardware.

Tudor Iron Works, by T. A. Meysenburgh, President; manufacturers of iron railway supplies.

W. H. Thompson, President National Bank of Commerce.

Hargardine-McKittrick Dry Goods Co., by Hugh McKittrick, Secretary, and John C. Wilkinson, Treasurer; wholesale dry goods.

Mallinckrodt Chemical Works, by O. L. Bisbinger, Secretary.

Samuel Cupples Woodenware Co., by Robert S. Brookings, Vice-President; woodenware manufacturers.

Shultz Belting Co., by B. A. Alvord, Secretary.

King-Brinsmade Mercantile Co., by H. Brinsmade, President.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Co., by R. M. Scruggs, President; general department store.

Stix, Baer & Fuller, by S. Baer; general department store.

D. R. Francis & Bro. Commission Co., by D. R. Francis, President; grain and general commission.

J. Kennard & Sons Carpet Co., by Sam K. Kennard, President.

Siegel-Hillman Dry Goods Co., general department store.

D. Crawford & Co., general department store.

L. Bauman Jewelry Co., by W. Bauman, President; jewelry manufacturer and silversmith.

Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co., by J. Franklin, Vice-President; general department store.

E. Jaccard Jewelry Co., by Thomas C. Dewitt, President; jewelry dealers.

Merrick, Walsh & Phelps Jewelry Co., by H. W. Phelps, secretary; general jewelers and silversmiths.

Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., by A. S. Mermod, President; general jewelers and silversmiths.

S. M. Dodd, President Missouri-Edison Electric Light and Power Co.

Trotlicht, Duncker & Renard Carpet Co., by H. Duncker, President; wholesale and general dealers in carpets.

Lexis-Zukoski Mercantile Co., by Leo Levis, President; importers and wholesale general dry goods.

Graham Paper Co., by B. B. Graham, President; paper manufacturers.

Foster & Co., cotton factors.

John Wahl Commission Co., general commission.

E. O. Stanard Milling Co., by E. O. Stanard, President; flour manufacturers.

Kaufmann Milling Co., by F. E. Kaufmann, President, flour manufacturers.

Langenberg Bros. Co., grain commission.

Bartlett Commission Co., grain dealers.

The Knapp, Stout & Co., by John H. Douglass, President; wholesale lumber.

Einstein Bros. & Co., commission merchants.

M. M. Buck Manufacturing Co., by A. H. Haniland, President and manager; railway supplies.

Moffit-West Drug Co., by C. W. West, secretary; wholesale drugs.

C. H. Huttig, President Third National Bank.

D. S. Morton Drug Co., by C. P. Walbridge, President; wholesale drugs.

F. O. Sawyer Paper Co., by F. O. Sawyer, President; paper manufacturers and wholesale dealers.

Woodward & Tiernan Printing Co., by W. B. Woodward; printing and publishing.

Mansur & Tebbetts Implement Co., per George S. Tebbetts, Treasurer; agricultural implements.

Meyer Bros. Drug Co., per F. G. Meyer, President; wholesale druggists.

St. Louis Brewing Association, by William F. Nolker, Treasurer; brewers and exporters.

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, by C. A. Faust, Second Vice-President; brewers and exporters.

W. J. Lemp, brewer and exporter.

Baumgn-Massa Jewelry Co., by S. H. Bauman, President; wholesale jewelers.

William E. Guy, President Madison Coal Co.

C. G. Warner, Vice-President Missouri Pacific Railway.

Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad, by C. G. Warner, President.

R. Harding, Vice-President and General Manager St. Louis Southwestern Railway.

G. K. Warner, Treasurer and General Manager St. Louis Southwestern Railway.

St. Louis Southwestern Railway of Texas, by R. Harding, President.

J. Ramsey, Jr., Vice-President and General Manager Wabash Railroad Co.

B. F. Yoakum, Vice-President and General Manager St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.

Henry R. Worthington, by W. H. Reeves, St. Louis; Sales Manager.

Edward Dewey, Chairman Legislative Committee Business Men's League of St. Louis; coal mine owner.

PRESIDENT GREATLY WORRIED.

Opposition to the Treaty Has Affected McKinley's Health.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President McKinley, while not seriously ill, is far from well. Worry over the possible defeat of the treaty and the strong denunciation of his policy by prominent members of his own party has affected his health. The President is not ill enough to retire from his office, and it is hoped that he will recover speedily. Believing that a rumor of his illness might cause unnecessary concern, the President has desired to keep his condition from the public, and until yesterday this wish was respected.

New Ideas in Valentines, 5c to $5.00.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO. Remember, Olive and Sixth streets.

CAPITAL OF $19,350,000.

Union Tobacco Consolidates With North American Commercial.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 1.—A certificate of consolidation of the Union Tobacco Co. of America and the North American Commercial Co. was filed to-day with the Secretary of State, the title of the first named corporation being retained. The capital stock is $19,350,000, divided into $12,000,000 of common and $7,350,000 preferred stock. The principal business office of the company will be located in New York City. The directors are: William H. Butler, Thomas F. Ryan, Frank Tilford, Samuel Thomas, Frank McCoy, R. A. C. Smith, Frederick P. Vosburgh and William M. Cole of New York City, and Peter A. B. Widener, George W. Breiner and William L. Elkins of Philadelphia.

Asheville, N. C.,

Easily and comfortably reached by the Illinois Central. Through railroad and Pullman tickets sold at City Ticket Office, 218 N. Broadway.

Mrs. Martha Lane's Will.

The will of the late Mrs. Martha Lane was filed in the Probate Court Wednesday. The testatrix divides her property between her husband, daughter and two sons and makes W. G. Schofield executor without bond.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL REMEMBER

Consultation Free.

Consultation Free.

DOCTOR SWEANY'S

COMBINED TREATMENT

OF THE GREAT CURATIVE POWERS

Has restored to health and happiness thousands of people whose cases had been given up as hopeless by other well-known physicians. Dr. Sweany in his 25 years of study and experience has practically demonstrated to the world that in many cases of nervous, chronic and private diseases a prompt and perfect cure can more surely and quickly be obtained by the combined powers of medicine and electricity when skillfully applied than in the old way of using either one alone. Dr. Sweany's treatment has cured thousands of others, and will surely cure you. No names of patients nor their diseases published or exposed, but cures effected, and any desiring treatment need not fear that confidence will be abused or that all professional dealings will not be kept strictly confidential. Among the hundreds of patients now taking the treatment are many of the most prominent business men of this city, who realize the fact that promises made to them in regard to Dr. Sweany's Combined Electro-Medical treatment can be depended upon in every respect. In the treatment of the following specialties when a case is undertaken

A PROMPT AND PERFECT CURE IS GUARANTEED.

KIDNEYS—Inflammation of the kidneys, Bright's disease, diabetes, congestion of the kidneys uraemia, gravel, stone, all scientifically and successfully treated.

BLADDER—Inflammation, cystitis, cysterrhea, catarrh of the bladder. These distressing diseases invariably yield to this system of treatment.

THROAT—Catarrhal sore throat, acute and chronic pharyngitis, enlarged tonsils and palate, hoarseness, loss of voice, thick phlegm in throat, causing hawking.

LUNGS—Consumption in the first and second stages, hemorrhages and chronic bronchitis, dry and loose cough, pains in chest, difficulty in breathing, hepatizations, asthma, etc.

HEART—Valvular diseases, weak and fatty heart, dropsy and rheumatism of heart, languid circulation, etc.

STOMACH—Catarrh, ulceration and acid dyspepsia, indigestion, pain and fullness after eating, heartburn, water brash and difficulty in swallowing.

LIVER—SPLEEN—All diseases of the liver, spleen, bowels, all nervous and reflex disorders, rheumatism, and all skin diseases, eczema, salt rheum, ring worm, hip-joint disease, old sores, fever sores, stiff joint, bare lip, spinal irritation, nervous prostration.

RUPTURE—Piles, Fistula, enlarged veins, and all swelling and tenderness quickly cured without use of the knife and without pain or detention from business.

BLOOD AND SKIN diseases—Sores, Spots, Pimples, Scrofula, Taints, Tumors, Tetter, Eczema and acquired blood poison, primary or secondary, thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a strong, pure and healthful condition.

NERVOUS DEBILITY and all its attending ailments of young, middle-aged and old men. The awful effects of neglected or improperly treated cases, producing lack of vitality, chest pains, nervousness, sleeplessness, weakness of body and brain, dizziness, failing memory, lack of energy and confidence, despondency, evil forebodings, timidity and other distressing symptoms. Such cases if neglected almost invariably lead to premature decay, insanity and death.

PRIVATE diseases of every nature, also hydrocele, varicocele, tenderness, swellings, weak organs, stricture.

HOURS: 8 A. M. TO 8 P. M. SUNDAYS: 10 A. M. TO 12 M.

WRITE if you cannot call. Letters confidential and answered in all modern languages. Dr Sweany has perfected the most successful home treatment known, and thousands who were unable to call at his offices have been cured at their homes. Call at offices or address

F. L. SWEANY, M. D., Corner Broadway and Market Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

ANOTHER TUESDAY RECORD

—IN—

PAID LOCAL ADVERTISING.

Yesterday, Tuesday, Jan. 31,

The Post-Dispatch contained - - - - - - - 16 Cols.
The Two Other Evening Papers combined contained 15 Cols.
The Post-Dispatch Excess over the Two Others combined - - - - - - - - - - - 1 Col.

The Post-Dispatch's Per Cent of Excess { Over the Two / Others COMBINED } - - - - 6 1/2 %

THE GREAT SHOPPER'S GUIDE

FOUND IN EVERY BUYER'S HOME.

SMOKE and WATER.

Huss's $20,000 Shoe Stock on sale at

HILTS, 6th St. and Franklin Av.

$3.00 Shoe at...$1.79 $2.00 Shoes....$1.19
$1.50 Shoes.....84c
Rubbers for Men, Women and Children...5c

HEAD NOT WITH THE BODY.

Missourian Murdered and Mutilated and His House Fired in Washington.

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 1.—The charred remains of Rancher W. A. Faddaugh have been found in the ruins of his home, eight miles from Chehallis. He had gone to sleep the night previous in his cedar cabin. During the night the cabin was burned, and Faddaugh apparently perished with it. The officers sent to investigate the matter found the trunk of the dead man's body in the ashes of the cabin, but the head and limbs were missing, having been completely severed. There were evidences of violence on the part of the body found. William Taylor, a young man near by, has been arrested on suspicion. The dead man recently came from Missouri and was reported to have had a large sum of money at the time of the tragedy.

"It's a bargain if advertised in the P.-D."

Two Gerber Children Dead.

GILMAN, Ill., Feb. 1.—Fred and Charles Gerber, aged 10 and 4, died yesterday from injuries received in a fire which burned their home. They had been left alone at home by their mother.

GAIL BORDEN EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK

HAS NO EQUAL AS AN INFANT FOOD.

"INFANT HEALTH" SENT FREE.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER.

PUBLISHED BY

THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.

Office 513 Olive Street.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Week Day Issue, in St. Louis and Suburbs . . . . One Cent
Week Day Issue, Elsewhere . . . . . Two Cents
Week Day Issue, on All Trains . . . . . Two Cents
Sunday Issue, at All Places In or Out of St. Louis . Five Cents
Delivered by Carrier in St. Louis and Suburbs,
Week Day and Sunday, per week . . . Eleven Cents

TERMS OUTSIDE OF THE CITY AND SUBURBS.

BY MAIL IN ADVANCE.		DAILY AND SUNDAY.	
Daily and Sunday, 1 year	$6.00	Delivered by Carrier in Towns Outside of St. Louis:	
Daily and Sunday, 6 months	3.00	Per Week . . .	15 Cents
Daily and Sunday, 1 month	.60	Per Month . . .	60 Cents
Sunday, one year . . .	2.00	Week Day Only,	
Sunday, six months . .	1.00	Per Month . .	40 Cents
Sunday, three months . .	.50		

POSTAGE RATES ON THE POST-DISPATCH.

16 Pages . 1c 24 to 32 Pages . 2c 40 to 50 Pages . 3c
Outside the United States, Canada and Mexico, Double the Above Rates.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Business Office . . . . . Main 664 and 665
Editorial Rooms . Main 1930 City Editor . Main 666

Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis as Second-Class Matter. Remit by Money Order, Draft or in Registered Letter. Address all communications and complaints of imperfect service to POST-DISPATCH, St. Louis.

Agent Foreign Advertising, S. C. Beckwith Special Agency. Tribune Building, New York. 450 The Rookery, Chicago.

FACTS!

Important Facts for Your CONSIDERATION.

Here is an unparalleled record of superiority for the

POST-DISPATCH

—FOR—

..22 THURSDAYS..

(CONSECUTIVELY)

IN COLUMNS OF PAID LOCAL ADVERTISING (LESS CHEAP LEGAL):

The actual number of columns of PAID LOCAL ADVERTISING (less cheap legal matter) carried by the evening papers for the past 22 consecutive Thursdays, commencing Sept. 1, 1898, and ending Jan. 26, 1899, was as follows:

Paid Local Advertising (less legal) in the Post-Dispatch, **1100** Columns.
In all other English Evening Papers COMBINED..... **952** Columns.
Excess of Post-Dispatch over all others .... **148** Columns.

"It's a bargain if advertised in the Post-Dispatch"

Complaints reach this office that copies of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH are stolen from their places of delivery. This office will pay a liberal reward for the arrest and conviction of the thief or thieves. Our subscribers are requested to notify this office at once of any failure to receive their Sunday paper.

VOLUNTEERS FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

How many soldiers will be needed to "keep order" in the Philippines in case the treaty is confirmed as signed, and the archipelago is annexed?

How many men are there in the United States ready to join either the regulars or volunteers to perform this duty of "keeping order?"

What does it mean to "keep order" in the Philippines?

Gen. Shafter suggested the method—which was to slaughter half the inhabitants if necessary to bring the other half to their senses. In the light of recent events, if we keep order in the archipelago, the big General's suggestion will have to be adopted. The Filipinos seem to be enamored of the American doctrine of government by consent of the governed, and will fight bitterly if we deny them the right to apply it among themselves.

How many true Americans will be willing to shoot down the Filipinos to sustain an un-American policy? Where will the volunteers come from? And how long will it be before the Government is forced to resort to a draft?

That Sherman Trick.—"The emergency presented by our strained relations with Spain required a statesman in the office of Secretary of State who was in the full possession of his intellectual vigor and virility," is the organic excuse given for the shameful treatment of Secretary Sherman. This does not explain why Po yhog Hanna took him out of the Senate. The simple truth is that Mr. Sherman was used by Boss Hanna for the benefit of Hanna, without regard to decency or justice.

A PITIFUL STORY.

A pitiful story of poverty comes from New York. It makes one shiver to read it, and sends the mercury down a few more degrees below zero.

Mr. and Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont are compelled by hard times to give up their beautiful house (not home) in Newport, because they cannot keep up the expense.

Mrs. Belmont's son, who expects to marry Miss Fair, declines to accept the place as a gift, because he, too, is so poor he can't afford to spend $1,000,000 a year on it.

So they all have to take to light housekeeping until the hard times pass away.

It is very sad when people have to give up their houses (not homes), especially when the expense is only a little matter of $1,000,000 annually. Pity the poor this cold weather. It will do you good to pity the poor.

Mayor Ziegenhein has not been a success either as a collector of the city's dues or an investigator of the city's wrongs. He may have a constitutional aversion to investigation.

LOCATIONS OF SALOONS?

It cannot be doubted that, if the question were put to them, a majority of the respectable citizens who are not opposed to the liquor traffic would join with "temperance" people in a demand that the limit law shall be re-enacted.

However orderly a saloon may be in its conduct, it is evidently out of place in close proximity to a school, a church or a hospital. A saloon may be conducted with strict regard for decency, and yet it is impossible to guard against disorderly characters invading it and creating disturbances. Houses of worship and buildings dedicated to the cause of education or the relief of suffering ought to be protected as much as possible from the danger of disturbance on account of saloon rows.

The 100-yard limit law was repealed without the general knowledge of the people. It ought to be revived and enforced as long as public sentiment demands it.

With $200,000,000 of taxable corporation property escaping taxation in Missouri annually, how is the State to make anything like rapid progress in improving its institutions and "keeping up with the procession?"

TITLE BY CONQUEST.

In his speech before the Lords at the trial of Warren Hastings, Edmund Burke had this to say of the right of conquest: "The title of conquest makes no difference at all. No conquest can give right, for conquest, that is force, cannot convert its own injustice into a just title by which it may rule others at its pleasure."

This is sound American doctrine preached in season and out of season, from the warning of Washington against entangling alliances to the emphatic declarations of McKinley that conquest would be criminal aggression. Nobody in America ever heard of the contrary doctrine; nobody ever dreamed that any other could be entertained by Americans until Dewey's victory in Manila Bay excited the cupidity of selfish speculators who took advantage of the enthusiasm born of a picturesque victory. And after months of discussion the "right of conquest" has gained scarcely one powerful advocate among the men who are best known and best loved. One and all the "men of light and leading" express abhorrence of the policy which is sought to be forced upon the country against its better sense.

"Conquest, that is force, cannot convert its own injustice into a just title." No sophistry can overcome this plain proposition of righteousness. It is affirmed in the conscience of every man. And if this country is to escape the ruin which overtakes wrong-doers it must test its policy by the standards of right. This is the essential principle of true American policy.

The police and charitable associations should receive whatever aid is needed to enable them to care for the unfortunate whom the bitter weather is driving to seek for food, clothing and shelter. It should be realized that this intense cold means death unless it can be guarded against by adequate bodily care. Red tape should be laid aside. A zero temperature is inexorable. During a severe cold spell humanity demands that misery shall find prompt relief.

DERELICT ORGANS.

The Republican organs in this city have in one respect failed in their duty to their bosses.

They indicted the Major Committee for partiality before it acted at all. They have ingeniously endeavored to create the impression that facts brought to light by Democrats do not count, and that the exposure of Republican rascals by a committee containing a majority of Democrats does not affect the reputation or official usefulness of the rascals.

They have done more—they have carefully screened the evidence of Republican rascality brought out by the Major Committee under a cloud of Republican oratory and protests and have refrained from commenting on the villainy of selling engineers' licenses and of endangering thousands of lives thereby.

But they have refrained from doing the one thing more required for the full comfort and protection due the bosses from obedient organs. They have not yet justified boodling, they have not commended the sale of licenses, the endangering of lives, the stuffing of pay-rolls and the keeping of rascals in office.

The organs of the Ziegenhein-Wurzburger-Besch-Price gang should wake up and do their duty.

Seven new trusts were announced in one day last week. With competition being knocked out in every direction and high tariff rates maintained, does the American consumer realize just where he is to be "at," and does the thrown-out American employe know where he is to get a new job?

The Frenchman who made it the condition of a legacy to the father of seven sons and seven daughters that they should be properly brought up by their parents did well. Neglected children may easily become less desirable than no children at all.

The study of trade-winning methods necessary to maintain and increase our large foreign export trade will be less arduous if the high tariff folly can be modified by the advancement of reciprocity.

Five hundred additional cells are to be added to the Joliet penitentiary. It is a pity that some of these cells are not to be occupied by legislators who steal city streets for railway corporations.

The Illinois saloonkeepers favor the establishment of asylums for inebriates. There is no doubt that the habitual drunkard, as an awful example, does infinite harm to the liquor traffic.

The G. A. R. would have buried a Morgan raider with pleasure 35 years ago. A few days ago they regretfully laid one to rest with the stars and stripes around him.

"Think of it! Two dollars a head for the Yellowbellies!" cries Speaker Reed. Certainly no genuine New Englander would accept that sort of a bargain.

Secretary Alger's junketing party will not depend upon packed meats during their visit to the West Indies.

The railroad employes who protest against the reduction of fares should also protest against free passes.

A boiler inspector ought never to be explosive. In fact, no man should damn this good State of Missouri.

POST-DISPATCH SNAP SHOTS.

The civilizer does best who first civilizes himself.

Municipal government in St. Louis is a sweet buy-and-buy.

The Repetto dramshop seems to have developed a problem in Euclid.

If Dewey has aged 15 years in 15 months he must have been working o' nights on the Philippine problem.

The cold storage people could get points on refrigeration if they would study the early morning street car.

Should the consumption of Southern strawberries in St. Louis on groundhog day be large, we shall perhaps have an early spring.

As Inspector Price did not hear himself swear at the State of Missouri, he may not have seen any bribery money paid in his presence.

Conductors on the earliest cars do not call the down-town streets, because they would get pneumonia by letting cold air into their lungs.

Patti, it is said, became acquainted with her third husband through employing him in massage. Marriage may be a failure, but massage is not.

If Uncle Samuel can give $20,000,000 for a Philippine insurrection he ought to be very happy to give a respectable sum for the World's Fair of 1903.

If Cervera's men were convicts, it is no wonder Spain wants universal peace. A country without volunteer sailors can have no use for warships.

The expansionists do not speak of the Filipinos as Yellowbellies. They rather say "Our Oriental fellow-citizens of the golden abdominal development."

The Homeopathic Trust may not be a serious matter if it is not to be followed by an Allopathic Trust. With two drug trusts we should all be driven to Christian Science.

We can show Europe snow 100 feet deep in the Rocky Mountains and we are having avalanches in Alaska and Colorado that will compare favorably with anything they have in the Alps.

Nonogenarian Bailey and his 58-year-old wife, who are the happy parents of twins, and ascribe the fact to vegetarianism, will be pleased to know that Virchow, the famous scientist, says the future is with the vegetarian.

It is an American woman—Lady Randolph Churchill—who proposes to publish in London a royal magazine that is to be sold for a guinea a copy and to employ kings, queens and emperors as contributors. Perhaps she is counting on large lists of American Chollies for constant readers.

The Illinois club women justly protest against the use of woman's face and form as an advertising medium, but it is hardly likely that they will succeed in preventing it. We may save the flag from business, but our American admiration for the beautiful is so readily appealed to that the feminine advertising is quite certain to go on.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

J. G. P. and J.—No premiums are offered on foreign coins.

SUBSCRIBER.—There is no premium on a 50-cent coin of 1809.

J. H. S.—Western Bascome is British Vice-Consul. Office, 220 Pine street.

REGULAR READER.—There is no premium on a 25-cent coin of 1854, nor on a 50-cent piece of 1857. No premiums are offered on foreign coins.

SUBSCRIBER 20 YEARS.—(1) No receipt is given, but a record is kept of all money orders and registered letters. (2) March 10, 1865, fell on Friday.

A. B. C.—Say, "don't mention it," or "granted," or some other reply of like meaning. Circumstances usually help one to frame the proper answer to formal excuses.

STRANGER.—Living on Elliot avenue, between Howard and Cass you are in Twentieth Ward. Eleventh Congressional District, represented by Charles F. Joy, whose address is Washington, D. C.

W. MALONEY.—Recruits for regular army must be between ages of 21 and 30, unmarried, of good character and habits, able-bodied, free from disease, able to speak, read and write the English language. For infantry and artillery height must be not less than 5 feet 4 inches and weight not less than 120 pounds and not more than 190. For cavalry, height not less than 5 feet 4 inches and not more than 5 feet 10 inches and must not weigh more than 185 pounds.

A DAILY MAGAZINE

THE KILLING OF WOUNDED DERVISHES THIS EXPLAINS WHY IT HAD TO BE DONE.

Charges of inhumanity have been made against the British and Egyptian soldiers in the late war in the Soudan. Wanton butchery of wounded Dervishes is one of the accusations. There has been considerable controversy over its supporters of the army insisting that the Dervish is the most deceitful of animals, shamming death or injury for the purpose of getting a closer shot at the enemy; but the best reply is given in the above illustration of an incident on the battlefield near Omdurman, which appears in London Block and White.

A TYPICAL SAMOAN GIRL.

Many pictures of Samoan girls have been printed, but none gives such an idea of their beauty and intelligence as is conveyed by this profile of a typical belle of the Samoan Islands.

STRAW STACKED BY MACHINERY.

A new threshing machine stacks its own straw in the manner shown in the illustration. An air blast is secured by a pair of blade fans in the thresher casing, and the force of air carries the straw off through the funnels, depositing it some distance away and at the same time clearing it of refuse.

CO-OPERATIVE PLAN IN COOKING.

Nine families in Burton, Kan., have their cooking done on the co-operative plan, and thus insure a greater variety of food at a less cost and avoid the worry of directing and paying servant girls.

THE DEBACLE.

When the ice is on the sidewalk and the wind is on the run,
There are certain acts surprising that are regularly done;
Though considered accidental, they are easily explained;
But the man who hits the pavement just remembers he is pained.

Thus we find, when grim disaster floors us with a bitter blow,
That it gives no satifaction to the fallen man to know
That the world is full of failures and has hopeless wrecks galore;
His predominant sensation is, it's hard and makes him sore!

THE OPINION OF A CONNOISSEUR.

"After all, what's better dan a good two-fer-er-nickel cigar?"

WORLD'S FAIR APPROPRIATION.

Suggestion of a Way to Avoid Violation of the Constitution.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The Legislatures of the many States comprised within the Louisiana Purchase, are now in session. There is no loyal Missourian who does not hope that the law-making bodies of these States may, without delay, make adequate appropriations to celebrate in a worthy manner an event that pushed the borders of the young Republic from the Mississippi to the far away Rocky Mountains, and converted this vast domain from a colony of the military dictator of France into an intergral part of the Union.

But until the Legislature of Missouri has taken the lead and made an appropriation how can we ask or expect other States to show their liberality?

The fear has been expressed that our Legislature can do nothing.

Our State constitution has been quoted as showing that the Legislature is tied hand and foot by constitutional enactments, and that no relief can be had till the constitution has been changed.

The constitution provides (Section 46, Article 4): "The General Assembly shall have no power to make any grant of public moneys or things of value to any individual, association of individuals, municipal or other corporation whatsoever."

No constitutional amendment can be submitted to the voters till the next general election, which occurs in November, 1900, and if, at such time, the constitution is changed, the first Legislature that can be convened thereafter will be the regular session which meets in January, 1901.

If all this time must be lost, the situation is desperate, for not only will the lack of time in preparing for the exposition be a crippling influence, but it will be difficult to spur other States to activity when our own State during the two years has done nothing.

This would be my suggestion as to the way out of the difficulty. The Constitution declares that the Legislature shall make no grant of money to any person, association or corporation. Under its express terms, therefore, an appropriation made to the association or body corporate which will have the management of the World's Fair would be void.

But while the State cannot grant the public money either to an individual or a corporation, it may appropriate it for a public purpose, beneficial to the citizens of the Commonwealth, keeping within State control the expenditure of the public funds.

As a notable instance of this, attention may be called to the Missouri building at the Chicago World's Fair, visited in 1893 by thousands of our citizens. If there be no constitutional prohibition against the State erecting one such building there can be none in principle against erecting 100 or any number as the Legislature in its discretion may determine. If buildings of the kind may be erected in Chicago (as in the above instance) outside the borders of Missouri, a fortiori may this be done in the chief metropolis of the State.

The suggestion is therefore made and submitted to the consideration of those having the World's Fair in charge, that an adequate appropriation be at once asked of our Legislature (and as it would not be legal to grant the money to either an individual or association) that a commission be constituted by act of Legislature for the expenditure of the funds appropriated, said commission to consist of the individuals who may be directors of the corporation having the management and control of the World's Fair.

This is not a grant to an association or individual; the State may act through its commission, and there is no legal difficulty in selecting as the personnel of the commission the same individuals who may be directors of the corporation having charge and control of the Fair.

This, it is believed, would be constitutional and practically answer all purposes.

A large part of the funds will necessarily be taken in beautifying the grounds surrounding the buildings to be erected. Forest Park is a State park, established by act of the Legislature, approved March 25, 1874.

Should it be ultimately determined that the fair is to be located in the park, who can assail the legality or propriety of the State expending its funds in the beautifying and ornamentation of its own park? Lakes can be constructed, magnificent driveways established, ornamental buildings erected, grottos, fountains and cascades made; all this is clearly within the legislative power and infringes no constitutional provision.

Such embellishments not only add to the glory and attractiveness of the fair, but remain to be enjoyed by the public for all time.

C. E. GIBSON.

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HARRIET HUBBARD AYER

Tells Post-Dispatch Lady Readers What She Thinks of the Marriage of Patti and Other Women No Longer Young.

Written for the Post-Dispatch.

I NEVER expected to write a defense of a brass band, particularly a band of Welsh extraction.

But censorious persons are sniffing at the intelligence that Adelina Patti on the occasion of her recent marriage was escorted to church by a brass band and a fire company, all indigenous to that unspeakable territory upon which the unpronounceable castle has been set up.

Some persons are hard to please. They covertly suggest that Adelina Patti is no longer in her first youth. They refer to her two previous marriages.

NO LIMITATION IS PUT UPON THE AGE AT WHICH A MAN MAY MARRY.

They take pains to repeat her exact age, referring to church registers as solemnly as thought it made the least difference whether she were born a year earlier or 10 years later.

Then they give statistics concerning Baron Cederstrom, and finally, as a regular clincher, they drag in the brass band and the fire department, as who should say, "After this nothing will shock or surprise you."

I have heard many brass bands in my day—big bands and little bands, gutter bands and country bands and circus bands.

For some inexplicable reason the marriage of a man to a woman half or one-third his age evokes no unfavorable comment or criticism. There be those, indeed, who grow sentimental, not to say maudlin, over the touching spectacle, and give utterance to a lot of twaddle about the husband who will be also a father.

No limitation is put upon the age a man may marry, and though he be twice her years, we are assured such and such a union was one of pure sentiment on both sides.

I have no desire to dispute the assertion that men past 50 are frequently more lovable, more dangerous to the peace of mind of womankind than their younger, less experienced brothers. I don't know when a man is not charming. Certainly not under 90.

As for the susceptibility of men, why, commend us to an old party past 60 for the dernier cri in that line.

What I do object to is the inequality with which marriages made between persons where there is a marked disparity in age is regarded when the older person is the woman.

If a man is not ridiculous when at 60, with a flourish of trumpets and all the ceremonials we naturally associate with youths and romantic love, he leads a girlish bride bedecked with orange blossoms to the altar, why should the very occasional woman who decides that her happiness lies in a union with a man much younger than herself become an object of unpleasant criticism and rather coarse merriment?

Why should they drag in the accommodating and innocent brass band?

Why hold up the precious fire department of Y-Sta-d-Inglas (?) to ridicule?

Is there anything really much more humorous in the martial notes of a fearless band of brass than in the voice that sings "The Peace That Fell O'er Eden" as the bridegroom of 60 imprints his first kiss at the altar upon a girl wife younger than his own daughter? Anyway, should the brass band be held up to further ignominy?

HARRIET HUBBARD AYER.

BUT A WOMAN—AH! THAT'S A HORSE OF ANOTHER COLOR.

RICHES.

If for the times I've flattered her
Sweet Phyllis were my debtor,
And I her humble creditor,
Ay, more—her mad petitioner—
Held fast by Cupid's fetter,
Ensnared by wile
And winning smile,
The bill I'd cancel in a style
Than which there is none better.

I'd say to her: "O Phyllis mine!
O lovellest of misses!
O maiden soulful and divine,
Within whose eyes the heralds shine
Of life's supremest blisses!
Give me thy heart,
Ere we shall part,
Since I have wooed thee with my art,
Or pay the debt with kisses!"

Of better things than shining gold
Is she the lovely master.
The precious sum was never told;
In kisses she's a thousandfold
As rich as Gould or Astor!
And though with pout
She paid them out
At lightning speed, I have no doubt
She'd only coin them faster!

OR "NO BOODLE."

In Boston, in sending out invitations to receptions and the like, they never use the expression "N. B." for fear it may be taken to signify "no beans." In St. Louis it is not used because it may be construed to indicate "no beer."

HIS CHOICE.

My old friend, R. T. S., sends me the following, with the simple request: "Please insert:"

I have heard I. Paderewski,
In his rhapsodies of tone;
And to Rosenthal I've listened
In creations all his own;
I have even heard Herr Sauer—
Their renditions all were good—
But I'd rather hear a lass I know
Play gems from "Robin Hood."

HARD LINES.

The poet tried to pipe a lay,
But found his path was barred,
Because, upon that winter day,
His "p.pes" were frozen hard.

It is not improbable that the north pole will be discovered this week somewhere in the vicinity of Baden or the Chain of Rocks.

It is not strange, but absolutely necessary, that St. Louis' new shoe factory, which is to make coverings for Chicago feet, should be the largest in the world.

Dr. Hyatt to St. Louis: "Oh, I don't know—you're not so warm!"

Let Each Do His Duty.

From the Blue Springs (Mo.) News.

Let every true Missourian become intensely interested in the great World's Fair to be held in St. Louis in 1903, in celebration of the Louisiana purchase. We occupy a place in the State that in natural resources shines the brightest of all in the great galaxy; new let each Missourian do his duty to his State and we will make the St. Louis Fair an event long to be remembered.

Fish and Water.

From the Springfield (Mo.) Republican.

"Senator Hoar," says the Post-Dispatch, "feeds his brain on the best fish." That may account for the report that he is taking water on the expansion question.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

(This column is open to everybody who has a complaint to make, a grievance to ventilate, information to give or a subject of general interest to discuss, or a public service to acknowledge, and who can put the idea into the fewest words possible. Letters from persons seeking employment cannot be given place in this column.)

Condition of Ice.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Through your efforts the public were given as fine a lake in Forest Park as can be found in any such park in the country, and it does seem a pity that having the lake it should not at all times be kept in condition for the public use. Ice of the proper strength for skating is so rare that when we do have such ice the public should have the full benefit. Sunday morning last found the ice itself perfect, but covered with snow in patches every few feet and sadly to the discomfort of thousands of skaters. Five dollars' worth of labor would have cleared it, or had there been a supply of hand scrapers hundreds of willing hands were there who would have been only too glad to have cleared the ice. Cannot something be done to improve this condition?

St. Louis. A LOVER OF THE SPORT.

Model Lover Must Not Be Jealous.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

As we have read several articles describing a "model lover" in your paper, we wish to give our opinion.

First, a "model lover" must be a thorough gentleman, good and true. He must be very kind and considerate, and never jealous, for a jealous lover is always finding fault and imagines all your time should be devoted to him. Then he must be very neat in appearance; his linen must be clean, his ties not too showy, his hair must be neatly brushed whether parted in the middle or on the side. He must not forget to take his lady love to the theater occasionally and also supply her with plenty of candy. He must never forget to kiss her at leaving. But few girls will be satisfied with one kiss. Lastly, he must not be too close with his money, but should not spend more than he makes.

East St. Louis, Ill. L. AND F.

Red Tape at Lafayette Park.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

As I live in the neighborhood of Lafayette Park would like to know why Prof. Hunt, manager of the park, does not allow skating?

There was excellent skating Sunday, but at 12 a. m. as usual, the bell was rung. Why should not skaters be allowed on the ice at Lafayette Park all day? It is a great inconvenience for persons living at a distance to go out to Forest Park.

St. Louis. A SKATER.

Inadequate Police Protection.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The number of "hold-ups" perpetrated in this city lately, which are daily mentioned in your paper, would certainly lead a person to believe that police are an "unknown quantity" in St. Louis. If such is not the case it might as well be, for they can never be found when wanted. Something ought to be done to rectify this terrible defect in our police department.

A few evenings ago Mr. Marmaduke was held up, beaten and robbed one block from Hotel Barnum, where he was stopping. His cries for help brought no assistance; the police were too far away!

At Eighth and St. Charles streets, on Friday night, at 12:30, I was the intended victim (beyond any doubt) of two footpads, but always being cautious when out at a late hour I watched their movements, and proved positively that had I not done so just when I did, and acted accordingly, that I would no doubt have been another victim added to the long list of St. Louis' "hold-ups."

I think the police department should be improved upon, and that citizens should be afforded protection from these midnight highwaymen.

A WEST END PROPERTY OWNER.

Lemon Juice for Influenza.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

It may interest your readers to know that during the great influenza epidemic in London in 1889, the Board of Health of that city advised the public afflicted with the disease to make an abundant use of hot lemonade. The perspiration caused thereby is, in most cases, sufficient to relieve the patient of severe colds, and saves him from taking refuge in quinine or other drugs which often do more harm than good.

In bronchial troubles lemon juice will relieve the irritation in the throat, acting at the same time as a natural disinfectant.

Very truly yours,

CHARLES F. HIRSH.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

SPORTS OF THE DAY

BEN IS TOP WEIGHT.

HOLLADAY HORSE PLACED FIRST IN BROOKLYN AND SUBURBAN.

ALGOL IS NEXT IN ORDER.

Then Comes Briar Sweet, St. Cloud, The Huguenot, Peep O'Day, Lieber Karl and Others.

Jim Gore II, the favorite was beaten in the six furlong handicap at the Crescent City on Tuesday.

Apple Jack, with little Troxler up took that event at the good odds of 7 to 1.

Ben Frost, the favorite in the first race was beaten by Henry Lount, who won the race in a walk, pulled up and by three lengths.

In the mile and three-quarters, Burns piloted Double Dummy in a winner. He won by three length and with 3 to 1 as the price against him.

Abuse as usual took the five furlongs owner's handicap at Oakland, Tuesday.

He was in at 80 pounds and with Hal Brown riding he made a runaway race of it and won just about as he pleased. He was an odds-on favorite, 7 to 10 being the price laid.

David Tenny and Abuse were the only favorites to land at Oakland, the other four being bowled over badly.

Good cards are offered at both Oakland and at New Orleans for this afternoon.

Last year at this time Charley Patterson's barn was the center of attraction on account of Ornament being quartered there, says the Memphis Commercial-Appeal. This year there is no one horse at Montgomery Park that claims the attention of every visitor. This is due to the fact that none of the older division has gained preeminence on the turf such as Ornament attained, but in every barn at the track there are from one to four 2-year-olds, the owners of which think will prove of Derby class, and it is this division of sentiment, as to which is the cracker-jack of the big lot, that adds interest to the coming meeting.

The weights for the Brooklyn and the Suburban, the two big Eastern handicaps, are out.

Ben Holladay has been assigned top weight in both.

In the May race he has to carry 127 pounds, and in the latter contest in June 129 pounds. Algol gets in at 124 in the Brooklyn and at 125 in the Suburban.

The estimate that the handicapper has placed on Ben Holladay's ability to run a mile and a quarter in the fast time these two races call for appears to be, to draw it mild, a very highly pitched one. Holladay is a notorious "glutton" and requires several hard races in him before he can be relied on to show his true worth. To ask him to present a quick "comer-on," such as Algol with weight, appears absurd, and, with the son of imp. Topgallant in anything approaching his best form, Holladay won't see the way the Schorrs' speedy and handsome horse goes.

Briar Sweet is the baby that the candidates for the two big handicaps of the early racing campaign will have to beat. Jennings' magnificent mare is in at 120 pounds, and, as she has all the ear marks of a Firenzi in her makeup, the thoroughbred that takes the law of the daughter of Sweet Briar will come mighty close to annexing whichever race Briar Sweet is sent for.

Below is presented, in full, the weights for the two big races:

The Brooklyn handicap of $10,000, for 3-year-olds and upwards, $300 each, half forfeit, or only $15 if declared by Feb. 20. To the winner, $8000; to the second, $1500, and to the third, $500. One mile and a quarter. To be run on Saturday, May 27, at Gravesend.

Horses.	Age.	Wt.	Horses.	Age.	Wt.
Ben Holladay	6	127	Box	5	105
Algol	5	124	Lanky Bob	4	105
Plaudit	4	121	Azucena	4	104
Briar Sweet	4	120	Whistling Coon	4	104
St. Cloud	5	118	Autumn	3	103
Peep O'Day	6	118	Lambent	6	100
The Huguenot	4	118	Thomas Cat	5	100
Lieber Karl	4	115	Maxine Gomez	4	100
Scottish Chieftain	5	115	Kingdon	3	100
Pink Coat	4	114	King Barleycorn	3	99
Don d'Oro	5	114	Ahoma	3	99
Voter	5	114	Jefferson	6	99
Geo. Keene	4	114	Formero	3	98
Handball	4	113	Filigrane	3	98
F. F. V.	5	113	Millstream	4	97
Macy	5	112	Mr. Clay	3	97
Senator Bland	4	111	Charentus	5	95
Banastar	4	110	Knight of the Gar-		
Imp	5	110	ters	5	95
Geo. Boyd	5	110	Guenette	4	93
Bangle	4	109	Marite	4	93
Warrenton	4	109	Miss Marion	3	93
Previous	4	109	Ordung	3	92
Firearm	4	109	Greatland	3	92
Fleur de Lis	5	108	Maridehead	3	90
Candleback	4	107	Jolly Roger	3	90
Napanax	4	106	Diminutive	3	90
Howard Mann	6	106	Hungarian	3	88

The Suburban of $10,000, one mile and a quarter, to be run Saturday, June 17, at Sheepshead Bay:

Horses.	Age.	Wt.	Horses.	Age.	Wt.
Ben Holladay	6	129	Napanax	4	107
Tillo	5	127	Candleback	4	107
Algol	5	125	Jean Beraud	3	107
Plaudit	4	122	Alice Farley	4	106
Briar Sweet	4	121	Howard Mann	6	06
St. Cloud	5	119	Box	5	106
The Huguenot	4	118	Latson	4	05
Peep-O'-Day	6	118	Azucena	4	104
Lieber Karl	4	115	Whistling Coon	4	104
Pink Coat	4	115	Hanaisel	4	104
Scottish Chieftain	5	115	Autumn	3	103
Don d'Oro	5	114	St. Catalline	4	104
Voter	5	114	Lambent	3	100
George Keene	4	114	Thomas Cat	5	100
F. F. V.	5	113	King Barleycorn	3	100
Havoc	7	113	Jefferson	6	98
Handball	4	113	The Kentuckian	3	98
Macy	5	113	Filigrane	3	98
Orchland	6	112	Formero	3	97
Bannockburn	4	111	Millstream	4	97
Banaster	4	110	Ways and Means	3	97
George Boyd	4	110	Mr. Clay	3	97
Imp	5	110	Jeannette	4	97
Uriel	5	110	Miss Marion	3	95
Warrenton	4	110	Star of Bethlehem	4	95
Previous	4	110	Danforth	4	95
Bangle	4	110	Scotch Plaid	4	93
Tragedian	5	110	Ills Lordship	3	93
Sailor King	4	110	Boney Boy	3	90
Fleur de Lis	5	00	Ordung	3	92
Firearm	4	108			

SKATERS' CARNIVAL.

THEY ARE HAVING IT THIS WEEK AT THE ICE PALACE.

MASQUERADE THURSDAY NIGHT.

It Will Bring Out Impersonations of Twenty-One Historical and Living Characters.

Thursday night the Ice Palace people expect to break another record with a masquerade carnival on ice.

Twenty-one characters will be impersonated, and Manager Manning anticipates that the number of the competitors for the handsome prizes offered will test the capacity of the ice surface.

Tuesday night the crack All-Canadian Hockey Club scored another victory over a team composed of St. Louis and Washington Universities and High School boys.

The scholastic seven put up an excellent and nervy contest, but were outgeneraled by the Canucks' team-work and better knowledge of the angles of the game.

The St. Louis lads failed to score, and were blanked by the Canadians, who gathered in three goals. For the collegians Sam Sample, Joe Forsham and J. Menown did good work in the advance field, and Julius Bischoff effectively blocked many a hard try of Woods and his Canadian cohorts for goal.

Beaumont and Richardson were aggressive forwards, and the playing of the game showed what wonderful progress the majority of the contestants have made in catching on to the points of the pastime.

Wednesday night the amateur fast skaters will have an innings at the Ice Palace, a mile race being the feature attraction of the card.

The line up for Wednesday night's game will be as follows:

All-St. Louis.	Positions.	All-Canadians.
Julius Bischoff	Goal	W. Laud
C. W. Randall	Point	L. G. Thompson
F. Chopin	Cover-point	O. H. Hobbs
Joe Forshaw	Forward	T. Richardson
J. Menown	Forward	E. Beaumont
C. Long	Forward	J. Pennisten
Sam Sample, C	Forward	H. M. Woods, C

Referee—W. M. Sylvester. Time, 2:10. Goals, 3 to 0 in favor of All-Canadians.

VONDY AGAIN IN COURT.

Appears With Another Charge Against Sportsman's Park and Club.

Chris Von der Ahe's attorneys this morning filed an intervening petition in the case of the Mississippi Valley Trust Co. vs. the Sportsman's Park and Club, which has been on the docket in Judge Spencer's division of the Circuit Court for some time.

In this intervening petition Von der Ahe says that he advanced the Sportsman's Park and Club $6120 during 1898, in the following months:

Salaries to ployers	$3500
Taxes	1845
Rent	375
Additional salaries	400
Total	$6120

In his petition Von der Ahe asks that the above claim be declared a lien against the Sportsman's Park and Club property to be considered before the claims of the Mississippi Valley Trust Co.

M'COY TO FITZ.

The Hoosier Kid Talks as Though He Wanted to Meet the Cornishman.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DENVER, Colo., Feb. 1.—Kid McCoy has challenged Fitzsimmons. This morning he sent the following telegram to the lanky Australian:

"Robert Fitzsimmons, New York: You promised to give me the first chance if you entered the ring again. I now demand that chance, only stipulating that the contest take place in six months' time. I will fight you at either the middle-weight or heavyweight limit. Trust you will make that promise good. Answer care Denver Post.

KID M'COY."

In speaking of the match McCoy said: "I can whip Fitz sure, or, for that matter, any other man in the world. This may seem like boasting, but since my meeting with Sharkey I am more than ever convinced that I will yet be the champion of the world, all things breaking even. It was too much training that beat me, and nothing else. After that third round my strength was exhausted, my vitality was gone and I was defeated. It is to regain my strength that I am undertaking the present trip to the coast, and all indications point to the fact that I will be bigger and stronger than I ever was before in my life."

Corbett and Sharkey.

Corbett and Sharkey will box six rounds at Tattersall's, in Chicago, on March 7. The match will be under the management of Parson Davies.

With the Billiardists.

Young Tony Faust is leading all the rest in the Cherokee billiard tournament, which is being brought successfully in Cherokee Garden. At the end of the third week's play the record of games won and lost by the competing players is as follows:

	Won.	Lost.
A. R. Faust	6	0
Wm. Frye	6	1
Ed Hunt	4	3
Ed Godfrey	4	3
Henry Resch	2	0
Conrad G. Resch	2	1
Dr. R. F. Wilson	2	2
Geo. Mark	2	4
Adam Doerr	2	4
Frank Warner	1	5
John Ziegenhein	1	5
Chas. Warner	1	4

Three games nightly will be played and the result will be very close. The friends of the various contestants are legion, and are backing their favorites with big money.

Waymen McCreery winds up his practice games with Tom Gallagher on Wednesday. This week he will leave for New York where he will take part in the Knickerbocker billiard tournament which opens on Feb. 11.

Tom Gallagher, the veteran billiardist who has been playing billiards with Wayman McCreery will leave for New Orleans this week and will put in the balance of the winter in that city.

Junior Football Association.

The Junior Football Association will give a grand reception on St. Patrick's night, March 17, at 3619 Easton avenue, and on this occasion will present the winners of the league with their prize money.

All football players are respectfully invited to attend this reception and take part in their grand cake walk.

Tuesday's Track Winners.

At New Orleans—Henry Launt, Hardee Pardee, Partner, Applejack, Tenby and Double Dummy.

At Oakland—Romany, Esprando, Whaleback, Mistieton, David Tenny and Abuse.

Madison Turf Exchange.

Trains leave Olive street at 1:10, 1:35, 2:00, 2:30, 2:55 3:20, 4:00, 4:25, 5:25.

Sharkey's Good Luck.

Tom Sharkey is the luckiest fighter that ever entered the prize ring. Wherever he has appeared he has always packed the house. At Philadelphia Monday night he got $4500 clean cash for fighting two rounds with Jack McCormick. The Arena was packed as it was never packed before for a boxing exhibition, something over 5000 people being present, and, as the prices ranged from 50 cents to $2, the receipts must have been close to $6000.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy for their children.

BIG JIM JEFFRIES.

HE IS IN NEW YORK AND READY TO FIGHT ANYBODY.

BRADY'S OPEN CHALLENGE.

Says His New Protege Will Take on Maher, Rulin, Armstrong, Fitzsimmons or Sharkey.

Jim Jeffries was given a warm reception on the occasion of his arrival in New York on Monday morning.

He had traveled all the way from California to beard the Eastern lions in their own den.

He told all hands that he had made the journey simply that he might get a chance to put it all over Sharkey or Fitz. The scalp of either of those two gentlemen, he said, would satisfy him beautifully.

"I leave all the talking to my manager, Mr. Brady, and I do the fighting," Jeffries said.

If Jeffries can fight as well as Brady can talk fight, he has no reason to fear any man in the ring, and fear seems to be unknown to him. Brady as well as Jeffries seems to be confident that the big pugilists now holding aloof from them will come to them soon or late, and they are of opinion that they will come soon rather than late. If the stars do not come the lesser lights are bound to try for a match with the big Californian. When he has brushed the small fry out of the way the men who prefer acting to fighting will have to meet him or take a back seat. Anybody seemingly, will suit Jeffries. With him it will be a case of first come, first served.

"We have done all we could to get on a match with Sharkey or Fitzsimmons," continued Brady, "and failing to reach them, we have expressed a willingness to meet Maher, Ruhlin, Armstrong, or any other heavyweight now before the public. All these fighters look alike to Jeffries, who is the only man in the world with a decision over Sharkey, and he is not only ready but anxious to meet any of them. He is not picking or choosing. He is young in years and practically new to pugilism, and he is willing to meet second-class men, because he realizes that the fighter's best school is the ring, and his best lesson a contest.

"All we can do now is to await developments. We're ready when the other fellow says the word, and we're not particular who the other fellow may be. More than that, in any match we may make we are willing to have the winner take the entire receipts. I don't think anybody will find any trouble in getting on a match with us. Any responsible club will suit us. Any reasonable purse will satisfy us. We will agree to any reputable referee. Almost anybody or anything will suit us. What we want is action, and the sooner we get it the better we will be pleased."

O'Rourke, speaking for Sharkey, says that the poor showing which Jeffries made against Bob Armstrong here precludes the idea of his being a drawing card, and that for that reason he does not care to match Sharkey against him at present. When the Californian repairs his damaged reputation O'Rourke will give him a match with Sharkey. Fitzsimmons, while professing to be willing to meet Jeffries, keeps getting further and further away form the possibility of an engagement.

Fitzsimmons is pursuing a similar policy with Sharkey. He says he is willing to box the Sailor, but that he will not box him in the Lenox Athletic Club—the only organization in America which could afford to bid for the contest. If Fitzsimmon's statement means anything it means that he does not want to fight. One day last week he announced that he had threatened to kill Sharkey "stone dead" if he ever met him in the ring. This is the talk of a man who wants to have every boxing club in the country closed. It is not the talk of a man who is looking for a mill.

Still, Fitz can have the chance whenever he agrees to bind before any club which can hang up a purse between him and the Sailor. All he has to do is to say the word.

Morris Rauch, who was defeated by Frankie Noel, before the Business Men's Gymnasium on the other night in a letter from Chicago says he is willing to meet Noel again. "Bring him to Chicago on until March," says Rauch, "and when we meet then it must be for 15 or more rounds and with the understanding that the winner take all of the purse offered. I think that by March my hands will be all right and I want them to be all right when I meet Noel again." Noel has gone to work for the Madison Car Works Co. at Madison and talks as though he would do no more boxing for a long while.

Eddie Lally and Billy Lambert, who will go 15 rounds before the Business Men's Gymnasium on Saturday night are a well-matched pair. They have met twice before and each time neither has been able to gain the decision over the other. Until they met Lally was looked on as the best of the local lightweights but now that they have met there is a difference of opinion on that score. Mike Mooney of the Business Men's Gymnasium is going to make Saturday night's entertainment a red letter occasion. Besides the Lally-Lambert 15-round go he will have several rattling curtain raisers. Some of the best boxers in his gymnasium appearing in the preliminary bouts. Mooney will also officiate as referee and master of ceremonies.

As an overture on the night of the Johnnie Ritchie-Kentucky Rosebud contest, William Reagan and "Cotton" Dieters will box 10 rounds at the West End Club. Reagan is a recent recruit to the fighting force and made a successful debut when he captured Flynn's scalp the night the Sailor mastered "Kid" McCoy.

Dieters showed his staying powers at Cahokia a year ago when he battled for 27 rounds with Lally, the contest being declared a draw.

President Pete Nolan, his protege, Joe Frede and a select St. Louis party leave on the Iron Mountain Wednesday evening for Hot Springs, where Frede will tackle Jimmie Murray of Cincinnati Friday night. Frede is in fine shape and Nolan is very confident that the first appearance of a West End Club representative in foreign territory will be a winning one.

Spider Kelly, who went to Paducah, Ky., on Saturday night, and who fought Jack Bolin in that city on Monday night, returned to St. Louis Tuesday night. He says the man who refereed the fight did not know the rules and awarded the fight to his opponent on a foul, just because some members of the crowd and Boland's seconds and friends shouted for a decision of that kind. Kelly says his opponent had eight pounds the best of him in the weights and that with the conditions surrounding him he could not have beaten Boland with an ax. The Paducah folks are so well pleased with Kelly's showing that they will back him against some one of the best featherweights of St. Louis or against Jimmy Casey of Memphis. Kelly and Kid Hogan of New Orleans will box before the Kelly Athletic Club on Saturday night.

Reed's Name Cleared.

QUINCY, Ill., Feb. 1.—W. J. Reed has been acquitted of the murder of Alexander Elmore of Keokuk.

MILES CAN PROVE IT.

MAKES A STATEMENT REGARDING HIS INVESTIGATIONS.

MORE ABOUT EMBALMED BEEF.

He Now Has Reports of Thirty Commanders and of the Men Who Embalmed It.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—In a statement given out here Gen. Miles says that he has been freely quoted without either accuracy or authority, and continues with these remarks anent the beef scandal:

"September 20 last I issued an order to regimental commanders to report to me concerning the beef which had been issued to their men. At the time that I went before the War Board Investigating Committee I had only received reports from fourteen of the commanders. Now I have thirty reports. They all tell the same story. The evidence proves the truth of the statements I have made. In addition to the reports of the regimental commanders, I have a great mass of evidence, consisting of communications, affidavits, etc., from officers, soldiers and civilians. Every part of the country has contributed to the mass of correspondence which I have received in reference to the beef served our soldiers, and the evidence is all corroborative of what I have said. The great publicity which the press has given to the matter has brought all the correspondence of which I speak upon me.

"I have overwhelming evidence that the embalmed beef was treated with chemicals in order to preserve it. I have affidavits from men who saw the beef undergoing the treatment or embalming process.

"Now as to the canned roast beef, that was different from the embalmed beef. The canned roast beef was the beef after the extract had been boiled out of it. You have seen the advertisements, 'Beef extract; one pounds contains the substance of from four to five pounds of prime beef.' Well, this is the beef after the extract has been taken from it. They put this beef pulp up in cans and label it 'Canned roast beef.' The soldiers report that the canned beef was nauseating. If swallowed, it could not be kept on the stomach."

It was pointed out to Gen. Miles that he had been quoted as having said that if the men who supplied the beef would deposit $1000 in such a way that it could be made to pay the cost of the proceedings, he would furnish absolute proof of his assertions. He was asked what tribunal he had in mind or to whom he would furnish this proof, and in reply said:

"I made that statement in response to the offer of the beef men to pay $100,000 for evidence of the truth of my allegations against their product. I looked on their offer as a bluff and took that way of answering it. I have no tribunal in mind. I have the greatest abundance of evidence to support the charges I made, and do not think that any part of $1000 need be spent in more investigation."

Gen. Miles has received a telegram from Col. A. A. Pope of Boston, requesting Gen. Miles to draw on him for $1000 to prove that chemicals were used to embalm beef furnished to soldiers, but his offer will not be accepted for the reasons already given.

HIS VOICE STILL FOR DEWEY.

Editor Watterson Grows Reminiscent in Support of His Presidential Candidate.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 1.—In support of Admiral Dewey as the Democratic Presidential candidate, Editor Watterson quotes political history in a Washington letter to his paper. He says:

"It is said that Dewey is not a Democrat. Taylor was not a Whig, nor Grant a Republican. Both served excellently well all the purposes intended, and, although the episode of 1872 is not very reassuring to Democrats, the nomination of Dewey by the Democratic party would put no greater strain upon the average sense of the fitness of things or upon political exigencies and possibilities than was put upon them by the nomination of Horace Greeley.

"The Democratic party stands very much in its present position to the public service in the position that was occupied by the Whig party during a period within the memory of men still living.

"During 32 years, from 1828 to 1860, the Whigs carried but two presidential elections—those of 1840 and 1848. In each instance they ran a popular military hero upon no platform. They lost the fruits of both victories by party divisions and bad advisement. Yet the Whigs possessed such leaders as Webster and Clay, Bell and Everett, Corwin and Crittenden and Ewing.

"During 40 years, from 1860 to 1900, the Democrats have carried but two presidential elections—those of 1884 and 1892. Both were accidents. In 1884 it took Burchard and Conkling, greatly assisted by Providence, to beat Blaine and to pull Cleveland through by the hair of his head, which was growing dangerously scant. In 1892 the Homestead riots revolutionized the vote of the labor unions and transferred it bodily to the Democrats from the Republicans who were held responsible for the bloody intrusion of the Pinkertons and the repressive measures of the Government.

"All that the Democrats got of Cleveland was the slaughter-house of the succeeding administration and the open grave into which, in 1896, William Jennings Bryan walked.

"If the folly be continued in 1900; if it be sought to reproduce the ticket and issues of 1896, with an anti-expansion plank added, there will be nothing left for the mourners to do after the event except to close the open grave and to plant some flowers above the last remains of the Democratic party, with the legend, 'Gone to meet the Federals and the Whigs,' and this inscription, 'Whilst he lived, he lived in clover; when he died, he died all over.'"

Special Notice ! !

Reopened for business. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 215-217 North Eight street. We are now ready to greet our friends and patrons with the Greatest Reduction Sale of the season. Our entire line of winter weights in Suitings, Overcoatings and Trouserings to be closed out below cost, in order to make room for Spring Styles, soon arriving. Call early and take advantage of this rare opportunity to save money. Remember the number.

Grandson of Pierre Chouteau.

Louis Chouteau Smith, aged 68 years, died suddenly at his home, 2922 Lucas avenue, Tuesday afternoon. He was a grandson of Pierre Chouteau and son of Maj. Thomas Floyd Smith of the regular army. He had been a resident of St. Louis 32 years. Rheumatism of the heart muscles caused his death and as there was no physician in attendance an inquest will be held.

Suicide at St. Peters, Mo.

Miss Annie Prinster, aged 19, committed suicide at the Eastern Hotel in St. Peters, Mo., Monday about 3 o'clock. She left a note saying she was tired of life. An empty bottle of carbolic acid was found near her body. No cause was assigned for her act.

Jack Stelzner Wins.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Feb. 1.—Jack Stelzner secured a decision over Tom Silverthorn in the eleventh round of a 20-round bout on a foul. Silverthorn roughed it all through, and after being repeatedly warned, without effect, the referee gave the decision to Stelzner.

MUNYON'S

I will guarantee that my Kidney Cure will cure 90 per cent. of all forms of kidney complaint and in many instances the most serious forms of Bright's disease. If the disease is complicated send a four-ounce vial of urine. We will analyze it and advise you free what to do.

MUNYON.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st., Phila.

KIDNEY CURE

"Let There Be Light!"

Cosmopolitan Mantles

give the nearest known light to sunlight; are enduring, the most economical kind to buy.

Fit All Incandescent Gas Light Frames.

Every genuine has the brand **"Cosmopolitan"** in the woof.

Universal Price 25c.

Wise dealers sell them. If your dealer is not wise, order direct from

Cosmopolitan Incandescent Gas Light Co.,
173 E. Madison St., Chicago, U. S. A.

Established 38 Years

The BEN WALKER LOAN CO. HAVE REMOVED

To their elegant new store.

213 NORTH 7th ST.,

(Ground Floor. Holland Building).

Where they will continue as before, as a First-Class Loan Office. Private Loan Rooms. Business Confidential.

HOLDING HANDS OFF.

GERMANY WILL NOT MEDDLE IN AMERICA'S AFFAIRS.

SHE IS NOT UNFRIENDLY.

Ambassador Von Holloben Says That War Between the Nations Would Be a Calamity.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Dr. Theo. Von Holloben, German Ambassador, has given an authorized interview which may be regarded as an official statement of the attitude of Germany. Speaking of immediate questions the Ambassador said:

"About the question of expansion, which has become such a vital one, I can say that Germany at least is not interfering in what is strictly the affair of the United States.

"The United States did not object to our occupation of the Philippines. We have not in the Philippines any more vital interest than America has in China. Since the United States, although urged to do so, did not protest against our entrance into her commercial domain in the Celestial empire, we cannot do a more courteous act than to follow her example and abstain from all criticism of her acts in Asiatic waters."

The Ambassador emphatically protests against continued intimations of unfriendliness upon the part of Germany and says, referring to the millions of Germans in the United States: "Any trouble which might occur between the two countries would be to millions of their citizens as great a calamity as a civil war. Commercial friction does not constitute a plea sufficiently strong to warrant our viewing the case in any other light. Commercial friction does not enter into the question of higher politics. I know the American people are too fair-minded to allow minor considerations to influence their judgment in the great things at stake.

"It is true that tariff regulations in this country and restricted legislation in ours have caused ill will, but this is a natural result of the great struggle for commercial supremacy. I can say with perfect truth, notwithstanding much which has been said to the contrary, there never was a moment when the officials of the so-called Government believed one iota of the rumor of German interference or German hostility during the late war.

"When you talk of the Philippines and the presence of a large German fleet in those waters you must remember that Germany had more valuable and more numerous interests to protect than any other power, England not excepted. In addition to our own interests we had those of Austria, Switzerland and Portugal. It must be remembered, too, that we were not prepared for the sudden and dazzling victory of Admiral Dewey and the changes on the political horizon that victory brought about. We were acting on the assumption that Spain would not be able to hold her own against the insurgents and were prepared to cope with a state of anarchy. With the appearance of the United States as the sovereign power all our fears vanished."

The "Lookout Mountain Route"

To Florida and the Southeast—The Dixie Flyer—through sleepers St. Louis to Jacksonville, Fla. First class service. Good dining halls at all meal stations.

Plants for Tin Plate Trust.

MARTIN'S FERRY, O., Feb. 1.—The directors of the Aetna Standard Iron & Tin Mills have favorably considered an offer of $3,281,000 from the American Tin Plate Company for their plants here and at Mingo Junction. The question of the sale will be submitted to the stockholders, who are understood to favor the deal.

Signs of Every Description.

Lowest prices. W. F. Williamson, 210 North Seventh st.

Senator Mahoney of Chicago Weds.

DALLAS, Tex., Feb. 1.—State Senator Joseph P. Mahoney of Illinois, a prominent Democrat of Chicago, was married here last night to Miss Nonie Boren at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. B. H. Carroll of Waco. Four hundred invitations had been sent out.

12 Platino Cabinets, 50c.

BRING THIS NOTICE THIS WEEK ONLY.

GENELLI, 923 Olive

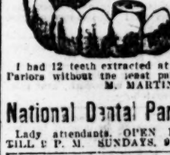
PIMPLES, Eczema, Tetter, or any skin and blood disease, quickly cured. SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, Warts, Moles, Birthmarks, Scars, Tattoo Marks, etc., permanently removed without pain. Any deformity of the Mouth, Nose, Ears, Lips corrected by a painless operation. Late manage. of the J. H. Woodbury D. T. JOHN WHIRLY, M. D. Dermatologist, 307 Union Trust Build'g.

COAL

Economy Soft Coal for domestic use. Hard Coal, best quality. Lee-Rock Prices. Family trade a specialty.

Devoy & Feuerborn
C. & C. CO.
315 N. Seventh St.

MANHOOD RESTORED. "CUPIDENE." This great Vegetable Vitalizer will quickly cure all nervous, or diseases of generative organs brought on by youthful errors or excesses, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Spermatorrhoea, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. Stops losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which leads to Spermatorrhoea and Impotency. Cleanses the liver, kidneys and urinary organs of all impurities. Strengthens and restores small weak organs. $1.00 a box; 6 for $5.00. Guaranteed to cure. Send for free circular and 5000 testimonials. Address David Medicine Co. San Francisco, Cal. For sale by



BEFORE AND AFTER

ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG CO.
600 Market St., 601 Washington Av., 612 Franklin Av.

NOW, WATER and SMOKE

Paralyzed the shoe business all over town, and crowded Hilts' to the doors. Thousands of pairs added to the

39c, 59c, 84c and $1.19 COUNTERS,

Rubbers for Men, Women and Children...5c

C. E. HILTS SHOE CO., 6th st. and Franklin av.

"ST. LOUIS SHOW"

which way the wind blows." The ever increasing trade for

GALLAIS' ICE CREAM, OYSTERS and CELERY

Show that they are well liked—always fresh and good. These delicacies are unexcelled for balls, parties or sociables. Special rates. Extra inducements to out-of-town residents.

S. Gallais, S.E. Cor. 21st & Walnut Sts. Ph. no. Main 2076.
Branch: 19 to 25 Union Market. 'Phone Main 2772A.

DENTISTS.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

No Pain. No Gas.

Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by application to the gums. No charge for extracting when teeth are ordered.

A Guarantee given with all work for ten years.

FULL SET OF TEETH	$4.00
GOLD CROWNS 22-k	$4.00
VITALIZED AIR	25c
BRIDGE WORK, PER TOOTH	$4.00
SILVER FILLINGS	50c Up
GOLD FILLINGS	$1.00 Up

We have the lowest prices consistent with first-class work by dentists of long experience.

Union Dental College,
622 OLIVE ST., SECOND FLOOR,
Southeast Corner Seventh and Olive Streets
Open Daily. Sundays, 10 to 4. Evenings till 9

Full Set of Teeth, 99c

We wish to demonstrate our ability to do first-class painless dentistry, and want you to recommend us to your friends. Our present prices are less than those charged by "fake" colleges; you are attended by first-class experienced graduate dentists and not students, who practice upon you. We guarantee satisfaction or no pay. We make the following offer for a limited time only:

Full set of any kind of teeth, for cost material.
Gold and silver filling, for cost material.
Gold crown and bridge work, for cost material.
Painless extracting and cleaning free.

By calling early out of town patients can have their teeth the same day.

All work guaranteed. Hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 6.

Methyl Dental Parlors,
513 N. Sixth St. Opp. Crawford's and Wells-Wilson's.

New York Dental Rooms

LEADING DENTISTS
Painless Extracting.

J. A. SHOBER, DENTIST,
311 N. 7TH ST., SUITE 207, HOLLAND BLDG
Bell Main 2648. Kinloch Gold Central, A. 66.
ALBANY DENTAL CO. FREE ELEVATOR

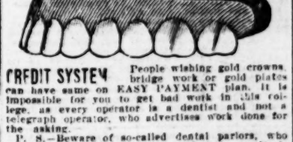
Full Set of Teeth 50c

Free UNTIL FEB. 8th **Free**

IN ORDER TO INCREASE OUR CLINIC want every man, woman and child in St. Louis to have their mouths examined by the professors of this college. All our work will be done for small charges for material. WE DO AS WE ADVERTISE.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain	Free
Teeth Cleaned	Free
Silver Fillings	Free
Soft Fillings	Free
22-k Gold Crowns	$2.65

ALL WORK GUARANTEED FOR 10 YEARS.



CREDIT SYSTEM People wishing gold crowns, bridge work or gold plates can have same on EASY PAYMENT plan. It is impossible for you to get bad work in this college, as every operator is a dentist and not a telegraph operator, who advertises work done for the asking.

P. S.—Beware of so-called dental parlors, who advertise opportunities of a lifetime, as it is impossible for them to do work for cost of material. Therefore they intend to rob you. We do as we advertise.

Pennyroyal Pills
Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggists for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name this paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

Ice Palace---Skating.
COOK AND CHANNING AVS.
Thursday Night, Grand Masquerade Carnival.
ADMISSION—25 CENTS.
Children, afternoons, except Sunday, 15c.

Smith's Bile Beans (Cure Constipation)
Trial Size, 5 cents. All Druggists.

FREE!

Weak Men Restored
Or No Expense for Treatment

A course of remedies—the marvel of medical science—and Apparatus indorsed by physicians will be sent ON TRIAL, WITHOUT ADVANCE PAYMENT. If not all we claim, return them at our expense.

MEN WHO ARE WEAK, BROKEN DOWN, DISCOURAGED, men who suffer from the effects of disease, overwork, worry, from follies or excesses, from unnatural drains, weakness or lack of development of any portion of the body, failure of vital forces, unfitness for marriage—all such men should "come to the fountain head" for a scientific method of marvellous power to vitalize, develop, restore and sustain. On request we will send description, with testimonials, in plain sealed envelope. (No C. O. D. imposition or other deception.) Address

Erie Medical Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT. OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 21, 1899.

Whereas, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The State National Bank of St. Louis," in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, has complied with all the provisions of the statutes of the United States required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking;

Now, therefore, I, Charles G. Dawes, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The State National Bank of St. Louis," in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in section 5169 of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of January, 1899.

(Seal) CHARLES G. DAWES, Comptroller of the Currency. No. 5172.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC MAT. TO-DAY, 25c and 50c.
Regular prices—$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c.
"WAY DOWN EAST."
Regular Saturday Mat.
Sunday, Feb. 5th—JAMES O'NEILL.

CENTURY MAT. TO-DAY, 2 c and 50c.
Regular prices—$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c.
"BROWN'S IN TOWN."
Regular Saturday Mat.
Monday, Feb. 6th—JAMES K. HACKETT.

HAVLIN'S
25-cent Matinee Tues., Thurs. and Saturday.
25c Matinee To-Morrow. **IN OLD KENTUCKY.**
Next Sun. Mat.—"On Land and Sea."

STANDARD.
The Home of Folly—Two Frolics Daily.
**THE MAJESTI

Never rent a house, a flat, or a store, without consulting the "For Rent" columns in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.
20 words or less 5c.

BARBER—Several months' experience; do ordinary work; wants $5 per week; single man. Ad. F 75, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—Strong boy of 18 would like to learn retail grocery trade; can write good hand. Address X 73, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—A bright, neat orphan boy, 14 years old, wants a position; no objection to small salary; no experience. Address B 72, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—Strong boy, 16 years, wishes to work for board and small wages; can tend horse and cow; refs. Ad. G 189, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—D. C. Bosserman, 19 years, just from country, wants position as clerk, office boy, etc. 3023 Finney av.

CARETAKERS—Place wanted, by man and wife to take care of country home or farm; understand gardening, care of fruit and stock; can give refs. Ad. 2108 N. 13th st.; side entrance, upstairs.

CARPENTER—Good, first-class carpenter wants jobbing; will contract job very reasonable. Ad. M 73, Post-Dispatch.

CARPENTER AND PAINTER—Desires position as boseman; handy with tools; strictly sober; refs. Ad. D 75, Post-Dispatch.

CLERICAL—Clerical position of any kind wanted by young man 19 years of age; good at figures and willing to work. Ad. E 74, Post-Dispatch.

CLERK—Sit. wanted by sober, honest, experienced grocery clerk; must have employment at once. Address G 53, Post-Dispatch.

CLERK—A thoroughly experienced dry goods clerk wants situation in country town; can trim windows; first-class refs. Ad. G 52, Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN—Wanted, sit. as coachman or gardener; understands horses, cows and garden; refs.; city or country. H. H., 3634 Clark av.

COLLECTOR—Sit. wanted by a young German-American collector; bond and ref.; small salary. Address X 72, Post-Dispatch.

COLLECTOR—Wanted, a position in city or city and country as collector, in any good business; wages to suit the employer; five years' experience; married; 35 years of age; best of references. Ad. F. E. P care Jewelry Store, La Motte, Ill.

COOK AND CHOREMAN—Sit. wanted by colored couple; woman good cook; man for horses; steady and reliable Southern people; refs Ad. 2812 Adams st.

COOKS—Sit. wanted by man and wife as cooks; R. R. or levee camps; ref. C. A. Smith, 7018 Minnesota av.

DRIVER—Sit. wanted by German married man to drive any kind of team; experienced in the city. Ad. B 73, Post-Dispatch.

FIREMAN—Sit. wanted by a first-class fireman; best refs. S. w. cor. 22d and Cass av.

HOUSEMAN—Sit. wanted by colored man; can do any kind of housework. A. Auftin, 2630 Chestnut st.

HOUSEMAN—Wanted, place as cook and houseman by young colored man; unmarried and not afraid of work. T. S., 2016 Pine st.

MAN—Sit. wanted by German man around gentleman's place, to attend horse, furnace, housework, etc.; best of city ref. Ad. G 73, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Wanted place in private family to care for horses; no objection to country. Address W 80, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Wants sit. with gentleman having horses, etc.; sober, reliable; good home main object; refs. Ad. B 447, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Work wanted by a sober man on candies, cakes, ice cream and pastry; best refs. Ad. T 80, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Sit. wanted as assistant in office, in any capacity; 7 years' exp. as bookkeeper; speaks German; ref. Bookkeeper, 3401 Manchester av.

MAN—Sit. wanted by respectable middle-aged man; assistant in office or light employment any kind; good refs.; 13 years in St. Louis. Address G 74, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Wanted, by a young man, situation of any kind. Ad. O 73, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Sit. wanted by steady young man; prefers firing boilers; 8 years' experience; or work in some wholesale house. Ad. O 51, Post-Dispatch.

MAN AND WIFE—Sit. wanted by man and wife; good cook and good houseman; understands waiting on table; salary $25 per month. 4084 Fairfax av.

NURSE—A skilled male nurse; American and European experience, is open for serving; terms moderate; refs. Ad. E 75, Post-Dispatch.

PAINTING, ETC., WANTED—By experienced man, painting, papering, carpentering; low rates. Ad. dress N 74, Post-Dispatch.

PAPER RULER—Sit. wanted; paper ruler, who has general knowledge of book binding, printing and experienced solicitor. Address M 74, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Traveling salesman wants position; best of references. G. K. Page, lock box 131, Corpus Christi, Tex.

SALESMAN—Experienced clothing salesman wants position to travel in the South; Tennessee or Arkansas preferred; can furnish best of refs. Ad. D 17, Post-Dispatch.

SANESMAN, ETC.—Sit. wanted by salesman and window trimmer; gents' furnishings; 5 years' experience; N. Y. refs. 5447 Easton av.

STENOGRAPHER—Practical stenographer, reliable, educated, middle-aged man, who understands bookkeeping and owns machine, wants work. Ad. T 80, Post-Dispatch.

WATCHMAN—Wanted, sit. as night watchman or janitor by thoroughly reliable man; good refs. Address Ed Carter, 1404 Pine st.

WATCHMAN—Wanted, a position as private watchman; married; 35 years of age; best of gilt-edge references; in St. Louis or here; wages to suit. Ad. P. O Lock Box 22. La Moille, Ill.

HELP WANTED—MALE.
14 words or less 10c.
Business announcements, 10c per line.

AGENTS WANTED—To carry as a side line, "Filippino Solitaire;" sells to merchants of all kinds; sample by mail, 15c. M. Winter Co., Sheboygan, Wis.

A.—MEN WANTED—Reliable persons in every section to distribute circulars, samples and tack signs; no canvassing; cash paid. Will A. Molton Co., Cleveland, O.

BARBER WANTED—Must be first-class. 515 St. Charles st.

BARBER WANTED—Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. 2239 Cass av.

BARBER WANTED—Young man to learn the trade, at 2355 Market st.

BLACKSMITH WANTED—Good general machine blacksmith. Wm. Ellison & Sons Mfg. Co., 1020 N. 6th st.

BOOTBLACK WANTED—Experienced; colored. Apply Lindell Hotel, bootroom.

BOY WANTED—Young man to learn the barber trade; elegant chance. 5355 Easton av.

BOY WANTED—House and dining room boy; colored. 1521 Olive st.

BOYS WANTED—Several good boys, to work afternoons. 3324 Shenandoah.

BOYS WANTED—To try Harris' $1.98 shoes; made for good wear. 520 Pine st.

ENGINEER WANTED—At once. Apply Mound City Paint & Color Co., Boyle av. and Clayton rd.

FIRE INSURANCE MAN WANTED—One of good record can secure a permanent field position in Missouri; state business experience and send refs. Ad. Amos D. Blatchford, general agent, Indianapolis, Ind.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—Don't prepare for any Civil Service examination without seeing our illustrated catalogue of information; sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

GROCERY CLERK WANTED—A first-class grocery clerk; must be a hustler, and would prefer one that could cut meat in an emergency. Apply to 721 and 723 Collinsville av., East St. Louis.

MANAGERS WANTED—Several trustworthy persons to manage our business in their own and nearby counties; mainly office work conducted at home; salary, straight $900 a year and expenses; definite, bona fide salary; no more, no less salary; references; inclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Co., Dept. F, Chicago.

MAN WANTED—Neat, reliable man, to tend house-work and furnace; at once. 2201 Park av.

MAN WANTED—Experienced young man in stock room. Miller & Bayles Shoe Co., 909 S. 22d st.

MAN WANTED—Man of neat appearance, to solicit; man of large acquaintance preferred. Address T 72, Post-Dispatch.

MAN WANTED—Up-to-date young man for floor-walker and to take charge of 2d floor; must be experienced and have knowledge of cloaks, millinery, etc.; state salary, experience, appearance and full particulars. The Star Store, Indianapolis, Ind.

HELP WANTED—MALE.
14 words or less 10c.
Business announcements, 10c per line.

MEN WANTED—At once, to learn barber trade; last year we placed 1800 men with Red Cross, army and city shops; still another field; 10,000 circulars just sent barbers brought 800 more jobs for April 1; join now; two months completes; $15 weekly guaranteed; commission allowed from start; no such opportunity offered before; call or write to-day. Moler Barber College, 1107 Pine st.

MEN WANTED—For wrecking, Wright and Parnell sts., Thursday morning. J. Belswaenger.

MEN WANTED—Good men to introduce new patent paper hanging machine. Address P. R. Cross Co., 278 Michigan av., Hammond, Ind.

NEWSBOYS WANTED—304 Euclid av.; good corner.

NIGHT WATCHMAN WANTED—In a manufactory; state salary. Ad. K 73, Post-Dispatch.

PAINTER WANTED—Carriage painter; one that can stripe and finish; piece work. Ad. E 140, Post-Dispatch.

PORTER WANTED—First-class. Grand Hotel barber shop.

PRIVATE diseases a specialty at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary, 1214 Franklin av.

SALESMEN WANTED—$100 per mo. and exp. paid on cigars; experience unnecessary; steady position; liberal offer. Bailey Bros., Philadelphia, Pa.

SALESMEN WANTED—School supply salesmen to carry out Teacher's Botanical Aid (just out) as side line. Western Publishing House, Chicago.

SALESMAN WANTED—Well-established house, dealing in premium goods, has room for first-class salesman; to satisfactory man permanent position to handle regular line of manufactured merchandise given; work high class. Apply Drawer 675, Chicago.

SALESMAN WANTED—An experienced sewing machine salesman to wholesale in Mississippi or Alabama. Ad., giving full information. Box 635, Atlanta, Ga.

SALOON PORTER WANTED—With experience. Apply 701 Washington av.

SHIRTMAKERS WANTED—Experienced shirt-makers on high-grade stock and special order shirts; constant employment the year around to competent operators guaranteed. Well Shirt Co., 55-57 Market st., Chicago.

SOLICITORS WANTED—Bright young men to solicit orders on commission. Apply Western Embroidery Co., 413 N. Broadway.

STOVE REPAIRS
For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. BRAUER'S, 219 Locust

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE
20 words or less 5c.

COMPOSITOR—Expert and experienced young woman compositor desires position in newspaper office; refs. Ad. Box 78, Kahoka, Mo.

COOK—Sit. wanted by colored lady as cook or general housework. 604 N. 15th st.

COOK—Sit. wanted to cook or do laundry work; good refs. 2621 Morgan st.

COOK—Sit. wanted by neat colored girl for cook or general housework; good refs. Please call or send card to 2516 Cass av.

DRESSMAKER—No. 1 dressmaker wishes to take charge of dressmaking department out of city; best refs. Ad. A 61, Post-Dispatch.

DRESSMAKER—Wants few more engagements in families; $1.10; children's clothes and white sewing, $5 per week. 2742 Dayton st.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted as housegirl. Apply 2859 N. Grand.

HOUSEGIRL—Young woman will do light housework nights and mornings for room and board. Address H 74, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by colored girl to do genera' housework; good refs. 2615 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by a respectable colored girl for housework or nurse. Rear 2621 Morgan.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by middle-aged woman for general housework; call 2 days. 815 N. 21st st.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by girl of 16 to assist in housework no postals answered. 816 N. 17th st.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted as general housegirl; city or country; one that appreciates a good home. 924 N. 15th st.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by colored girl as genera' housegirl. Rear 1524 Wash st.

HOUSEGIRL—Reliable young colored girl wants permanent sit. to assist in housework; best refs. Ad. W 194, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEGIRL—Girl of 16 wishes place in refined family to do light housework for musical instruction; ref. ex. Address T 191, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEKEEPER—Sit. wanted as housekeeper for widower or bachelor; best of refs. Call 824 Salisbury st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Woman wants sit. as housekeeper for widower; nurse or light housework; good refs. Ad. D 74, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, by an American lady, position as housekeeper; city or country; call or address. 2724 Olive st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Sit as housekeeper for widower or bachelor. Call rear 2333 Franklin av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Sit. wanted as housekeeper in city or country; good refs. Ad. N 73, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted by widow; reliable, economical cook, careful housekeeper, nurse, etc. Ad. F 74, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEKEEPER—Sit. wanted as housekeeper by middle-aged woman, for bachelor or widower; am first-class in every respect; have had two years' experience in a first-class house in the West End; can furnish the best of refs. Ad. R 73, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEWOMAN—Sit. wanted in private family by woman for general housework; refs. 2526 Newstead av.

HOUSEWORK—Sit. wanted to do general housework and cooking. 4310 John av.

LAUNDRESS—First-class laundress wants washing to take home or go out by day. 3965 Easton av.

LAUNDRESS—Sit. wanted by laundress to do washing and ironing or take home. Mrs. Smith, 2d floor, rear, 2914 Morgan st.

LAUNDRESS—1st-class white laundress wants washing and ironing to take home. Mrs. Johnson, 1818 Wash st.

LAUNDRESS—Sit. wanted by 1st-class colored laundress to do washing or bring home, best refs.; postals answered until Friday. 2623 Morgan st., Fannie Curtis.

LAUNDRESS—Wants the first days of the week; can give refs. Ad. 2024 Wash st., 2d floor.

LAUNDRESS—A German woman would like washing in or out the house. Addre L. B., 1538 S. Broadway, 2d floor.

MODEL—Sit. wanted by young lady as model in cloak store. Ad. P 73, Post-Dispatch.

MODEL—Young lady with a good form wishes sit. as cloak model. 4135 Westminster pl.

NURSE OR HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted. 3121 Park.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced stenographer desires deskroom and use of typewriter in exchange for work; highest refs. Ad. D 130, Post-Dispatch.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced stenographer desires position; graduate of high and normal; highest refs.; must have work; $5 a week. Ad. O 163, Post-Dispatch.

WASHING AND IRONING—Wanted, to take home. 4020 Finney av.

WOMAN—Sit. wanted at office cleaning by a neat colored woman; good refs.; or work by the day. 2216 Chestnut st.

WOMAN—Sit. wanted by a colored lady with baby; more for a home than wages. 2622 Papin st., 2d floor.

WOMEN—2 women want office or store to clean; perfectly honest. Address by mail, 2208 Montana st.

STOVE REPAIRS
Casting and repairs furnished for any stove or range made. J. Forshaw, 111 N. 12th st.

TALKING MACHINES
$1.00 PER WEEK.
Loud records, supplies, repairing.
CONROY GRAPHOPHONE CO.,
804 Olive st., Rooms 203 and 204.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.
14 words or less 10c.
Business announcements, 10c per line.

ASSORTER AND MARKER WANTED—C. & C. Laundry. 2934 Olive st.

BUTTONHOLE MAKERS WANTED—On Wheeler & Wilson machine. New Era Mfg. Co., 811 Lucas.

BUTTONHOLE MAKERS WANTED—Good, exp. buttonhole makers on custom vests. 809 N. 7th st., 2d floor.

COATMAKERS WANTED—Experienced duck coat-makers. Loth Jeans Clothing Co., 904-914 Pine.

COOK WANTED—Good cook, with refs. 4331 Pine st.

COOK WANTED—Exp. female cook. Apply 2018 Pine st.

COOK WANTED—Good German cook. 3205 Washington av.

COOK WANTED—Middle-aged woman; for country. Apply 2223 Hickory st

COOK WANTED—1st-class cook, with references. 5079 Cabanne av.

COOK WANTED—Girl for cooking and laundry work; wages, $3.50 per week; keep two girls. 3866 Washington av.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron. 3421 S. Broadway.

COOK WANTED—First-class cook; no washing or ironing; must be A No. 1 cook. Apply 401 N. Taylor av., corner McPherson av.

GIRL WANTED—For restaurant. 3002 Chouteau.

GIRL WANTED—Girl for washing. 1426 Market.

GIRL WANTED—In small family; cooking, washing and ironing. 4262 Washington bl.

GIRL WANTED—Good girl; must have refs. 3620 Finney av.

GIRL WANTED—A little girl to assist in light housework. 1736 Missouri av.

GIRLS WANTED—Who understand how to put "back" pockets in pants. Loth Jeans Clo. Co., 904-914 Pine st.

GIRLS WANTED—Shirtmakers; also girls to learn shirt making on power machines. New Era Mfg. Co., 811 Lucas av.

GIRLS WANTED—Small girls for light manufacturing work. Address E 73, Post-Dispatch.

GIRLS WANTED—Neat girls, handy with the needle. Hurst Neckwear Co., 702 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family; no children. 3931 Russell.

HOUSEGIRLS WANTED—2 German servant girls to do housework; no washing. E. Merz, 204 N. 12th st.

HOUSEGIRLS WANTED—3 German servant girls to do general housework; no washing. H. Nagel 1135 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Not over 18; small wages, good home. 2913 Dickson st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 5661 Cates av.

HOUSEGIRLS WANTED—Two competent girls to cook and do housework. 3227 Lafayette av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 3519 N. Taylor av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German woman to do general housework. 1320 Bayard av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for cooking and housework; no washing. 1837 Lafayette av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general house work. 4823 Page bl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; good wages to right party; bring refs. Call at once, 4252A Delmar av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no cooking. 2801 Indiana av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl for general housework in family of two; refs. 4438 West Belle pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; must have recommendations; none other need apply. 2112 Waverly pl., or Geyer av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Competent girl for general housework; German preferred; call after 12; refs. 4484 Laclede av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; no washing. Apply at 3952 West Belle pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 4351 Laclede av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A neat, experienced white girl for house and dining room work. 5332 Vernon av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of 3. 5161 Maple av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German or Swede girl for general housework; must be good cook. 3972 Cook av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A small girl to assist in housework. 3176 Portis av.; take Tower Grove car.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—At once; small family. 1720 Glasgow av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 3341 California av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for house and dining room work; near Cabanne pl. Apply 4415 Delmar.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. 3628 Castleman av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework; references required; 2 in family. 3306 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general house work. 1776A Missouri av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family; good wages. 3320 Lucas.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; good wages. 2709 Gamble st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2834 Gravois av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for housework and assist in washing and ironing. 4120 West Pine.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to assist in general housework. 1521 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, washing and ironing. 3944 Delmar bl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; no washing or cooking. 1510 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Woman for housework. Apply 417 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family; wages $15. 4546 Laclede.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; ref. required. 3329 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4233 McPherson.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—An experienced girl for general housework in small family. 2900 Henrietta.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3616 Cates av.; must be 1st-class.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good, strong girl for general housework; small family; good wages. 4575 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3400 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family; must understand cooking. 2240 St. Louis av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family; no washing. 4222 Folsom av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; German preferred. 1907 Hickory st.

LADIES make money fast selling our new hose supporters; sample free. Norumbega Mfg. Co., Waltham, Mass.

LADIES WANTED—To embroider at home; experience unnecessary; distance no objection; send reply envelope for free sample piece of work. Manhattan Embroidery Co., Beekman Bldg., New York.

LADY WANTED—An old lady, to take care of children; call to-day. 1905 S. Jefferson av.

LASTERS WANTED—On men's work. Mound City Boot and Shoe Co.

NURSE WANTED—German girl, about 18, to take care one child and assist in housework. 4235 Lindell av.

NURSE WANTED—Healthy young woman as wet nurse; whole time required; bring reference. Apply 4008 Morgan st., between 4 and 5 p. m.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—Good colored nursegirl. 3931 Washington av.

OFFICE GIRL WANTED—Neat young girl for light office work. Apply Room 925, Holland bldg.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.
14 words or less 10c.
Business announcements, 10c per line.

OPERATORS WANTED—On Lufkin folders. Miller & Bayles Shoe Co., 909 S. 22d st.

SEAMSTRESSES WANTED—Exp. hand sewers on pants. 1226A Ann av.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED—One willing to work for practice and car fare at first. Ad. R 80, Post-Dispatch.

STRAW HAT SEWERS WANTED—Experienced straw hat sewers at Sylvester C. Judge Hat Factory, 1810-21-23-25 Pine st.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES for Cloak and Suit Department. Apply between 8 and 9 o'clock Thursday morning to Superintendent.
GRAND-LEADER.

AGENTS WANTED.
14 words or less 20c.

AGENTS WANTED—To call on the best people, introducing the Histrionograph; big money. 311 Granite bldg.

AGENTS WANTED—"Filippino Solitaire," the latest fad; sells at sight; sample by mail, 15c. M. Winter Co., Sheboygan, Wis.

AGENTS WANTED—For family remedies; exclusive right; no bottled goods; 100 per cent profit; samples free. J. W. Farley, Syracuse, N. Y.

AGENTS—Neat and smart; something new; big com.; call 4 p. m. only. Genelli, 923 Olive st.

THEATRICAL.
14 Words or Less, 20c.

THEATRICAL—Wanted, few people to complete dramatic company; good amateurs accepted. Address B 75, Post-Dispatch.

LOST AND FOUND.
14 words or less 10c.

Lost.

BOOKS—Lost, bill and account books. Finder restore to James McCarron, owner, 3910 Kennerly av. and receive reward.

BOOKS—Lost, in California av. car, Tuesday evening, package containing two drawing books. Finder please return to 2217 California av. and receive reward.

CERTIFICATE—Lost—Notice is hereby given that certificate No. 1039, dated May 10, 1895, issued to the undersigned by the Lindell Railway Co. for fifteen (15) shares of the capital stock of said company has been lost, and that the undersigned has applied to the said Lindell Railway Co. for the issuance to her of a new certificate for said fifteen (15) shares in lieu and stead of said certificate No. 1039. Jennie M. Bull, 4567 Morgan st., St. Louis.

CERTIFICATE—Notice is hereby given that certificate No. 1040, dated May 10, 1895, issued to the undersigned by the Lindell Railway Co. for ten (10) shares of the capital stock of said company, has been lost, and that the undersigned has applied to the said Lindell Railway Co. for the issuance to her of a new certificate for said ten (10) shares in lieu and stead of said certificate No. 1040. Malinda O. Brown, 4567 Morgan st., St. Louis.

DOG—Lost, shaggy black poodle; collar on, with bells; answers to name Ted. Reward, 2906½ Easton av.

DOG—Strayed, from 2415 Biddle st., young brown collie bitch; black sides; white collar around neck and white stripe on nose. Return; liberal reward.

DOG—Lost, white and lemon colored setter dog; scar on stomach. Reward if returned to 5500 Maple av.

DOG—Lost, one terrier bob-tail dog, with chain collar and license. Return to 14 S. 14th st. and receive reward.

GREYHOUND—Lost; $10 reward for return of fawn female greyhound; ears erect; black muzzle; lost Nov. 1. Edward Brown, 6221 Etzel av.

HEART—Lost, small gold heart, with gentleman's picture inside; Monday evening, about 5:30, on Park av. car. Return to 2849 Eads av. and receive reward.

POCKETBOOK—Lost, at Havlin's yesterday afternoon matinee. Finder can have money and please return pocketbook to 314 Olive st.

PURSE—Person who took purse from Nugent's counter return receipts and papers to 609 N. Garrison av.

PURSE—Lost, purse containing $5 bill, 4 silver dollars, about 60c in small currency, 3 pictures clippings, sample of brown dress goods, and 2 matinee tickets. Finder please leave same at Grand Opera House and receive reward.

Found.

GLOVES—Found, at Lafayette Park, pair of fur gloves, which owner can have by paying for this ad and proving property. 2907 Park av.

BUSINESS CHANCES.
14 Words or Less, 20c.

BUSINESS CHANCE—Safety in speculation; $100 invested in grain or stocks by my safe method plan will pay $1000 profit within 30 days; references furnished; write for particulars. Richard Oliver, banker and broker, Chicago Stock Exchange, Chicago.

MONEY—Will invest $200 and services in lucrative business. Address B 74, Post-Dispatch.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.
14 Words or Less, 20c.

NEWS STAND—For sale, good book and news business; post office stand; in town of 8000. Address Lock Box P, Newton, Kan.; terms cash.

NEWSSTAND—For sale, a good newsstand. Apply at 3206 Laclede av.

ROOMING HOUSE—$300 buys 10-room rooming house; full of good paying roomers. Ad. P 74, Post-Dispatch.

SALOON—For sale, good business in country saloon; cheap rent; long lease; reason for selling, other business. Ad. E 72, Post-Dispatch.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.
14 Words or Less, 20c.

FIXTURES—For sale, store fixtures, including shelving, counters, show cases, steam radiators, etc. Sonnenfeld Millinery Co.

FOR SALE—Ten R. I. P. A. N. S. for 5 cents at druggists; one gives relief.

INCUBATOR—For sale, Peerless incubator and brooder; hot water; in good order; for $10. Call or write 6440 Cheltenham av.

MISCELLANEOUS—2d-hand stuff for sale; 20 ft. galv. iron pipe, 40 in. dia., 4 doors, 2 iron standards for fans, 2 stations for pneumatic tube system, 1 large fire door, nearly new; 15 feet mahogany and glass partition and door. Address Purchasing Agent, Post-Dispatch.

WHEELBARROWS—For sale, 3 wheelbarrows; nearly new. Address Purchasing Agent, Post-Dispatch.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.
14 Words or Less, 20c.

CAMERA WANTED—2d-hand stereoscopic camera; must have good lenses. Ad. A 75, Post-Dispatch.

CAMERA WANTED—A 5x7 or 8x10 second-hand camera; must be in good condition. Ad. O 74, Post-Dispatch.

STEREOPTICON WANTED—2d-hand oxy-hydrogen stereopticon; must be in good condition and cheap. Address W. S. Stanley, 108 S. Ewing av.

WOOD WANTED—Four loads of wood, suitable for kindling. Apply 2836 Market st.

ANIMALS.
14 words or less 20c.

Dogs.

Sheep.

EWES WANTED—One or two car loads of Northwestern ewes, for breeding. Address Lock Box 71, Oakland City, Ind.

TO EXCHANGE.

TAILORING, diamonds, furniture, carpets, stoves, or anything of value in exchange for 1st-class dentistry. Call or write Methyl Dental Parlors, 515 N. 6th st.

ROOMS FOR RENT.
14 words or less 10c.

BROADWAY, 513 S.—Well, clean, furnished rooms, with good stoves; $1.25 to $1.50 per week.

CARR ST., 1733—Fine fur. rooms for light housekeeping; cheap; all conveniences.

CHESTNUT ST., 1113—Nicely furnished rooms; gents only.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1326—One large 2d-story front room; housekeeping or gentlemen; $2.50 a week.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1112—2 nicely furnished single rooms for gents or light housekeeping; cheap.

COMPTON AV., 1021 N.—Comfortable furnished room, complete for housekeeping; private family; low price.

DELMAR AV., 4482A—2 nicely fur. rooms for light housekeeping; with hot and cold bath.

EASTON AV., 3156—Connected fur. rooms for light housekeeping.

EASTON AV., 2933—Large front room; neatly furnished; reasonable to right party; all convs.

EUGENIA ST., 2204—Furnished and unfurnished rooms; privilege light housekeeping.

FIFTEENTH ST., 711 N.—Furnished front room for 2 gents; also rooms for light housekeeping.

FOURTEENTH ST., 105 S.—Furnished housekeeping rooms; also sleeping rooms; respectable people only; $1.50 up.

FRANKLIN AV., 2846—Neatly furnished room; h'l. bath; no other roomers.

FRANKLIN AV., 5181½—Neatly furnished front room for 1 or 2 gents.

FRANKLIN AV., 3310—Comfortably furnished room; 2d floor; gas, hot bath; heat; private family.

LEONARD AV., 829—2 front connecting rooms, 2d floor; gents or housekeeping; gas, hot and cold bath.

LINCOLN AV., 3962—Two rooms, nicely furnished; light housekeeping; terms very moderate.

LINDELL AV., 3521—Nicely furnished room for 1 or 2 gents; $8.

LOCUST ST., 1120—Nicely furnished front and back rooms; gents or light housekeeping; cheap rent.

LUCAS AV., 2829—Front parlor for housekeeping; also small 2d floor room.

LUCAS AV., 3327—Nicely furnished room; bath, furnace; reasonable.

MOUND ST., 1011—Nicely fur. rooms, for gentlemen and housekeeping; rent cheap.

OLIVE ST., 2641—Furnished for housekeeping two 2d-story connecting rooms; 1 single room.

OLIVE ST., 2330—Finished basement room for rent, with cook stove.

OLIVE ST., 2913—Nicely furnished room, complete for housekeeping; $1.75; suitable for 2 gents; $1 each per week.

OLIVE ST., 2326—Front and back room; separate or en suite; also housekeeping rooms.

OLIVE ST., 2333—Large 2d-story front room; gents or housekeeping; also hall room.

PAPIN ST., 1559—Nicely furnished parlor for gents or housekeeping; reasonable.

PARK PL., 1419 N.—One or two rooms for light housekeeping; with bath.

PINE ST., 2814—Front room, 3d floor, complete for housekeeping; $1.50 per week.

PINE ST., 2305—2 nicely furnished connecting rooms for light housekeeping; also one attic; cheap.

PINE ST., 3110—Unfurnished connecting rooms; also single rooms; cheap price.

PINE ST., 1316—Rooms for gentlemen and housekeeping. $1.25 to $2 week.

SHERIDAN AV., 3180—2 nicely fur. rooms suitable for light housekeeping; hot and cold bath.

SIXTEENTH ST., 821 N.—Large front room, fur. for housekeeping; $2 per week.

ST. CHARLES ST., 906—Good rooms, with fire; for 1 or 2 gentlemen; $1 per week.

VANDEVENTER AV., 1024A—Furnished room, to a lady; rent $6.

WASH ST., 1803—Basement room, furnished for light housekeeping.

WASH ST., 1803—Basement room, fur. for light housekeeping.

WASHINGTON AV., 1013—Fur. front rooms $1.50 to $2.50 per week; light fire.

WASHINGTON AV., 1503—Nicely fur. rooms for gentlemen only; $1 to $1.50 per week.

ROOMS WITH BOARD.
14 words or less 10c.

ATTENTION—The Admiral, 2930 Locust st.; elegant rooms, large or small; choice cuisine; parlors, smoker; telephone; reasonable rates.

BELL AV., 3404—2 elegantly fur. rooms, single or en suite; with or without board; all conveniences.

BOARDING—Wanted, to board small child or infant; best motherly care; $10 month. Ad. L 111, Post-Dispatch.

COOK AV., 3606—Nicely fur. front rooms; private family; 1st-class board; gent or couple.

DELMAR AV., 4069—A front 2d-story room; so. exp.; 1st-class board to parties without children; references.

DELMAR AV., 4008—1st floor; warm and sunny; 5 windows; good table. Apply afternoon.

EUGENIA ST., 2326A—Rooms with board for 4 gents; no other boarders; best of home cooking; 3 blocks from Union Station.

FINNEY AV., 3733—Rooms with board for 4 gentlemen or ladies, employed; $15 and $20 month.

FRANKLIN AV., 2907—Nicely fur. front parlor, to couple; all conv.; board lady if desired.

ILLINOIS AV., 3421—Neatly fur. room; good board, including fire, $3 per week.

LACLEDE AV., 3030—Fur. room, with so. ex.; board if desired.

LOCUST ST., 1420—Choice rooms, with board, $4 per week; home comforts; visitors accommodated.

LOCUST ST., 2804—Very desirable 2d story front room; best board and service; references.

LOCUST ST., 3025—Choice rooms and board; fine location; between Olive and Lindell cars; prices reduced.

LOCUST ST., 1424—Rooms with good board; home comforts; terms reasonable.

MISSOURI AV., 1407—2 furnished front rooms, with board; young lady, gentleman or couple; convenient Park av. cars, opposite Lafayette Park.

MORGAN ST., 4059—Nicely fur. rooms; home board; $35 per couple; permanent party; con.

MORGAN ST., 3025—Large 2d and 3d story rooms; good table; steam heat; gentlemen preferred.

MORGAN ST., 3035—Handsome 2d story front and other rooms; good board; furnace; gentlemen.

OLIVE ST., 3103—Nicely furnished parlor, with board; also table boarders.

OLIVE ST., 2919—Front room, with board, for two ladies or gents.

OLIVE ST., 1726—Flat A—Elegantly and newly furnished room, front or back; heat, bath, gas, with or without board; reasonable to congenial party.

OLIVE ST., 3500—Sunny, handsome fur. rooms; private baths; all mod. convs.; with or without board.

PINE ST., 3528—Desirable room, with excellent board for one or two gentlemen; terms reas.

WASH ST., 1516—Nicely fur. room; good board; $3.75 per week.

WASHINGTON AV., 1818—Fur. heated rooms, with good board; $4 per week; visitors accommodated.

WASHINGTON AV., 2649—2 rooms, with board; $32 and $35 per month; for two; every conv.; good table, home comforts.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.
14 words or less 10c.

ROOMS—Wanted, 3 furnished rooms for light housekeeping; small family; give full particulars. Address C 74, Post-Dispatch.

ROOMS WANTED—A couple of nicely furnished rooms, complete for housekeeping, near Olive, west of Jefferson av. Ad. T 75, Post-Dispatch.

ROOMMATES WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 10c.

ROOMMATE WANTED—Lady roommate; room and board, $2.50. 2919 Olive st.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 10c.

ROOM AND BOARD WANTED—By lady, unfur. room with board; parlor, home comforts; $14. Address A 74, Post-Dispatch.

ROOM AND BOARD WANTED—Two ladies, employed, desire room and board; state particulars and lowest terms; refs. exchanged. Ad. W 75, Post-Dispatch.

ROOM AND BOARD WANTED—Young lady, not employed, wants room and board in home of widow; state terms, which must be reasonable, and location. Address H 75, Post-Dispatch.

ROOMS WANTED—2 or 3 unfur. rooms, in private residence; with or without board; 1st-class neighborhood; convenient to Grand and Franklin. Address G 75, Post-Dispatch.

ROOM WANTED—By young couple, room, furnished or unfurnished; with or without board; Compton Heights or West End. Ad. N 74, Post-Dispatch.

DWELLINGS FOR RENT.
14 words or less 10c.

BLACKSTONE AV., 1334—8 rooms; bath and gas. Keeley & Co., 1113 Chestnut st.

CHAMBERS ST., 1219—8-room house, $18. Keeley & Co., 1113 Chestnut st.

CHESTNUT ST., 1123½—9 rooms, hall, bath and gas. Keeley & Co., 1113 Chestnut st.

LOUISIANA AV., 1335—7 rooms; ba'l, bath and gas. Keeley & Co., 1113 Chestnut st.

LUCAS AV., 2816—7 rooms; hall, bath and gas. Keeley & Co

GONE TO BE MARRIED, WENT TO A WEDDING.

MISS EMMA C. SMITH ON HER WAY TO MANILA.

JACOB BOXERMAN DECLARES THE BRIDE WAS HIS WIFE.

WILL BE A SOLDIER'S BRIDE. SHE CLAIMED TO BE FREE.

Lieut. Whitworth Could Not Come to Her and She Will Cross the Seas to Join Him.

The Man Who Thinks He Is a Husband Is Worried Because He Can Not Prove It.

Mrs. G. C. Smith and Miss Emma C. Smith, wife and daughter of the purchasing quartermaster in St. Louis, left Tuesday afternoon for San Francisco whence they will sail for Hong Kong Friday. At Hong Kong the ladies will be met by Lieut. Fegram Whitworth, to whom Miss Smith is engaged, and to whom she will be married in Manila, March 20. The trip of nearly 5000 miles will take about 45 days—a little over a month from San Francisco to Hong Kong and about 12 days from there to Manila.

There will be no lack of guests at the wedding celebration for Lieut. Whitworth writes that there are about 50 officers' wives there and by the time of the ceremony the Twelfth Infantry, now departing, will have arrived.

This long trip is the climax of a pretty little love story. Lieut. Whitworth, a fine-looking man, about 27 years of age, upon his graduation from West Point, was assigned to Fort Bliss, near El Paso, Tex., where Col. Smith was then stationed as quartermaster for the Department of Texas. The young people grew to know each other quite well and with increasing knowledge came affection. They did not realize how serious this was until in 1897, when Col. Smith was ordered to St. Louis and the lovers were forced to part. Miss Smith visited friends at Fort Bliss early in 1898, their troth was plighted. Arrangements were made for an early wedding. But their plans were interfered with by Lieut. Whitmore's regiment being ordered to Manila. It was hoped that the young man would soon be able to get a furlough and return to the "girl he left behind him," but this was impossible.

Throughout the war with Spain he served on the staff of Gen. McArthur. He belongs to an old and wealthy family of Shreveport, La. He has had an exceptional record while in the army, having been promoted to a First Lieutenancy and, more recently, brevetted Captain for gallantry in the battle near Manila.

Miss Smith's eldest sister is also married "in the service," being the wife of Lieut. Barber, of the Second Regiment, who distinguished himself by conspicuous bravery in the battle of San Juan, of the Cuban campaign. Miss Smith has a brother who is a Lieutenant in the Eighth Regiment, now at Huntsville, Ala.

YOUNG BRIDES OF WEDNESDAY.

One Is 15 and the Other but a Year Older.

There are two young brides in St. Louis to-day.

They are Mrs. Patric Wirtle, aged 15, of Morgansford road and Mrs. Roger A. Malloy, aged 16, of 710 South Broadway. They look more like school girls than wives.

Mrs. Wirtle was Miss Mary Stolpe before her marriage and lived at 2123 Howard street. She tried to procure a license to marry Tuesday but it was refused on account of her age. She was accompanied to the Recorder's office Wednesday by her father, who gave his consent to her marriage.

Mrs. Malloy was formerly Miss Lillie I. Wolff of 508 South Broadway. She was accompanied to the marriage license office by her mother who said that she thought her daughter was old enough to make a good wife.

IMPROVED PROPERTY FOR SALE.
14 Words or Less, 20c.

FOR EXCHANGE—Equity in St. Louis property; will exchange for stock of liquor. Ad. F 22, Post-Dispatch.

FARMS FOR SALE.
14 words or less 20c.

FARMS—$200 will buy 60 acres, 60 miles of St. Louis, ¼ mile from railroad, store and P. O.; good 5-room frame house and barn; 80 fruit trees; land is level and free from rock; balance on easy terms; or will exchange for suitable house in St. Louis. 47 acres, 1 mile of Warrenton, Mo.; well improved; house, orchard and fence; price, $800, on easy terms. 80 acres; ½ mile of Warrenton, Mo.; good fair house; all fenced; 300 bearing fruit trees; price, $1300; on easy terms. S. E. NEWHOUSE, 1007 Fullerton Bldg.

FARM—Good 40-acre farm; will exchange for stock of merchandise, liquor or cigars. Ad. G 72, Post-Dispatch.

FARMS WANTED.
14 words or less 20c.

POULTRY FARM WANTED—To rent a small place for poultry raising; about 30 or 40 miles from St. Louis. Ad. T 70, Post-Dispatch.

DWELLINGS FOR RENT.
14 words or less 20c

REDUCED TO $25.
Those neat 2-story 6-room brick dwellings, 2661-3-7-9 Lucas av.; bath, etc. Have always rented for $30; in best order.
HAYDEL REALTY CO.,
109 N. 7th st.

Let Me Collect Your Rents.
Reasonable rates, prompt settlements. Money to loan. Malcolm Macbeth, 12 N. 8th st.

LOANS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.
14 words or less 20c.

ALL applications for loans on household goods, pianos and other security receive our prompt attention; payments arranged in any manner desired; business strictly confidential. N. Y. Finance Co., 207-8-9 Odd Fellows' Bldg., 9th and Olive.

DO YOU KNOW that we advance money to employes of firms or corporations without mortgages, indorsements or security of any kind? Strictly confidential; loans can be repaid in weekly or monthly payments, as desired. AMERICAN FINANCIAL CO.,
813 Security Bldg., S. W. cor. 4th and Locust sts.

FURNITURE LOANS—EASY PAYMENTS.
Borrow money from us on your furniture or pianos; lowest possible rates. With a discount if paid before due; business confidential. Fidelity Brokerage Co., 914½ Olive st., room 1.

MONEY loaned on furniture and pianos, without removal. Columbia Loan Association, 810 Olive st., room 807.

MONEY LOANED on furniture, pianos, sewing machines, bicycles; no removal; small payments accepted and interest saved; we give you a discount if loan is paid before due; est. 1880. 1015 Morgan.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE holding permanent positions with responsible concerns upon their own names without security; easy payments. Tolman, room 801, 211 N. 7th st.

FINANCIAL.

RENEW loan with Hugunin, pawnbroker, 923 Olive st., at lower rate; fine pledges for sale.

STORAGE.
14 words or less 20c.

AMERICAN STORAGE & Moving Co., 2215 Olive—Moving, packing and shipping; stor. in separate rooms. Tel. Main 2531-A. W. H. Langdale, Pres.

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; money loaned. R. C. Leonard, Jr., & Co., 1210-1221 Olive st.

LANGAN & TAYLOR
3638 OLIVE STREET.
Storage, moving, packing and shipping. Phone Main 2604-A.

Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co.
1723-25-27 and 1729 Morgan St.
Branch office, 1005 Pine st. Phones—Main 2170 and Main 969.

THE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.

Total clearances to-day, Gulf and Atlantic ports —Wheat and flour equal 669,000 bu wheat; corn, 557,000 bu.

New Orleans exports—To Marseilles, 40,000 bu wheat. To Rotterdam, 85,000 bu wheat, 3000 sks. flour. To Cork, 125,820 bu corn.

Private wire to Wm. A. Rooke from F. G. Logan: Our Liverpool letter, Jan. 21, says: "We have given way only a little in price of wheat. The Argentine crop begins to move, but Brazil will take first shipments, perhaps 200,000 or 300,000 quarters. Threshing reports are satisfactory and port stocks have begun to make a show. 70,000 increase by last cables. Estimates of exportable surplus, 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 quarters, are confirmed from other sources. The discount on futures prevents any free selling and will tend to limit orders and keep spot prices steady."

The weather map indicates another very severe cold wave by to-morrow. There are light snow flurries in the Dakotas, Minnesota, Nebraska and Iowa. There are rains in California.

Weather forecast—Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Michigan, Iowa and Kansas, snow flurries, Thursday cloudy, colder; the Dakotas and Nebraska, fair and cold; Minnesota, snow to-day and Thursday fair and cold.

Trimble says: Very severe weather continues all over wheat belt. No reports yet as to effect of present severe weather on wheat; there is very little snow, however, on wheat to-day. Full reports from State of Washington indicate crop has been covered with snow until very recently, and is generally in good shape at this time. No wheat is being sold to millers or exporters, as holders refuse to accept prices offered, and buyers will not make concessions. Of the 1898 crop 40 per cent is still in hands of farmers. Millers are working their stocks down close. Flour stocks to-day probably largest in history of Pacific Northwest; great scarcity of export facilities. Corn reports from Eastern Nebraska show some old corn being shelled out, but mostly held.

Private wire to J. W. Sanford: Price wires: "This looks like a weak market to me. I expect to see considerable liquidation shortly; it has to come, no matter what the condition."

Private wire to William A. Rooke: The Record says: "After Feb. 1 the railroads will decline to transport less than 30,000 pounds of grain in a car. If the car contains a less quantity it will be chargeable with the freight on 30,000 pounds."

Chicago—Stocks of contract wheat in store, 2,020,000 bu, including 84,000 bu of No. 2 red and 2,635,000 bu No. 1 Northern. Contract corn, 4,935,000 bu, and contract oats, 335,000 bu. The total stocks of wheat increased 87,000 bu last week. Contract corn increased 110,000 bu and contract oats increased 118,000 bu.

Chicago receipts to-day: Car lots—Wheat, 88; contract, 7. Corn, 454; contract, 56. Oats, 103; contract, 13.

Estimated receipts at Chicago to-morrow: Wheat, 87 cars; corn, 620 cars; oats, 150 cars.

Liverpool stocks of wheat, 2,104,000 bu, an increase of 976,000 bu over Jan. 1; corn, new, 952,000 bu, an increase of 152,000 bu; flour increased 35,000 sacks.

The world's visible supply of wheat and flour shows a decrease for the week of 679,000 bu, compared with 52,000 bu decrease the previous week; 55,000 bu increase same week last year, and 2,514,000 bu decrease same week in 1897.

Closing cables:

Liverpool—Wheat closed steady, ⅜@¾d lower. Corn closed ¼d lower than yesterday's close.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Year Ago.
Wheat	1,191,291	1,188,500	1,856,634
Corn	1,010,751	1,013,812	3,471,061
Oats	192,387	193,383	145,211
Rye	8,042	8,042	71,860
Barley	4,353	4,353	7,341
No. 2 red wheat	155,529	155,529	1,433,953
No. 2 hard	198,087	199,087	154,774
No. 2 mixed corn	697,143	684,140	2,460,219
No. 2 hard	138,126	135,878	634,244
No. 2 mixed oats	34,360	34,360	10,283
No. 2 white	22,231	22,231	17,391
No. 2 rye	1,863	1,803	71,627

Stock of wheat in private elevators and city mills, Feb. 1, 295,000 bu.

Flour Movement.

	Receipts	Shipments
St. Louis	3,950	3,906
Chicago	17,366	24,982
Toledo		
Detroit	1,200	600
Milwaukee	16,780	27,951
Minneapolis		58,140

Western Movements of Grain.

PLACE.	Wheat. Rec	Wheat. Ship.	Corn. Rec	Corn. Ship.
St. Louis	14,878	4,686	63,750	39,940
Chicago	99,474	26,085	705,334	136,630
Toledo	22,231	12,000	31,782	47,000
Detroit	18,926	10,539	17,125	1,250
Kansas City	61,900	48,300	41,300	7,700
Minneapolis	23,200	7,000	23,150	3,500
Milwaukee	246,000	40,670	79,790	40,320
Duluth	106,080	13,317	41,383	1,061

Sample Market Prices.

	To-day.	Yesterday.
WHEAT.		
No. 2 red	76 n	77 @77½ n
No. 3 red	72½@73	72½@73
No. 4 red	67 @69	67 @69
No. 2 hard	68½@69	70 @71
No. 3 hard	67½@68	67½@68
No. 2 spring	68 @68½	68½@69½
No. 3 spring	65 @66	66 @67
CORN.		
No. 2 red	35	35½
No. 2 white	35 @35½	36
No. 3 mixed	34 @34½	34½@34⅝
No. 4 mixed	31½@32½	32 @33
Ear corn	34 @35	34 @34½
Low corn, white	35½@36½	36 @36½
OATS.		
No. 2	29 @29¼	29 @29¼
No. 2 Northern	29½	29½
No. 2 white	30½@31	31
No. 3 white	30 @30½	30½
No. 4 white	29½@30	30
No. 3 mixed	28½@28	28½@29
No. 4 mixed	28 @28¼	28 @28½

Future Prices.

	Closing (Yest'day.)	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Feb	76 b	76 b	76 b	76 b
May	78½	78½	77⅛	77⅜ b
July	70¼@70⅝	71	70¼	70⅝
CORN.				
Feb	35 n	35 n	35 n	35 n
May	35⅝@35⅞ n	36⅛	35½@35⅝ n	36 b
July	36⅜ n	36⅜ n	36⅛ n	36½ n
OATS.				
Feb	28⅜ n	28⅜ n	28⅜ n	28⅜ n
May	28⅜ n	28⅜ b	28⅜ n	28⅜ n
July	25⅜ b	26 n	26 n	26 n

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
May	74⅝@74¾	75¼	73½ @74⅝@74¾
CORN.			
May	37⅛	37¾	37⅝ @37⅝
OATS.			
May	27⅞@27⅝	28¼	27⅝ @27⅝
PORK.			
May	$10.35	$10.42½	10.27½ @$10.40@42½
LARD.			
May	5.80	5.82½	5.77½ @5.82½
RIBS.			
May	5.12½	5.17½	5.12½ @5.17½

CHICAGO CLOSE.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Wheat—May, 74⅝@74¾c; July, 72⅝c. Corn—Feb., 35⅜c n; May, 37⅞c; July, 38⅜@38⅝c b. Oats—Feb., 27½c n; May, 28⅜c; July, 26⅜c.

Flax—Northwest, $1.18 a; Southwest, $1.14 n; May, $1.17½.

CURB MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—2:30 p. m.—May wheat, 73⅜c b; puts, 73⅝c b; calls, 75½c b. May corn, 36c b; puts, 36c b, 35⅞c a; calls, 36⅛c b, 36⅜c a.

Chicago—May wheat, 73⅜c b.

New York—May wheat, 78½@78¾c b; puts, 77⅜c; calls, 79½c.

WHEAT.

The market showed a slight reactionary tendency early this morning from the decline of yesterday. The opening was ⅛c up, and in the first half hour there was an advance of ⅜c. Liverpool was off ½d at the opening, but second cables showed a gain of ¼d from the opening, and the close was ¼d lower. There was considerable early selling of long wheat, but the buying was confined almost to the shorts of foreigners being sellers, and although clearances were fairly good, 669,000 bu, the day's export demand was practically nothing. After the first half hour the short demand dropping off, the market quickly dropped to yesterday's close, and later went lower, but the decline not rapid nor serious, ranging down to ⅝c below yesterday, but recovering after each break to about ½c below yesterday.

Receipts of wheat at primary points to-day were 592,000 bu, as compared with 378,000 bu same date last year. Shipments, 162,000 bu, compared with 94,000 bu same date last year.

Receipts of wheat at Minneapolis and Duluth to-day were 403 cars, compared with 264 cars same day last year.

Receipts of wheat at St. Louis to-day were 14,878 bu, compared with 11,600 bu same date last year. Of these 266 sacks and 18 cars were loyal, compared with 300 sacks and 18 cars same date last year.

Spot grades—In the sample market red wheats were about unchanged, except No. 2, nominally 1@1½c lower, but none offered; hard wheats were off 1@2c, and springs down 1c from yesterday. The demand was light and the market very inactive.

Local pit ranges:

May opened at 78¾c, an advance of ⅛c over yesterday, and after declining ⅜c advanced till it reached 78⅝c, the highest of the day; from that it dropped rapidly to 78c, ranged up to 78⅜@78⅝c, then declined to a range of 78¼@78⅜c; then there was a decline to 77¾c, then ranged from 77¾@77⅞c for some time, after which it dropped in a few minutes to 77⅝c, the lowest of the day; from that it ranged up slowly until it got to 77¾@78c, then once more dropped to 77¼@77⅛c, rallying near the finish, and closing at 77¾c, a decline of ⅜c from yesterday.

July opened at 71c, declined to 70¾@70⅝c, got back to 71c, then declined to 70¼c, gaining at the finish with May, and closing at 70⅝c, fractionally higher than yesterday.

CORN.

The market opened 1-16c up and showed more strength than wheat, owing to good export demand and good clearances—537,000 bu—and, in spite of primary receipts running over 1,000,000 bu, the prediction that prices would go off with wheat was not realized, and after a steady, firm market the close was ⅛@⅜c higher than yesterday.

Receipts of corn at primary points to-day were 1,013,000 bu, as compared with 693,000 bu same date last year. Shipments, 279,000 bu, compared with 288,000 bu same date last year.

Receipts of corn at St. Louis to-day were 63,750 bu, compared with 78,215 bu same date last year. Of these 71 cars were local, compared with 9x6 sacks and 59 cars same date last year.

Spot grades—In the sample market prices of No. mixed and white were off about ⅛c; ear corn about unchanged, one lot of mixed bringing a little better than yesterday's top price.

Local pit range:

May opened 1-16c up, at 35⅜c b, advanced to 36¼c, declined to 35⅝c, recovered a fraction, then to 35¾@35⅞c, ranged steadily up to 36⅜c b at the close, an advance of ⅛@⅜c over yesterday.

July opened at 36¾c n, and was neglected throughout, closing at 36¾c n, ⅛c up from yesterday's asked price.

Feb. was neglected, closing at 35c n.

OATS.

The market opened dull, and nothing was done all day, but following Chicago prices were firm at ⅛c advance over yesterday.

Receipts of oats at primary points to-day were 459,000 bu, compared with 615,000 bu same date last year. Shipments, 299,000 bu, compared with 182,000 bu same date last year.

Receipts of oats at St. Louis to-day were 46,800 bu, compared with 52,800 bu same date last year. Of these 36 cars were local, compared with 28 cars same date last year.

Spot grades—In the sample market, while top quotations were unchanged, there were some slight concessions and an easier feeling.

Local pit range:

May opened at 28¾c b, advanced to 28⅞c b and closed at that, a gain of ⅛c over the price asked at yesterday's close.

Feb. and July neglected throughout Feb., closing at 28⅝c n and July at 29c n, ⅛c better than yesterday's bid price.

RYE.

On call no bids for No. 2, and none offered. In the sample market 56c was bid, offered at 57c.

BARLEY.

Market steady: Minnesota quoted at 52c for fancy, 48@50c for choice and 40@45c for medium.

HAY.

Receipts, 465 tons, 120 tons through; shipments, 165 tons. Prairie was dull and timothy fairly steady, but market in general very quiet.

Quotations for new stock: Timothy—Choice $9@9.50; No. 1, $8@8.50; No. 2, $7@7.50; No. 3, $6.50. Prairie—Choice, $8.50; No. 1, $7@7.50; No. 2, $6@6.50. Clover—No. 1, $8.50@9; lower grades, from $7.50 to $6.50; clover mixed, $7@7.50.

STRAW—Wheat and oat, $4.25. East St. Louis, $4.50 bids side; rye at $7.00@7.50.

FLOUR AND FEED.

FLOUR—Market steady; demand light.

Patents	$3.55@3.70
Straights	3.20@3.55
Clears	2.80@3.00
Low and medium grades	1.85@2.25
Fancy low grades, bran and grits	1.55@1.60
Rye flour	3.00@3.10

BRAN—Market firm and steady; 58c bid East track; offered at 60c. Mills selling from 58@60c at mill.

SEEDS—GRASS AND FLAX.

GRASS SEEDS—Quotations per 100 lbs, as follows: Timothy—Prime, $2.30; solid red-top quotations, $3.50@3.60; mixed and chaff down to 75c. Clover—Steady and firm; $3 for western; $6.00 for pure. Millet—Common, 90c@$1.00; German, $1.00@1.20; Hungarian, 85c.

HEMP SEED—Quoted nominally at $2.90.

FLAXSEED—Receipts, 1800 bu; shipments, none. Market easier at $1.11½ bid for spot or to arrive. One car sold at that.

PROVISIONS

PORK—Market steady, unchanged; standard pork, $9.37½, on orders; 50c per bbl higher; new pork, $10.25.

LARD—Market nominally steady; choice, $5.35; prime, $5.45.

BACON—On orders: Boxed lots—Shoulders, 5½c; extra short, 5½c; clear ribs, 5¾c; clear sides, 6c.

DRY SALT MEATS—Shoulders, 4¾c; clear sides, 5c; clear ribs, 4¾c; extras, 4¾c.

BREAKFAST BACON—On orders, 7½@10½c per pound.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS—7¼@8½c.

BEEF—Mess, $9.50@10.50 per bbl; dried, 10½@13c; tongues, $5 per dozen.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

LEAD—Market strong and higher at $4.32½ bid.

SPELTER—Very strong at $5.45.

ON THE STREET.

(The Post-Dispatch quotations are for car-lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are charged higher, as selected goods are used.)

FRUITS.

APPLES—Market very firm for choice fruit, demand good; fair to choice $2.25@2.50 per bbl, $3.75@4 for fancy. California Bellefleurs, $1.50 per 20-lb box; California Smith riders, $1.60 per 45-lb box, jobbing price.

PEARS—Scarce and demand fair; Kiefer, $1@1.25 per bu.

ORANGES—Mexican, $2.75@3 for Florida boxes; $2.50@2.90 for California boxes; Tangerines, $6 per case. New California seedlings, $2.25@2.50; fancy navels, $2.75@3.25.

CALIFORNIA GRAPES—Cornichen, $1.65@1.75 per 20-lb crate; Emperors, $1.75.

MALAGA GRAPES—$3@10 per bbl.

CALIFORNIA PEARS—$2.25@2.50 per box.

GRAPE FRUIT—$3@3.50 per box.

LEMONS—Quiet and steady; new Messina, $3.50@4; California, $3.50@4.

BANANAS—On orders, medium bunches, $1.15@1.40; choice large, $1.65.

COCOANUTS—$35 per 1000 or $4 per 100.

CRANBERRIES—Choice Cape Cod, $6 per bbl; Jersey, $5.00@5.50.

STRAWBERRIES—None in market at present, but expected to arrive about Feb. 1. Quotable at 50c per quart box.

PINEAPPLES—Cuba receipts selling at $2.25@2.75 per dozen, as to size.

PEARS—Scarce and demand fair. Kiefer, $3@1.50 per bbl; $1@1.25 per sec.

DRIED FRUIT.

APPLES—Scarce and in good demand. Evaporated rings, average receipts, 7@7½c; fancy, 8@8½c; common, 6@6½c; evaporated quarters, 5½@6c; skins, unbleached, 3@3½c; bleached, 1½@2c; sundried quarters, 4½@5c for fair to choice; common, 2½@3c.

PEACHES—Sundried, 2½@3c for common to choice; evaporated bleached 4½@5½c.

VEGETABLES.

TOMATOES—Florida choice, $2.75@3 per 6-basket crate, small stock, $2.25@2.50. California, $1.50@1.75 per 4-basket crate.

POTATOES—Market firm for good stock; Northern Burbanks, Rose and Rural, 41@43c on track; Ohio, 48@50c, on track. Triumph, 50@55c; mixed white, 35@37c, red, 34@35c; Colorado snowflakes, 75@80c per bu delivered; Peerless, 38@40c on track. The severe weather has frozen many lots on track.

SWEET POTATOES—Bermuda, $1.25 and Nansemonds $1.50 per bbl.

ONIONS—Scarce; Northern globes, choice red, 60@65c per bu delivered; yellow, 50@55c; small and inferior, 30@35c; Spanish, $1.25 per crate. Pickling, $1@1.25 per bu box.

SPRING ONIONS—35c per dozen bunches.

CABBAGE—Market steady, strong; Holland seed, $2@2.25 per ton on track, $2@2.25 delivered, but considerable inferior and frozen stock selling anywhere from $13.50@18. Red cabbage, $1@2 per ton delivered.

RADISHES—New Louisiana, 50@35c per doz. bunches; 10c per box.

LETTUCE—Home-grown, 75c per bu box; New Louisiana, $2@2.50 per bbl. Florida, $1.75@2 per hamper.

CAULIFLOWER—Choice California, $2.25@2.50 per crate; Texas, $4@4.50 per bbl.

TURNIPS—Unwashed, 75c per bbl.; washed, $1. New Southern 25@30c per doz. bunches.

RUTABAGAS—Northern at 32c per bu delivered, $1 per bbl on orders.

CARROTS—Michigan, 40@50c per 100 lbs; $1@1.25 per bbl on orders; new Louisiana, 30@35c per dozen bunches.

BEETS—Home-grown 15@20c per doz bunches; Northern $1 per bbl.

HORSERADISH—$2.75@3 per bbl for home-grown on orders.

PEPPERS—Florida, $1.50@1.75 per 6-basket crate.

CUCUMBERS—Choice hothouse receipts, $1.50@2 per doz, for large; Louisiana, 75c@$1.

STRING BEANS—Florida round green and wax, $2.50@2.75 per bu bsk.

EGG PLANT—Florida, $2.25@2.50 per 1-basket crate.

SAUER KRAUT—¼ bbls, $2.00 or $3.50 per bbl.

OKRA—Home-grown, $1.50 per bbl; 30c per doz bunches.

PARSNIPS—$1.75 per bbl for washed, $1.50 for unwashed. 50@60c per bu on orders.

CELERY—Fair supply; choice small 100@200 per bunch; medium 25@35c; white plume, 40@50c. Celery roots, 30@40c per dozen, as to size.

GREEN PEAS—Florida selling at $2.50@2.75 per bu box.

ASPARAGUS—Hot house receipts, $1.25@1.50 per doz. bunches.

EGGS.

Receipts, 3537 cases; shipments, 2323 cases. Market easier at 15¼c, loss off, for nearby shipments.

BUTTER AND CHEESE

BUTTER—Unevenly and a fair trade, yet supply ample and prices lower.

Creamery—		Dairy—	
Extra Elgin	19 @20	Extras	18 @18
Extra	17 @18	Firsts	17 @17
Firsts	15 @16	Seconds	15 @15

Ladle Packed—		Store Packed—	
Extras	12 @13	Nearby roll	11 @12
Firsts	11 @12	Northern roll	11 @12
Seconds	10 @11	Grease	3½@3¾

CHEESE—Firm; Wisconsin—Full cream, twins, 10¾c; singles, 11c; N. Y. A., 11¾c; Southern Wisconsin and Illinois—Twins, 8½c; singles, 9¾c; N. Y. A., 9¾c; skims, 2@5c. Limburger 11c. Swiss—No. 1, 13½@14c; No. 2, 11½@12c.

GAME.

Quotations to sportsmen. Drawn, 25c per doz. lower.

DUCKS—Mallards firm at $1 per doz; blue wing teal $2.25; green wing teal, $2; canvas-back, $6; red heads, $4; common mixed, $1.25; jack snipe $1.25 per doz. Squirrels, 20c per doz. Rabbits—Market steady; selling at 80@90c per doz. Jack rabbits—Few coming in at $1.25 per doz. Opossums, slow sale, $5@15c, as to size and condition.

LIVE POULTRY—Chickens—Old roosters, 5½c; spring, light, 6½@7c; heavy, 6c; broilers, 9@10c; Turkeys—Receipts fair; demand fair; choice, good dressing stock 8 lbs over, 8@8½c. Geese—Demand moderate; good supply, 4½@5c. Ducks, 6@7c. Pigeons 60c per doz. Dressed poultry—Receipts fair and better demand; chickens, young, 7½@8½c. Ducks, 7@8c; geese, 6@6½c. Turkeys, 9½@10½c.

VEALS—Calves—Scarce and in good demand; 6@6½c for small and fat; average receipts, 5@5½c.

LAMBS 4½@5c for extra fancy small and fat; sheep, 2½@3½c per lb.

ROASTING PIGS—$1@1.25.

WOOL.

Receipts, 44,740 pounds; shipments, 4430 pounds. Market steady, but quiet.

Missouri, Illinois, etc.—	
Medium combing	18 @18½
Medium clothing	17 @17½
Braid and low	16½@17
Light fine	15½@16
Slightly burry	14 @15
Hagd burry	12 @12½
Southern hard and burry	10½@11
Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota—	
Bright medium	16½@17
Medium	15 @16
Fine medium	13 @14
Light fine	12 @13
Heavy fine	10 @11
Texas, Arkansas, Indian Territory, etc.—	
Medium	16
Fine medium	14 @15
Coarse and low	13 @14
Kansas, Nebraska and Western—	
Bright medium	17
Medium	15 @16
Fine medium	13 @14
Heavy fine	9 @10
Coarse and carpet	12 @14
Unwashed—	
Choice	26
Fair	20 @22
Burry	17 @19

WHISKY

Market steady on basis of $1.27 for highwines.

HIDES, ETC.

HIDES—Quiet.

Green salted, Western	9
Green salted, Arkansas and Southern	8¾
Texas and Kansas	9
Dry flint, heavy Texas	15¼
Dry flint, native	15
Glue stock	4½
On selection—	
Green salted, No. 1	9¼
Green salted No. 2	8¼
Bulls, No. 1	8¼
Bulls, No. 2	7½
Dry flint, No. 1	15¼
Dry flint, No. 2	14½

DEATHERS—Quiet. Prime white live geese, small, 45@50c; large size, 35@40c; gray and quilly, 30c; white, old, 32@35c; X, 25@30c; XX, 18@20c; XXX, 12@14c; XXXX, 7c; tare, 3@10 per cent. Chicken—Dry picked, 4@6c; duck—Dark, at 22c; white, 30@32c. Turkey—Tall, 27c; wing, 13c; wing and tail pointers, 12c.

SHEEPSKINS—Market quiet; green salted, full wooled, 60@80c; small, 30@50c each; dry, 10c less; shearlings, 15@25c; fallen pelts, 6@8c per lb, according to quality and condition.

DEERSKINS, ETC.—Deerskins quotable at 21c per lb for prime; damaged, half price. Antelope, 12c; cowskins, 4@5c each.

BEESWAX—Prime steady at 25@25½c.

TALLOW—Market firm; No. 1 in oil bbls, 4c; No. 2, 3½@3¾c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

RAGS, OLD ROPE AND RUBBER—Rags, 50@60c per 100 lbs. Old rope—No. 1, $1; No. 2, 50c. Old rubber, $3.50.

BONES—Choice bleached, $16 per ton; partly bleached, $10@11; skinny, $9@10; slaughter-house stock, $6@10.

BROOMCORN—Quiet. Quote as follows: Good stock at $40 per ton for common to $55 for choice hurl; $70@75 for fancy.

COOPERAGE—Slack work—Flour bbls, round hoops 2½c; flat hoops, 2½c; half-bbls, 20c; meal bbls, 22c; produce bbls, 25c; lard tcs, 97½@$1; half-tcs, 80c; pork bbls, 77½@80c per bbl; this side and 75@85c East Side.

WOOL—Comb, choice white, 15@14c per lb; fair, 9@11c per lb; coarse, 6@8c; strained or extracted, 6@7c in cans per lb.

DRIED PEAS—New jobbing at 35c@$1 per bu; Scotch, $1@1.40.

WHITE BEANS—Market steady; $1.10@1.20 bu for car lots for hand-picked pea beans on trk; $1.05@1.10 for screened; kidns, 1@1½c.

EMPTY BARRELS—Coal oil, gasoline and turpentine, 75c; vinegar, 65c; black oil, 40c; lard oil, 60c; linseed oil, 50c; 5 gals, 40c; sugar, 35c; whisky, 65c; do ½ bbls, 30c; wine, 75c; sauerkraut, 25c; pickle, 40c; molasses, 25c; lard tcs, 75c; red and yellow, 30@32c; Spanish, $1@1.10 per case.

BAGGING AND TIES—Bagging in a jobbing way, 2¼@2½c per yard; 2 lb. 5½c; 1¾ lb, 6¼c.

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Steady and unchanged. Sales, 100 bales. Quotations:

Ordinary	4¾ c
Good ordinary	5¼ c
Low middling	5 7-16c
Middling	5 13-16c
Good middling	6¼ c
Middling fair	6⅞ c

Tinges and stains, ¼@⅜c below white.

WAREHOUSE STATEMENT TO-DAY.

	1898-99.	1897-98.
Net receipts to-day	448	400
Net receipts since Sept. 1	130,833	119,616
Net shipments to-day	445	918
Net shipments since Sept. 1	78,322	55,990
Gross receipts to-day	1,056	3,250
Gross receipts since Sept. 1	742,164	688,279
Gross shipments to-day	6,151	3,708
Gross shipments since Sept. 1	699,853	624,393
Stock on hand	77,588	71,633

NEW YORK—Spots quiet, 1-16c lower; middling, 6⅝c; futures opened steady and closed steady.

	Closing Tuesday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing Wed'day.
February	6.13	6.06	6.08	6.08
March	6.14	6.14	6.07	6.09
April	6.16	6.18	6.09	6.11
May	6.19	6.18	6.10	6.13
June	6.19	6.19	6.12	6.14
July	6.20	6.20	6.12	6.15
August	6.24	6.21	6.15	6.18
September	6.05	6.04	5.96	5.98
October	6.05	6.05	5.96	5.98

LIVERPOOL—Spot demand fair and prices unchanged. Sales, 10,000 bales; futures opened quiet; closed quiet.

February	3 14-64d s
February and March	3 14-64d s
March and April	3 15-64d s
April and May	3 15-64d b
May and June	3 16-64d
June and July	3 17-64d b
July and August	3 18-64d b
August and September	3 18-64d b
September and October	3 18-64d s
October and November	3 18-64d s
November and December	3 18-64d s

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Predictions of another cold wave to-day, together with steadiness at Liverpool, strengthened wheat at the start. May opened ⅝@¾c higher at 74⅝@75c, and as several traders had oversold themselves on the slump yesterday the price was bid up to 75¾c. Outside selling orders commenced coming on the market and while the orders are being executed May dropped down to 74⅝c. Receipts here were only 88 cars, of which seven graded contract. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 403 cars, as compared with 264 for the corresponding day last year. Liverpool was off only ¼@¾d, compared with a 2¼c break here yesterday, while Paris quotations came unchanged. The market developed a strong undertone on account of the activity in the security market, while the expression grew among traders that Wall street interests would soon be back buying wheat again. This feeling caused renewed buying on the part of local speculators and May rose to 75c. Moderate sales and light offerings in consequence of a strong undertone in corn. Receipts were only 434 cars, not half as large as the estimate, while elevator men and receivers reported no decrease in the country last night. May opened 1@1¼c higher at 37⅝@37⅞c and advanced to 37¾c. Some profit taking at the top figure resulted in May dropping back to 37⅜c. Small arrivals, a good cash demand and scattered buying strengthened oats. Receipts were 103 cars, against 340 estimated. May began ⅛@¼c up at 28c and advanced to 28¼c. Provisions were

SIX LITTLE WAIFS.

MRS. ANNA CULP COMPELLED TO PART FROM HER CHILDREN.

SENT TO EAST LYNNE, MO.

Superintendent of the Mennonite Orphan Asylum Had the Small Travelers in His Charge.

Sick and without means to provide for her little ones, Mrs. Amos Culp parted from them forever.

The children, six in number, and ranging in age from 2 to 11 years, reached Union Station Wednesday morning from Orville, O., where they have been confined the past two months in the Mennonite Orphan Asylum. They were in charge of S. K. Plank, superintendent of the institution. He is taking them to East Lynne, Mo., where they will be distributed among several families.

Mrs. Culp is 40 years old and lives within a few miles of Orville, O. According to Mr. Plant, her pathetic separation from her entire family was unavoidable.

"She had to do it," he says, "because there were no willing hands to relieve her misery. Mrs. Culp's husband was a carpenter and a worthy man. A year ago he contracted a cold which developed into consumption. It was impossible to arrest the progress of the disease, and as a last resort he was removed to Colorado. When sent there he was in a dying condition and his death is only a question of a few hours.

Mrs. Culp's older daughter, Jennie, aged 16 years, died six months ago."

Wilson, the oldest of the children, was asked how he liked the idea of going to a new home.

"Well, I'll tell you," he said, twirling his cap in his hands, "it don't much matter, I guess, where we go, 'cause ma can't care for us no longer. Besides, we were two months in Mr. Plank's home and liked it right well.

"We didn't like to leave mamma at first and I hope we'll get a chance to see her again.

"No, I don't know just where we are bound to, but it's some farm out this way.

"Lucy and Sarah often cry for mamma, but Mr. Plank says they must be good girls and they will have all the fun they want."

Mr. Plank is about 50 years old and has been superintendent of the Mennonite Orphan Home at Orville eight years. During that period he has provided comfortable homes for no less than 600 children.

APPROVE THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Knights of Pythias Propose to Erect a Splendid Structure at the Great Exhibition.

The first movement to erect a World's Fair building for the projected Louisiana Purchase celebration in 1903 was set on foot Tuesday night at a joint meeting of all the lodges of the Knights of Pythias at Pythian Hall, Seventh and Market streets.

The Pythian Knights desire to be represented by a splendid structure and to this end the St. Louis lodges will endeavor to secure co-operation of the lodges all over the country, especially those in the limits of the purchase.

It was decided to effect a permanent organization for the purpose. Ben J. Dalsell of Columbia Lodge was appointed general chairman and C. O. Earnes of Paragon Lodge general secretary. The following committee was appointed to confer with the World's Fair Executive Committee: Ben J. Dalzell, president; Jacob Borger, first vice-president; R. P. Williams, second vice-president; C. O. Earnes, secretary; John H. Holmes, treasurer, and Walker Smith, C. J. Kostuba, Matt Leer, T. T. Parsons, H. Appleman and R. Boyle. The following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, a centennial celebration of the Louisiana Purchase will be held in the City of St. Louis, in the year 1903, by the States and Territories included in said purchase, and,

Whereas, We, the members of the lodges of Knights of Pythias in the City of St. Louis, having been specially appointed by said lodges desire to add our indorsement to said celebration; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we indorse the proposed movement of holding a World's Fair as proposed by the representatives of the various States and Territories recently held in our city and we, as representatives of this great fraternity, pledge our hearty support and co-operation to the success of the said enterprise; be it further

Resolved, That we are in favor of our order erecting a building or establishing a headquarters on said grounds for all knights visiting the Fair, and earnestly ask the support of all knights included in said territory of said Purchase in this undertaking.

The Executive Committee will meet February 23 to complete arrangements.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup always successfully overcomes dreadful croup. 25c.

SOME WARMTH FOR THE POOR.

Mrs. Owens Gives Coal to Old Women and Widows.

There are mothers and daughters freezing in many homes, with no means of securing fuel.

Mrs. Sue Owens, for 11 years the missionary of Central Mission, formerly at Eleventh and Locust streets, but now at 518 North Eleventh street, a woman who every day comes in touch with poverty, sickness and death, has undertaken to supply the need that she well knows is distressing.

From her own knowledge of worthy cases she has prepared a list of homes where a few bushels of coal a week will save misery and even lives.

For these distressed members of the human family she is now making an appeal. To whoever may desire to contribute a few bushels or a load of coal, Mrs. Owens will furnish names, so that the drivers can leave the fuel at the homes of beneficiaries. An hour in a cold room sometimes means sickness and worse, hence Mrs. Owens is anxious that while the cold spell is on an expeditious delivery of the coal and wood may be secured.

Only old women or widows burdened with children will be aided.

Last summer Mrs. Owens managed a free ice fund for this same class.

Bargain buyers buy the Post-Dispatch.

Union Church Auxiliary.

The Union Church Auxiliary of W. F. M. S. will meet at the home of Mrs. John Schureman, 3032 Bell avenue, Thursday afternoon, Feb. 2, at 2 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

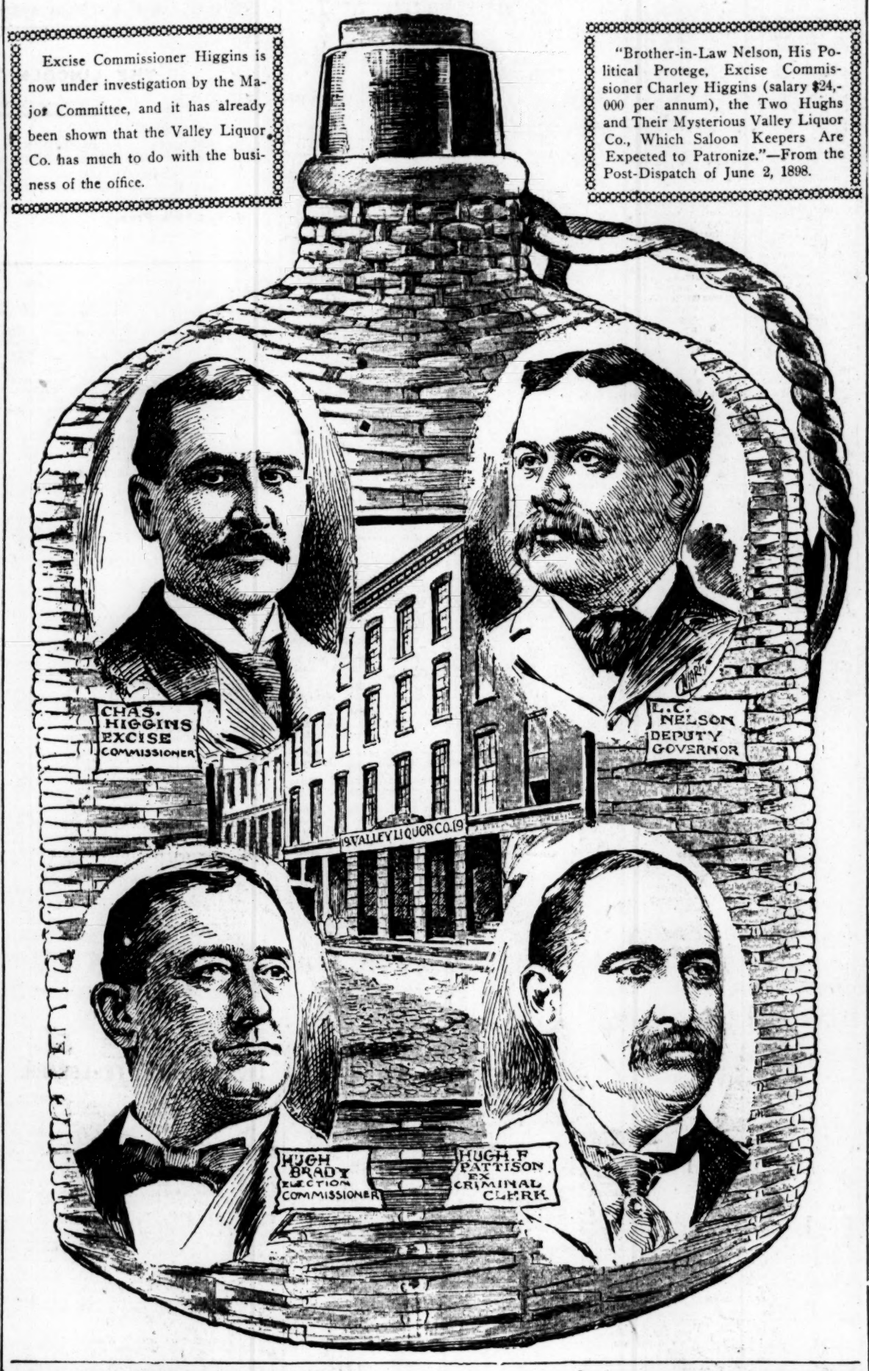
Awarded Highest Honors, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

INVESTIGATION NO. 2 BY THE MAJOR COMMITTEE.

Another Department Exposed by the Post-Dispatch Is Receiving Official Attention.

Excise Commissioner Higgins is now under investigation by the Major Committee, and it has already been shown that the Valley Liquor Co. has much to do with the business of the office.

"Brother-in-Law Nelson, His Political Protege, Excise Commissioner Charley Higgins (salary $24,000 per annum), the Two Hughs and Their Mysterious Valley Liquor Co., Which Saloon Keepers Are Expected to Patronize."—From the Post-Dispatch of June 2, 1898.



GEMS FROM BISHOP POTTER.

Plea for a Closer Bond of Sympathy Between Rich and Poor in the Great Cities.

At the banquet given Tuesday night by the Contemporary Club, at the Planter's Hotel, where Judge Thayer presided, Bishop Potter of New York City was the guest of honor. The great and good bishop spoke eloquently on "Some Civic Ideas." Here are a few gems from his address:

A few years ago I was in a New England village, and watching a young man about 28 years old, working at a nail machine. His whole work for the eight hours of his day's work consisted of two motions, putting an iron through a hole and taking it out again. There he sat, doing that, and nothing else—a thing regulated by the simple monotony of a machine, endless in its motion—but he had to make those two motions as the machine came up and down. Do you wonder that he grew impatient? And can you see how such a life can help but breed the thing which will in time tear out the very vitalizing, that social organism if nothing is done for it? I tell you that some day these persons, patient now, will rise in their might, and like the fable of old, like Sampson, will tear down the two columns of our social life.

* * *

I attended some time ago a meeting of the architect of the city and saw the plans drawn up by them of what New York would be were it built on proper plans. It was a revelation to me. Parks and sanitary houses were there laid out, but they were not in the real city. The architects had drawn the plans, but who could put them into shape. No one did it. But I do believe if they had been taken into a hall and shown to the people of the congested districts it would have done an incalculable amount of good. The poor people are willing to do their part toward any improvement if they see the good that will result from it. We must have their co-operation if we would have a successful ending to the trouble. Any improvement built by the tax on the rich is rarely ever appreciated by the working people. They must have an eye of partnership in it.

* * *

"I had the privilege of observing when I lived in the tenement district six weeks one summer a few years ago. While I was in the district I slept in a court where more than 40 families were housed. It is the most densely populated acre on the face of the earth, any place in Tokio not excepted. During my stay there I did not hear one curse nor one angry word. It was a humane life they led, but I am sorry to say that they were not Americans. They were Hungarians, Poles and Hebrews. And although they knew that I came from a rich class of people, not one person asked me for money during my stay among them. But they did tell me their sorrows, their shames and their longings. I think that the best compliment I ever had was when it happened in that part of town the next year, and one boy said to his companion, 'Say, who is that man?' 'Don't you know? That is the Bishop, and he is no chump.'

"And in conclusion let me tell an incident to show you what will reach the 'masses,' as we choose to call them. A lady was walking along the street in the tenement district the other day when she saw a sight all too common—A young girl carrying her brother on her shoulder. The lady stepped up to her. 'Don't you think that big baby is too heavy for you?' she said. The girl turned around and said quickly, 'Why, he's my brother.' And that is what we shall all have to say if we want to realize our civic ideals."

Select oysters all styles, 25c doz. Milford's ladies' and gents' restaurant, 207 N. 6th st.

A GODDESS AND OTHER GIRLS.

Elaborate Spectacle at Dr. Boyd's Church Held by a Beauty.

Grecian maidens, boy soldiers, bridal choruses and attendants and drilling squads numbering 150 persons gave a spectacular and patriotic entertainment in the chapel of the Second Baptist Church Tuesday night.

These marching and singing battalions armed with spears, or shields, or displaying bows or flags, made a moving panorama of color that proved a pleasing picture under the illuminated ceiling of the chapel.

Miss Bertha Minderman, whose classical features made her an ideal goddess, gracefully led the evolutions. This young woman and the girls of the church planned the entertainment ten days ago, invited Madison J. Lee of Terre Haute to come and conduct the affair and the rendition followed Tuesday night.

The mock wedding, the dialogue between a sculptor and an animated statue, the convict's soliloquy and the singing of Arthur Rhodes were the features.

Bargain buyers buy the Post-Dispatch.

Railway Conductors' Meeting.

The Grievance Committee of the Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain conductors is in session this week at the Laclede Hotel. The meeting is held as a matter of form for at this meeting not one grievance has been reported. All the neighboring States are well represented.

Bad Complexions

PIMPLES BLOTCHES BLACKHEADS

Red, rough, oily skin, red, rough hands with shapeless nails, dry, thin, and falling hair, and baby blemishes prevented by CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world. Absolutely pure, delicately medicated, exquisitely perfumed, surprisingly effective, it produces the whitest, clearest skin, the softest hands, and most luxurious, lustrous hair.

CAUGHT WITH A STOLEN RING.

Kansas City News Agent Needed Money to Buy a Uniform.

Henry Forte, 16 years old, is a prisoner at the Four Courts, charged with the theft of a ring valued at $700.

The boy is news agent on the Chicago & Alton Railroad and runs between St. Louis and Kansas City. The stolen piece of jewelry is a ring, belonging to Mrs. C. M. Baldwin of 219 Garfield avenue, Kansas City. The boy is Mrs. Baldwin's cousin. The ring has a large pigeon-blood ruby in the center, and is surrounded by a cluster of diamonds.

Young Forte was arrested by Detective Al Guion at 1217 Washington avenue. The boy admitted his guilt, and said he had pawned it for $25. He gave the detectives the pawn ticket.

The boy is repentant.

"I didn't mean to steal it," he said. "I was at my cousin's home two weeks ago and saw the ring. I needed some money to pay what I owed the news company and to buy a new uniform. I expected to make enough money to recover the ring and replace it before the loss was discovered. I could have obtained $75 on the ring as easily as I did the $25."

Imperial Theater.

The play that made Kate Claxton famous, "The Two Orphans," bids fair to have as big a week as it did a year ago at the Imperial. New scenery was painted for the production, and all the little details that add so much to a performance looked to as carefully as though the piece had never before been seen. Manager Gumpertz's forces find themselves in congenial roles and the play goes smoothly and well.

The "Land of the Sky."

Call at Illinois Central City Ticket Office for information about Asheville, N. C., and the way to get there.

Standard Theater.

The Majestic Burlesquers are having two frolics daily at the Home of Folly this week. A burlesque on the latest New York sensation, "The Turtle," is the leading attraction.

Hundreds in this city immunized against drink habit. Will give confidential'y many of their names. Dr. Oz as Paquin, Chemical bldg

Havlin's Theater.

"In Old Kentucky," with its pickaninny band and race horses, is a popular attraction this week. Friday night during the performance the buck and wing dancers of the company will have a contest with local talent. Next Monday night Manager Garen will have his benefit. The tickets for that night are nearly all sold.

"SEES HIS FINISH."

BATTY EXPECTS TO BE KILLED BY HIS BLIND BEAR.

OMAHA AFFAIR ANTICIPATED.

Bear Trainer Said While in St. Louis That His Big Pet Would Eventually Catch Him With a "Half Hook."

Frenzied with the pain of an ulcerated tooth Paulo, the big blind bear, who is a feature of Paul Batty's troupe of trained bears which appeared at the Columbia Theater a few weeks ago, broke his bonds at an Omaha theater and attacked his master, seriously injuring him. Several employes about the theater were also hurt, and the dispatches state that Mr. Batty's condition is critical.

While in St. Louis Batty expressed a fear that the big, blind bear would some day "do for him."

In speaking of his bears and their individual characteristics, Batty said: "Paulo, here, is the largest, oldest and wisest of my bears. He is 16 years old, and has been performing with me since he was a yearling cub. Twelve years of the 15 he has been blind, but no one would know it from seeing him work. His blindness is caused by cataracts on the eyes, to which bears in captivity are very suceptible.

"The poor old fellow is the best brute I ever knew, and he loves me. I love him, too, but I also fear him."

Passing an apple into the blind bear's cage, and patting the big beast on the head, Mr. Batty said: "Paulo, old boy, I fear some day you will do for your good friend Batty at last."

"No," he continued, "it is not that Paulo is savage, but the poor old fellow is much troubled with his teeth, which ache almost constantly, and sometimes ulcerate. When a sudden twinge of pain seizes him he becomes enraged and strikes out with his enormous paws—a swinging blow that with the pugilists would be called a 'half-hook.' You have seen him do it on the stage.

"It happens often. I am always on the lookout for that blow, but it comes without warning and is so swift that it cannot be dodged. Though I try always to stay out of reach of his paws, I have had many narrow escapes. Some day that blow is liable to land on me; then I shall go down with broken ribs or with the side of my face smashed in and lacerated, so terrible is the force from a swipe from those mighty paws. Then, as I lie helpless within his reach, the old fellow, maddened by pain, may strike again, or bite, or crush me in his embrace. If that happens, Batty will train no more animals. But then, you know,"—this with a shrug—"those are the chances that animal trainers take. Many go so. It is part of the business.

"Why don't I get rid of Paulo? Never. Paulo and I went into the business together, and so long as he lives we will work together. If he ever hurts me, it will not be in malice; it will be an accident. Poor old fellow, I love him, and yet some day I fear may come the accident. If it does come, I had rather it were Paulo than one of the others. They are common bears. Paulo is from the Himalayas. He is a gentleman, and my friend."

Mrs. Batty also expressed herself as fearful that her husband would some day be killed by his bears, and has often begged him to get rid of them and turn his attention to training some less dangerous animals. But Batty says: "No! Should I train cats and dogs? Never! If my bears shall some day kill their best friend, so be it; but as yet I am the master."

The people at the Columbia Theater were not at all surprised to hear of Batty's accident in Omaha, and all agreed in expecting sooner or later to hear of Batty being killed by his bear—blind Paulo being picked for the fellow to do the job.

THE "NEW MAN" AT WEBSTER.

A Novel Supper and Entertainment to Be Given by Men Only for the Church.

Next Friday evening the gentlemen members of the Webster Groves Congregational Church will show the women how well they can get along without them, especially when it comes to cooking, as is evident by this announcement extraordinary:

First monthly social—The Women—How well we do without them.

Programme and menu—Cooked, baked, prepared and carried out by gentlemen only of the First Congregational Church.

The date, Friday evening, Feb. 3. Supper served at 6 to 8 o'clock.

Chef, William Culinary Jagerissimo, imported at great expense for the occasion. First assistants, F. S. Parker, A. M. Fellows, B. S. Gier, J. D. Ripley, Ernest Horspool and J. F. Allen.

Some hae meat, and canna eat,
And some wad eat that want it,
But we hae meat, and we can eat,
And sae, the Lord be thankit.

MENU.

Now good digestion wait on appetite and health on both.—Macbeth.

Consomme in Cup.
Broiled Ennui, Maitre d'Hotel.
Potatoes, Julienne or French Fried.
Cutlets, Breaded. Peas.
Tongue. More Tongue.
Assorted Cakes. Nuts.
Fromage de Brie Cheese.
Coffee.

A goodly house—the feast smells well.—Coriolanus.

N. B.—Positive guarantee: No cooking school dishes will be served. A corps of competent physicians in constant attendance.

Following the supper an entertainment will be given in the chapel, consisting of song and chorus, original words and music; "Professor and Pupil," a bright sketch by two young men; a trio for two violins and piano; male quartette, words written especially for this occasion; vocal solo and other interesting features.

No charge will be made for supper or admission to the entertainment which is the second of the series managed by the pastor, Rev. Charles L. Kloss, who believes that a church should pay its way the same as any substantial institution does, by direct contribution from its members instead of through benefit entertainments.

DEATH OF MRS. DAVID SHULTZ.

While Attending Her Sick Sister She Fell and Broke Her Arm.

Mary Louisa Squire Shultz, wife of Mr. David Shultz of Ferguson, Mo., died Wednesday morning at the home of her sister, Mrs. C. M. Grigsby, 2611 Madison street.

Mrs. Shultz came from Ferguson several weeks ago to nurse her sister, who was ill with pneumonia, and fell, breaking her arm. Lockjaw developed and death quickly followed.

She was 66 years old. Mrs. Shultz was a woman of admirable character and social qualities and had a host of friends in Ferguson, St. Charles and this city.

The funeral will take place Friday afternoon from the Grigsby residence.

The Dixie Flyer.

The new train for Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Jacksonville and the Southeast, on account of its superior equipment and excellent service is becoming very popular. Call at City Ticket Office, 218 N. Broadway.

Rosenthal Comes in April.

"I wish," said Prof. Charles Kunkel, "that the Post-Dispatch would announce that its able morning contemporaries were in error when they announced that Rosenthal would be in St. Louis Feb. 5 and 7. Rosenthal will be here on April 5 and 7 as the Post-Dispatch has stated."

"It's a bargain if advertised in the P.-D."

Grand Opera House.

"The Girl I Left Behind Me" is drawing large audiences this week. This is a military drama offering great opportunities for realistic effects. Matinees Thursdays and Saturdays, 25 cents to all parts of the house.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

"Just see, father, how this stocking is ruined, and I've only worn it once. I thought it was because Jane had rubbed it too hard, but mother says it's all the fault of the soap that Jane used. And she wants you to be sure and order a box of Ivory Soap to-day."

A WORD OF WARNING.—There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

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ANOTHER NEW THEATER

COL. HOPKINS AND SAM GUMPERTZ HAVE A FRESH PROJECT.

BROTHERS-IN-LAW RECONCILED

Their Handsome Wives Will Return to the Stage—St. Louis to Have Another Fine Show Place.

There is talk of another change in the theater business in St. Louis. Exactly what it will be is known only to the parties at interest, and they refuse to discuss the subject.

Col. John D. Hopkins and Samuel Gumpertz are in the deal as business associate. Mr. Gumpertz said Wednesday:

"Hopkins and I are negotiating for a theater. We have not got it yet and I am at liberty to state which house it is. If we get it we will run it on an original plan. I can't tell what that plan is, but we believe it is a good one."

"Is it one of the houses now in existence?" he was asked.

"I can't tell you even that. To say a word about it might hurt our plans. 'Hop' will be here next week and he may give it out."

The announcement that Gumpertz and Hopkins are again to be associated together will surprise people who take note of the affiliations of theater folks. They are brothers-in-law. Mrs. Hopkins is Mr. Gumpertz's sister, and Mrs. Gumpertz was Col. Hopkins' ward, Evie Stetson. Until about four years ago Hopkins and Gumpertz were friends and partners in the show business. They quarreled about a matter with which the public has no concern and until recently neither could hear the name of the other mentioned without experiencing a desire to swear. The desire was usually indulged, and the Hopkins-Gumpertz feud came to be known in stageland as an institution.

Mrs. Hopkins and Mrs. Gumpertz, who did a vaudeville act together, under the names of Melville and Stetson, separated when their husbands did. They made up first and it was through them that the men came to a friendly understanding. The wives will return to the stage, beginning in Chicago March 26.

Mrs. Gumpertz thinks she is too stout for a stage beauty and will leave for Hot Springs Thursday where she will go into training for the purpose of reducing her flesh. "Parson" Davies will superintend her training.

"I have no reason to believe that Jannopoulo and I will separate because of my prospective business relations with Hopkins," said Mr. Gumpertz. "We will keep the Imperial and run it just as we are now.

"Lawrence Hanley will come back to us next week. He will play Othello Sunday. We tried to get Georgia Cayvan for leading woman, but she refused to leave New York."

The talk about the house that Hopkins and Gumpertz expect to get, recalls the fact that there is a rumor that a theater is to be built on Grand avenue. Efforts have been made to verify this report, but the persons who should know if it is true claim to have no knowledge of it.

TAMPA MILITARY CONGRESS.

Mexico Would Send Delegates to the Meeting on Feb. 8.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 1.—Mexico has accepted the invitation to participate in the military congress at Tampa, Fla., Feb. 8, and the Republic's two delegates have left for the north. The Mexican representatives are Brigadier-General Jose Maria de la Vega, chief of the Marine Bureau and president of the Committee on Military Regulations and Col. Felix B. Estrada, professor in the Chapultepec Military Academy. Rederigo Asperoz, son of the new Mexican Ambassador to the United States and now Secretary of Legation at Tokio, has been appointed Secretary of the Embassy at Washington. He will start for America immediately.

Through Cafe Dining Car Service.

The Illinois Central now has through Cafe Dining Car service from St. Louis to New Orleans. New and elegant cars—a la carte service. Reasonable charges. City Ticket Office, 218 N. Broadway.

THEY WILL WORK TOGETHER.

Cotton Belt and Eastern Illinois Reach an Agreement.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—A working agreement, amounting practically to a consolidation, has been entered into by the St. Louis and Southwestern and the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad companies.

The Chicago and Eastern Illinois is to be extended to Cape Girardeau, Mo., where connection will be made with the St. Louis and Southwestern. Articles of incorporation of a company to be known as the Eastern Illinois and Missouri Railway Company, have been filed with the Secretary of State of Illinois, the incorporators being minor officials of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Company. This new railroad will form the connecting link between the two properties. Construction work will begin as soon as the weather will permit.

MANY PATENTS GRANTED.

Inventors in Three States Receive Their Letters.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Patents have been granted to inventors as follows:

Illinois—Richard O. Burrous and W. M. Brewer, Pierson, draft equalizer; Frederick C. Crowe, Chicago Heights, cotton seed cleaner; John Deiter, Lockport, clod crusher; William D. Etnyre, Oregon, sprinkler; Elisha and E. E. Gray, Highland Park, lamp; George H. Hess, Jr., Lagrange, apparatus for drying and cooling grain; Harry L. Ide and H. Fernstrom, Springfield, piston valve; Charles F. Kinchelowe, Quincy, horse detacher and vehicle guide; Clinton E. King, Quincy, steam boiler cleaner; Jay F. Kinney, Evanston, broom handle; David S. McMullen, Evanston, gate; Martin J. Palmer, Arcadia, uterine curette; Charles Rice, Durham, gate; William Stoffel, McHenry, pneumatic tire protector; Harmann R. Wilken, Sterling, toy bank.

Indiana—Henry R. Bassler, Indianapolis, pneumatic sprayer; George Bell, Muncie, combined curtain, pole hanger and shade roller holder; Nathan L. Coffenberry, Lowell, railway switch; William B. Collazer and P. C. Munger, Evansville, station indicator; John Conover, Raccoon, pocket knife; Charles A. Marrow, Goshen, combined roof cornice and gutter; James B. Mock, Fort Wayne, trolley sleeter; Charles F. Nofzinger, North Manchester, automatic boiler cleaner; James M. Overshiner, Elwood, telephone switch board; Charles S. Scott, Keystone, switch operating mechanism; Frank W. Steele, Terre Haute, knob lock; Franklin D. Wallace, Westland, fire alarm; A. J. Whisler, Kokomo, pneumatic tire; Louis A. Weichel and D. Himmelheber, Evansville, clothes rack; Francis T. Wright, Edinburg, feeder for clover hulling machines.

Iowa—Charles H. Dayton, Iowa City, feed cooker; Ransom A. Grout, Estherville, combined way bill, consignee's receipt and agents' record envelope; P. J. Haas and C. D. Huber, Marengo, spray nozzle; Rutledge Harris, Cedar Falls, center rest for lathes, post turning machine; George Henderson and C. L. Hibbard, Cedar Rapids, bicycle holder; James McBride, Greenfield, heating apparatus; George F. Moyers, Danville, tire-heating device; Geo. a W. Russell, Greene, draft equalizer; Benjamin F. Schrock, Tama, pillow sham holder; Wayland D. Staplin, W. M. and A. M. Staplin, Hutchins, wind engine.

CALMLY MARCHED TO SAFETY.

Discipline Saved 200 Young Lives at Gifford, Ill.

URBANA, Ill., Feb. 1.—Discipline saved 200 lives at the Gifford School-house yesterday. Superintendent Andrews discovered fire in the basement at 9:30 o'clock. He quietly informed the teachers, and they calmly bade the children to prepare for dismissal. The pupils were then marched out in their usual order. Those on the first floor had no difficulty in getting out, but the pupils in the second-story had a narrow escape. The stairs were ablaze when they started down, and they had to make their way through a wall of fire.

The building was destroyed. The loss is $4500.

Two Regiments to Be Released.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Eighth Illinois and 23d Kansas regiments, now in Cuba, are to be brought home immediately and mustered out. The Illinois troops will leave Santiago about Feb. 19.

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